



Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 and its modifications.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

3M Scotch 1605 Dehumidifier Spray

Product Identification Numbers

DE-2729-1244-0

7100046721

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Dehumidifier spray

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Address: 3M Ireland Limited, The Iveagh Building, The Park, Carrickmines, Dublin 18.
Telephone: +353 1 280 3555
E Mail: tox.uk@mmm.com
Website: www.3M.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency medical information: 8am-10pm (seven days) contact National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9 DOV2NO, Ireland. Telephone Number: +353 (0)1 809 2166

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

The health and environmental classifications of this material have been derived using the calculation method, except in cases where test data are available or the physical form impacts classification. Classification(s) based on test data or physical form are noted below, if applicable.

The aspiration hazard classification is not required because the product is an aerosol.

CLASSIFICATION:

Aerosol, Category 1 - Aerosol 1; H222, H229

Acute Toxicity, Category 4 - Acute Tox. 4; H332
Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 2 - Skin Irrit. 2; H315
Specific Target Organ Toxicity-Single Exposure, Category 3 - STOT SE 3; H336
Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment (Chronic), Category 2 - Aquatic Chronic 2; H411

For full text of H phrases, see Section 16.

2.2. Label elements

CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

SIGNAL WORD

DANGER.

Symbols

GHS02 (Flame) |GHS07 (Exclamation mark) |GHS09 (Environment) |

Pictograms



Ingredients:

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	EC No.	% by Wt
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	64742-47-8	265-149-8	40 - 50
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	64742-53-6	265-156-6	10 - 20

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Prevention:

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P261E	Avoid breathing vapour or spray.

Storage:

P410 + P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
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Disposal:

P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.
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60% of the mixture consists of components of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

Notes on labelling

Nota L applied to CASRN 64742-53-6.

2.3. Other hazards

May cause frostbite.

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or vPvB

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**3.1. Substances**

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Ingredient	Identifier(s)	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	(CAS-No.) 64742-47-8 (EC-No.) 265-149-8	40 - 50	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336
isobutane	(CAS-No.) 75-28-5 (EC-No.) 200-857-2	10 - 30	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Liquified gas, H280 Nota C,U
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	(CAS-No.) 64742-53-6 (EC-No.) 265-156-6	10 - 20	Nota L Acute Tox. 4, H332 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
propane	(CAS-No.) 74-98-6 (EC-No.) 200-827-9	10 - 20	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Liquified gas, H280 Nota U
butane	(CAS-No.) 106-97-8 (EC-No.) 203-448-7	1 - 10	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Liquified gas, H280 Nota C,U
2-butoxyethanol	(CAS-No.) 111-76-2 (EC-No.) 203-905-0	1 - 5	Acute Tox. 3, H331 Acute Tox. 4, H302(LD50 = 1200 mg/kg **ATE values per Annex VI**) Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319

Please see section 16 for the full text of any H statements referred to in this section

For information on ingredient occupational exposure limits or PBT or vPvB status, see sections 8 and 12 of this SDS

SECTION 4: First aid measures**4.1. Description of first aid measures****Inhalation**

Remove person to fresh air. Get medical attention.

Skin contact

Thaw frosted skin with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get medical attention.

Eye contact

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No critical symptoms or effects. See Section 11.1, information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Use a fire fighting agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance

Carbon monoxide

Carbon dioxide.

Irritant vapours or gases.

Condition

During combustion.

During combustion.

During combustion.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapours, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapours in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If possible, seal leaking container. Place leaking containers in a well-ventilated area, preferably an operating exhaust hood, or if necessary outdoors on an impermeable surface until appropriate packaging for the leaking container or its contents is available. Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to Section 8 and Section 13 for more information

SECTION 7: Handling and storage**7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

For industrial/occupational use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.)

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidising agents.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See information in Section 7.1 and 7.2 for handling and storage recommendations. See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection recommendations.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**8.1 Control parameters****Occupational exposure limits**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
butane	106-97-8	Ireland OELs	STEL(15 minutes):1000 ppm	
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Ireland OELs	TWA(8 hours):98 mg/m3(20 ppm);TWA(8 hours):20 ppm(98 mg/m3);STEL(15 minutes):246 mg/m3(50 ppm);STEL(15 minutes):50 ppm(246 mg/m3)	SKIN
isobutane	75-28-5	Ireland OELs	STEL(15 minutes):1000 ppm	

Ireland OELs : Ireland. OELs
TWA: Time-Weighted-Average
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
CEIL: Ceiling

Biological limit values

No biological limit values exist for any of the components listed in Section 3 of this safety data sheet.

Recommended monitoring procedures:Information on recommended monitoring procedures can be obtained from Indust. Inspect./Ministry (IE)

8.2. Exposure controls**8.2.1. Engineering controls**

Do not remain in area where available oxygen may be reduced. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

- Full face shield.
- Indirect vented goggles.

Applicable Norms/Standards

Use eye/face protection conforming to EN 166

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended:

Material	Thickness (mm)	Breakthrough Time
Fluoroelastomer	No data available	No data available
Polymer laminate	No data available	No data available

Applicable Norms/Standards

Use gloves tested to EN 374

Respiratory protection

Select and use respiratory protection to prevent an inhalation exposure based on the results of an exposure assessment. Consult with your respirator manufacturer for selection of appropriate types of respirators.

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

- Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates
- Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator
- Organic vapour respirators may have short service life.

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Applicable Norms/Standards

Use a respirator conforming to EN 140 or EN 136

Use a respirator conforming to EN 140 or EN 136: filter types A & P

Thermal hazards

Wear cold insulating gloves/face shield/eye protection.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.
Specific Physical Form:	Aerosol
Colour	Colourless
Odor	Petroleum
Odour threshold	No data available.
Melting point/freezing point	No data available.

Boiling point/boiling range	<i>No data available.</i>
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Flammable Limits(LEL)	1.2 % volume
Flammable Limits(UEL)	<i>No data available.</i>
Flash point	<=-30 °C
Autoignition temperature	<i>No data available.</i>
Decomposition temperature	<i>No data available.</i>
pH	<i>substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)</i>
Kinematic Viscosity	<i>Not applicable.</i>
Water solubility	Nil
Solubility- non-water	<i>No data available.</i>
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	<i>No data available.</i>
Vapour pressure	380,000 Pa [<i>Details:CONDITIONS: 20 deg. C</i>]
Relative density	approximately 0.7 [<i>Ref Std:WATER=1</i>]
Relative Vapour Density	<i>No data available.</i>

9.2. Other information

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

EU Volatile Organic Compounds	<i>No data available.</i>
Evaporation rate	<i>No data available.</i>
Percent volatile	84.1 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat.

High shear and high temperature conditions

Sparks and/or flames.

Temperatures above the boiling point.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong acids.

Explosive when mixed with oxidizing substances.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
None known.	

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition,

statements and data presented in Section 11 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from internal hazard assessments.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation

Harmful if inhaled. Simple asphyxiation: Signs/symptoms may include increased heart rate, rapid respirations, drowsiness, headache, incoordination, altered judgement, nausea, vomiting, lethargy, seizures, coma, and may be fatal. Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin contact

Frostbite: Signs/symptoms may include intense pain, discoloration of skin, and tissue destruction. Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localised redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

Eye contact

Frostbite: Signs/symptoms may include intense pain, clouding of the cornea, redness, swelling, and blindness. Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central nervous system (CNS) depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness. Single exposure, above recommended guidelines, may cause: Cardiac Sensitization: Signs/symptoms may include irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia), faintness, chest pain, and may be fatal.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-Dust/Mist(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >1 - =5 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	Inhalation-Vapour	Professional judgement	LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 3 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	Dermal	similar compounds	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
isobutane	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 276,000 ppm

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	Gas (4 hours)		
propane	Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 200,000 ppm
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 2.2 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
butane	Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 277,000 ppm
2-butoxyethanol	Dermal	Guinea pig	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
2-butoxyethanol	Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours)	Guinea pig	LC50 > 2.6 mg/l
2-butoxyethanol	Ingestion	Guinea pig	LD50 1,200 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	Rabbit	Mild irritant
isobutane	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
propane	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	Rabbit	Mild irritant
butane	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
2-butoxyethanol	Rabbit	Irritant

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	Rabbit	Mild irritant
isobutane	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
propane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	Rabbit	Mild irritant
butane	Rabbit	No significant irritation
2-butoxyethanol	Rabbit	Severe irritant

Skin Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	Guinea pig	Not classified
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	Guinea pig	Not classified
2-butoxyethanol	Guinea pig	Not classified

Respiratory Sensitisation

For the component/components, either no data is currently available or the data is not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
isobutane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
propane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
butane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
2-butoxyethanol	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
2-butoxyethanol	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	prematuring & during gestation
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	prematuring & during gestation
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	Dermal	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	prematuring & during gestation
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	Dermal	Not classified for male reproduction	Rabbit	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
2-butoxyethanol	Dermal	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,760 mg/kg/day	during gestation
2-butoxyethanol	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
2-butoxyethanol	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.48 mg/l	during organogenesis

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	

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Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
isobutane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitisation	Causes damage to organs	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
isobutane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
isobutane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL Not available	
propane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitisation	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	
propane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
propane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	
butane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitisation	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	
butane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
butane	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL 5,000 ppm	25 minutes
butane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL Not available	
2-butoxyethanol	Dermal	endocrine system	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL 902 mg/kg	6 hours
2-butoxyethanol	Dermal	liver	Not classified	Rabbit	LOAEL 72 mg/kg	not available
2-butoxyethanol	Dermal	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rabbit	LOAEL 451 mg/kg	6 hours
2-butoxyethanol	Dermal	blood	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
2-butoxyethanol	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
2-butoxyethanol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
2-butoxyethanol	Inhalation	blood	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
2-butoxyethanol	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
2-butoxyethanol	Ingestion	blood	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
2-butoxyethanol	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
isobutane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 4,500 ppm	13 weeks
butane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder blood	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 4,489 ppm	90 days
2-butoxyethanol	Dermal	blood	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	not available
2-butoxyethanol	Dermal	endocrine system	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
2-butoxyethanol	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2.4	14 weeks

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					mg/l	
2-butoxyethanol	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.15 mg/l	14 weeks
2-butoxyethanol	Inhalation	blood	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 0.15 mg/l	6 months
2-butoxyethanol	Inhalation	endocrine system	Not classified	Dog	LOAEL 1.9 mg/l	8 days
2-butoxyethanol	Ingestion	blood	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 69 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
2-butoxyethanol	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	not available

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	Aspiration hazard
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

11.2. Information on other hazards

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be an endocrine disruptor for human health.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 12 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

12.1. Toxicity

No product test data available.

Material	CAS #	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	64742-47-8	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC50	1 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	64742-47-8	Rainbow trout	Estimated	96 hours	LL50	2 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	64742-47-8	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EL50	1.4 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	64742-47-8	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEL	1 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	64742-47-8	Water flea	Estimated	21 days	NOEL	0.48 mg/l
isobutane	75-28-5	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	64742-53-6	Green algae	Analogous Compound	96 hours	ErC50	>100 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	64742-53-6	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
propane	74-98-6	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
butane	106-97-8	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A

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2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Activated sludge	Experimental	16 hours	IC50	>1,000 mg/l
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Eastern oyster	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	89.4 mg/l
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	ErC50	1,840 mg/l
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	1,474 mg/l
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	1,550 mg/l
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	ErC10	679 mg/l
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	100 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Nbr	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	64742-47-8	Data not available or insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
isobutane	75-28-5	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	13.4 days (t 1/2)	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	64742-53-6	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	42 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
propane	74-98-6	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	27.5 days (t 1/2)	
butane	106-97-8	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	12.3 days (t 1/2)	
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	90.4 %CO2 evolution/THCO2 evolution	OECD 301B - Modified Sturm or CO2
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	Dissolv. Organic Carbon Deplet	100 %removal of DOC	OECD 302B Zahn-Wellens/EVPA

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	Cas No.	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	64742-47-8	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
isobutane	75-28-5	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	2.76	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	64742-53-6	Modeled Bioconcentration		Log Kow	5.07	
propane	74-98-6	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	2.36	
butane	106-97-8	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	2.89	
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	0.81	

12.4. Mobility in soil

Material	Cas No.	Test type	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Estimated Mobility in Soil	Koc	67 l/kg	

12.5. Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or vPvB

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be an endocrine disruptor for environmental effects

12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Facility must be capable of handling aerosol cans. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

The coding of a waste stream is based on the application of the product by the consumer. Since this is out of the control of 3M, no waste code(s) for products after use will be provided. Please refer to the European Waste Code (EWC - 2000/532/EC and amendments) to assign the correct waste code to your waste stream. Ensure national and/or regional regulations are complied with and always use a licensed waste contractor.

EU waste code (product as sold)

16 05 04* Gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing dangerous substances

EU waste code (product container after use)

15 01 04 Metallic packaging

SECTION 14: Transportation information

	Ground Transport (ADR)	Air Transport (IATA)	Marine Transport (IMDG)
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
14.2 UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE	AEROSOLS(HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1
14.4 Packing group	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
14.5 Environmental hazards	Environmentally Hazardous	Not applicable	Marine Pollutant

14.6 Special precautions for user	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.
14.7 Marine Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
Control Temperature	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
Emergency Temperature	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
ADR Classification Code	5F	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
IMDG Segregation Code	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	NONE

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional information on the transport/shipment of the material by rail (RID) or inland waterways (ADN).

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Carcinogenicity

Ingredient

2-butoxyethanol

CAS Nbr

111-76-2

Classification

Gr. 3: Not classifiable

Regulation

International Agency for Research on Cancer

Global inventory status

Contact 3M for more information.

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Seveso hazard categories, Annex 1, Part 1

None

Seveso named dangerous substances, Annex 1, Part 2

Dangerous Substances	Identifier(s)	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of	
		Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	50	200
butane	106-97-8	10	50
isobutane	75-28-5	10	50
propane	74-98-6	10	50

Regulation (EU) No 649/2012

No chemicals listed

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for this substance/mixture in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended.

SECTION 16: Other information**List of relevant H statements**

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Revision information:

Section 3: Composition/ Information of ingredients table information was modified.

Section 11: Acute Toxicity table information was modified.

Section 14 Other Dangerous Goods – Regulation Data information was modified.

Section 14 Proper Shipping Name information was modified.

Section 15: Seveso Substance Text information was modified.

Two-column table displaying the unique list of H Codes and statements (std phrases) for all components of the given material. information was modified.

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications. In addition, this SDS is being provided to convey health and safety information. If you are the importer of record of this product into the European Union, you are responsible for all regulatory requirements, including, but not limited to, product registrations/notifications, substance volume tracking, and potential substance registration.

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