

# Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the GHS guidelines & India Hazardous substances (Classification, Labeling & Packaging) Draft Rules 2011.

# **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M Dry Silicone Lube Spray

#### **Product Identification Numbers**

IA-2601-6502-1 IA-2701-0108-1 IS-2601-0016-6

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

#### Recommended use

Dielectric Sealant-Cum-Lubricant

#### 1.3. Supplier's details

Address: 3M India Limited, plot-48-51, Electronic city, Hosur road, Bangalore-560100

**Telephone:** 080-45543000, contact Product EHS team

E Mail: productehs.in@mmm.com
Website: http://solutions.3mindia.co.in

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

080-45543000 (Contact hours: 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM)

### **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

Under MSIHC Rules, information is noted below on flammability, acute toxicity and explosivity relevant to this product. In line with international standards, information on other hazard classes and associated precautionary statements relevant to this product are included as well.

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable Aerosol: Category 1.

Serious Eve Damage/Irritation: Category 2B.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2. Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1B.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 1. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1.

Acute Aquatic Toxicity: Category 2.

#### 2.2. Label elements

### Signal Word

DANGER!

**Symbols** 

Flame |Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

**Pictograms** 







### **HAZARD STATEMENTS:**

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container. may burst if heated.

H320 Causes eye irritation. H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H370 Causes damage to organs:

cardiovascular system

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure:

nervous system sensory organs

H401 Toxic to aquatic life.

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

**Prevention:** 

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P210A Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280E Wear protective gloves.

Response:

P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Storage:

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50C/122F.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable

local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

None known.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Wt
Petroleum gases, liquefied	68476-85-7	40 - 60
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	10 - 25
Toluene	108-88-3	15 - 25
n-Hexane	110-54-3	10 - 20
Silicone Compound	None	5 - 15

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. Get medical attention.

#### Skin contact

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

#### **Eve contact**

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

#### If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

#### 5.1. Suitable Extinguishing media

Use a fire fighting agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

#### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health

hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If possible, seal leaking container. Place leaking containers in a well-ventilated area, preferably an operating exhaust hood, or if necessary outdoors on an impermeable surface until appropriate packaging for the leaking container or its contents is available. Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire extinguishing foam that is resistant to polar solvents. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial/occupational use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Keep away from reactive metals (eg. Aluminum, zinc etc.) to avoid the formation of hydrogen gas that could create an explosion hazard. Use personal protective equipment (eg. gloves, respirators...) as required.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed to prevent contamination with water or air. If contamination is suspected, do not reseal container. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50C/122F. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from acids. Store away from strong bases. Store away from oxidising agents.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Toluene	108-88-3	ACGIH	TWA:20 ppm	A4: Not class. as human
				carcin
n-Hexane	110-54-3	ACGIH	TWA:50 ppm	Danger of cutaneous
				absorption
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	ACGIH	TWA:400 ppm	
Petroleum gases, liquefied	68476-85-7	ACGIH	Limit value not established:	asphyxiant

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

# 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Do not remain in area where available oxygen may be reduced. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

#### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Indirect vented goggles.

#### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polyethylene

Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA).

Polymer laminate

#### Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.	
Specific Physical Form:	Aerosol	
Color	Colorless	
Odor	Strong Ethyl Acetate	
Odour threshold	No data available.	
pH	Not applicable.	
Melting point/Freezing point: NA	Not applicable.	
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	No data available.	
Flash point	<= 10 °C [Details: Based on flash point of LPG]	
Evaporation rate	No data available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.	
Flammable Limits(LEL)	No data available.	
Flammable Limits(UEL)	No data available.	
Vapor Density and/or Relative Vapor Density	No data available.	
Density	No data available.	
Relative density	0.8 - 0.84 [ <i>Ref Std</i> :WATER=1]	
Water solubility	Nil	

Solubility- non-water	No data available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available.
Autoignition temperature	No data available.
Decomposition temperature	No data available.
Viscosity/Kinematic Viscosity	No data available.
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	
Percent volatile	
VOC less H2O & exempt solvents	

#### **Nanoparticles**

This material does not contain nanoparticles.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Temperatures above the boiling point.

Heat

Avoid shock or friction.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Aluminium

Strong acids.

Strong bases.

Strong oxidising agents.

Water

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

SubstanceConditionHydrocarbons.Not specified.Carbon monoxide.Not specified.Carbon dioxide.Not specified.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

#### 11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

#### Inhalation

Simple asphyxiation: Signs/symptoms may include increased heart rate, rapid respirations, drowsiness, headache, incoordination, altered judgement, nausea, vomiting, lethargy, seizures, coma, and may be fatal. Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### Skin contact

Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking, blistering, and pain.

#### Eve contact

Moderate eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### Additional Health Effects:

#### Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central nervous system (CNS) depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Single exposure, above recommended guidelines, may cause:

Cardiac sensitisation: Signs/symptoms may include irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia), faintness, chest pain, and may be fatal.

#### Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Ocular effects: Signs/symptoms may include blurred or significantly impaired vision. Auditory effects: Signs/symptoms may include hearing impairment, balance dysfunction and ringing in the ears. Peripheral neuropathy: Signs/symptoms may include tingling or numbness of the extremities, incoordination, weakness of the hands and feet, tremors and muscle atrophy. Olfactory effects: Signs/symptoms may include decreased ability to detect odours and complete loss of smell. Neurological effects: Signs/symptoms may include personality changes, lack of coordination, sensory loss, tingling or numbness of the extremities, weakness, tremors, and changes in blood pressure and heart rate.

#### Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### **Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

#### Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Inhalation-		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l
	Vapor(4 hr)		_
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Petroleum gases, liquefied	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 227,000 ppm
	Gas (4		
	hours)		
Ethyl acetate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 18,000 mg/kg
Ethyl acetate	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 70.5 mg/l
	Vapor (4		
	hours)		
Ethyl acetate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,620 mg/kg
Toluene	Dermal	Rat	LD50 12,000 mg/kg
Toluene	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 30 mg/l
	Vapor (4		
	hours)		

# 3M Dry Silicone Lube Spray

Toluene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,550 mg/kg
n-Hexane	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
n-Hexane	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 170 mg/l
	Vapor (4		
	hours)		
n-Hexane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 28,700 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

# Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Petroleum gases, liquefied	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgemen	
	t	
Ethyl acetate	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Toluene	Rabbit	Irritant
n-Hexane	Human	Mild irritant
	and	
	animal	

**Serious Eve Damage/Irritation** 

Name	Species	Value
Petroleum gases, liquefied	Professio nal judgemen t	No significant irritation
Ethyl acetate	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Toluene	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
n-Hexane	Rabbit	Mild irritant

#### **Sensitization:**

### Skin Sensitisation

Skin Schsitisation	Skii Schsitisation			
Name	Species	Value		
Ethyl acetate	Guinea pig	Not classified		
Toluene	Guinea pig	Not classified		
n-Hexane	Human	Not classified		

# **Respiratory Sensitisation**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Germ Cen Wutagementy		
Name	Route	Value
Petroleum gases, liquefied	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Ethyl acetate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Ethyl acetate	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Toluene	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Toluene	In vivo	Not mutagenic
n-Hexane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
n-Hexane	In vivo	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Curemogenery			
Name	Route	Species	Value
Toluene	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Toluene	Ingestion	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not

			sufficient for classification
Toluene	Inhalation	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
			sufficient for classification
n-Hexane	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
n-Hexane	Inhalation	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
			sufficient for classification

# Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Toluene	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Toluene	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2.3 mg/l	1 generation
Toluene	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	LOAEL 520 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Toluene	Inhalation	Toxic to development	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
n-Hexane	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Mouse	NOAEL 2,200 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
n-Hexane	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 0.7 mg/l	during gestation
n-Hexane	Ingestion	Toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,140 mg/kg/day	90 days
n-Hexane	Inhalation	Toxic to male reproduction	Rat	LOAEL 3.52 mg/l	28 days

# Target Organ(s)

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure** 

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Petroleum gases, liquefied	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Causes damage to organs	similar compoun ds	NOAEL Not available	
Petroleum gases, liquefied	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness		NOAEL Not available	
Petroleum gases, liquefied	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Not classified		NOAEL Not available	
Ethyl acetate	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Ethyl acetate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Ethyl acetate	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Toluene	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Toluene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Toluene	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 0.004 mg/l	3 hours
Toluene	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
n-Hexane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	not available
n-Hexane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rabbit	NOAEL Not available	8 hours
n-Hexane	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 24.6	8 hours

//				
		n	ng/l	

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure** 

Specific Target Organ	Toxicity -	repeateu exposure				
Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Petroleum gases, liquefied	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	
Ethyl acetate	Inhalation	endocrine system   liver   nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.043 mg/l	90 days
Ethyl acetate	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rabbit	LOAEL 16 mg/l	40 days
Ethyl acetate	Ingestion	hematopoietic system   liver   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3,600 mg/kg/day	90 days
Toluene	Inhalation	auditory system   eyes   olfactory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Toluene	Inhalation	nervous system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Toluene	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 2.3 mg/l	15 months
Toluene	Inhalation	heart   liver   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 11.3 mg/l	15 weeks
Toluene	Inhalation	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	4 weeks
Toluene	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL Not available	20 days
Toluene	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	8 weeks
Toluene	Inhalation	hematopoietic system   vascular system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Toluene	Inhalation	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 11.3 mg/l	15 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	liver   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	14 days
Toluene	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 105 mg/kg/day	28 days
Toluene	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 105 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
n-Hexane	Inhalation	peripheral nervous system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
n-Hexane	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	LOAEL 1.76 mg/l	13 weeks
n-Hexane	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	6 months
n-Hexane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 1.76 mg/l	6 months
n-Hexane	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 35.2 mg/l	13 weeks
n-Hexane	Inhalation	auditory system   immune system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
						_

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		eyes				
n-Hexane	Inhalation	heart   skin	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1.76	6 months
		endocrine system			mg/l	
n-Hexane	Ingestion	peripheral nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1,140 mg/kg/day	90 days
n-Hexane	Ingestion	endocrine system   hematopoietic system   liver   immune system   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	13 weeks

**Aspiration Hazard** 

Name	Value
Toluene	Aspiration hazard
n-Hexane	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

#### Acute aquatic hazard:

GHS Acute 2: Toxic to aquatic life.

#### **Chronic aquatic hazard:**

Not chronically toxic to aquatic life by GHS criteria.

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Nbr	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Petroleum	68476-85-7		Data not			
gases, liquefied			available or			
			insufficient for			
			classification			
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	Crustacea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	165 mg/l
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	Fish	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	212.5 mg/l
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	>100 mg/l
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	2.4 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Coho Salmon	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	5.5 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Fish other	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	6.41 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	12.5 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	3.78 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Coho salmon	Experimental	40 days	NOEC	3.2 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Water flea	Experimental	7 days	NOEC	0.74 mg/l
n-Hexane	110-54-3	Fathead	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	2.5 mg/l
		minnow				
n-Hexane	110-54-3	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	3.9 mg/l

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Nbr	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Petroleum	68476-85-7	Estimated		Photolytic half-	21.4 days (t	Other methods
gases, liquefied		Photolysis		life (in air)	1/2)	
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	Experimental		Photolytic half-	20.0 days (t	Other methods
		Photolysis		life (in air)	1/2)	
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	Experimental	14 days	BOD	94 %	OECD 301C - MITI
		Biodegradation			BOD/ThBOD	test (I)
Toluene	108-88-3	Experimental		Photolytic half-	5.2 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
		Photolysis		life (in air)		
Toluene	108-88-3	Experimental	20 days	BOD	80 % weight	
		Biodegradation				
n-Hexane	110-54-3	Experimental		Photolytic half-	5.4 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
		Photolysis		life (in air)		
n-Hexane	110-54-3	Experimental	28 days	BOD	100 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI
		Bioconcentrati	-			test (I)
		on				

### 12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Nbr	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Petroleum	68476-85-7	Estimated		Log Kow	2.8	Other methods
gases, liquefied		Bioconcentrati				
		on				
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	Experimental		Log Kow	0.68	Other methods
		Bioconcentrati				
		on				
Toluene	108-88-3	Experimental		Log Kow	2.73	Other methods
		Bioconcentrati				
		on				
n-Hexane	110-54-3	Estimated		Bioaccumulatio	50	Estimated:
		Bioconcentrati		n factor		Bioconcentration factor
		on				

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

#### 12.5 Other Adverse effects

No information available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Facility must be capable of handling aerosol cans. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

# **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

#### Air Transport (IATA)Regulations

UN No UN1950

**Proper Shipping Name** AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE (Contains Propellant)

Hazard Classs/Division 2.1 Subsidiary Risk Not applicable Packing Group: Not applicable

Marine Transport (IMDG)

UN No UN1950

**Proper Shipping Name** AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE (Contains Propellant)

Hazard Classs/Division 2.1 Subsidiary Risk Not applicable Packing Group: Not applicable

Environmental Hazards: Not applicable

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Global inventory status

Contact 3M for more information.

#### Applicable Environmental, Health and Safety Regulations

The Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemical Rules, 1989 Hazardous Waste(Management, Handling & Transboundary) Rules, 2008 Hazardous Chemicals (Classification, Packaging and Labelling Draft Rules), 2011 Central Motor Vehicle Rules, 1989

The following ingredients are listed as hazardous on Part II of Schedule I of the India Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals (MSIHC) rules

Ethyl acetate

n-Hexane

Petroleum gases, liquefied

Toluene

The following ingredients are classified as hazardous based on the criteria listed under Part I of Schedule I of the India Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals (MSIHC) rules:

The product is classified as Extremely Flammable (Aerosol)

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 2 Flammability: 4 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

#### **Revision information:**

Label: GHS Classification information was modified.

Section 15: MSIHC Part I of Schedule I ingredients information was modified.

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our

	3M Dry	Silicone	Lube	Spray
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knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.

3M India SDSs are available at http://solutions.3mindia.co.in