

Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 and its modifications.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

3M Cavity Wax Amber, 08911

Product Identification Numbers

UU-0109-5082-0 XS-0034-9171-8

7000041374 7100232713

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Protective coating

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Address: 3M Ireland Limited, The Iveagh Building, The Park, Carrickmines, Dublin 18.

Telephone: +353 1 280 3555 E Mail: tox.uk@mmm.com Website: www.3M.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency medical information: 8am-10pm (seven days) contact National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9 DOV2NO, Ireland. Telephone Number: +353 (0)1 809 2166

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

The health and environmental classifications of this material have been derived using the calculation method, except in cases where test data are available or the physical form impacts classification. Classification(s) based on test data or physical form are noted below, if applicable.

CLASSIFICATION:

Flammable Liquid, Category 3 - Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 2 - Skin Irrit. 2; H315

Specific Target Organ Toxicity-Repeated Exposure, Category 1 - STOT RE 1; H372

Aspiration Hazard, Category 1 - Asp. Tox. 1; H304

Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment (Chronic), Category 2 - Aquatic Chronic 2; H411

For full text of H phrases, see Section 16.

2.2. Label elements

CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

SIGNAL WORD

DANGER.

Symbols

GHS02 (Flame) |GHS07 (Exclamation mark) |GHS08 (Health Hazard) |GHS09 (Environment) |

Pictograms









Ingredients:

Ingredient CAS Nbr EC No. % by Wt

naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy 64742-82-1 265-185-4 30 - 60

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: nervous system.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P260E Do not breathe vapour or spray.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international

regulations.

44% of the mixture consists of components of unknown acute oral toxicity.

EU VOC Directive (2004/42/EC) labelling: 2004/42/EC IIB(e)(840)

410g/l

Notes on labelling

Nota P applied to CAS# 64742-82-1, Nota N applied to CAS# 64743-01-7, Nota L applied to CAS# 64742-54-7.

2.3. Other hazards

None known.

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or vPvB

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Ingredient	Identifier(s)	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	(CAS-No.) 64742-82-1 (EC-No.) 265-185-4	30 - 60	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 STOT RE 1, H372 Nota P Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Petrolatum (petroleum), oxidized	(CAS-No.) 64743-01-7 (EC-No.) 265-206-7	15 - 40	Nota N
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	(CAS-No.) 64742-54-7 (EC-No.) 265-157-1	1 - 10	Nota L STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066
Sulphonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts	(CAS-No.) 68608-26-4 (EC-No.) 271-781-5	1 - 9	Eye Irrit. 2, H319
2-butoxyethanol	(CAS-No.) 111-76-2 (EC-No.) 203-905-0	<1	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Acute Tox. 4, H302(LD50 = 1200 mg/kg **ATE values per Annex VI**) Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319

Please see section 16 for the full text of any H statements referred to in this section

For information on ingredient occupational exposure limits or PBT or vPvB status, see sections 8 and 12 of this SDS

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin contact

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye contact

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If swallowed

Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No critical symptoms or effects. See Section 11.1, information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapours, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapours in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to Section 8 and Section 13 for more information

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial/occupational use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapour accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer. Vapours may travel long distances along the ground or floor to an ignition source and flash back.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Store away from heat. Store away from oxidising agents.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See information in Section 7.1 and 7.2 for handling and storage recommendations. See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection recommendations.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Ireland OELs	TWA(8 hours):20 ppm(98	SKIN
			mg/m3);STEL(15 minutes):50	
			ppm(246 mg/m3)	

Ireland OELs : Ireland. OELs TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

Biological limit values

No biological limit values exist for any of the components listed in Section 3 of this safety data sheet.

Recommended monitoring procedures: Information on recommended monitoring procedures can be obtained from Indust. Inspect./Ministry (IE)

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Safety glasses with side shields.

Applicable Norms/Standards

Use eye protection conforming to EN 166

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended:

Material Thickness (mm) Breakthrough Time

Polymer laminate >0.30 4-8 hours

The glove data presented are based on the substance driving dermal toxicity and the conditions present at the time of testing. Breakthrough time may be altered when the glove is subjected to use conditions that place additional stress on the glove.

Applicable Norms/Standards
Use gloves tested to EN 374

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Applicable Norms/Standards

Use a respirator conforming to EN 140 or EN 136: filter types A & P

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical stateLiquid.ColourBrownOdorTurpentineOdour thresholdNo data ava

Odour thresholdNo data available.Melting point/freezing pointNo data available.

Boiling point/boiling range135 °CFlammability (solid, gas)Not applicable.Flammable Limits(LEL)0.7 % volumeFlammable Limits(UEL)6.5 % volume

Flash point 41 °C
Autoignition temperature 270 °C

Decomposition temperatureNo data available.

substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)

Kinematic Viscosity 1 mm²/sec [Details:< 1 mm2/sec] **Water solubility** Negligible

Solubility- non-water No data available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water No data available.

Vapour pressure 400 Pa Density 0.87 kg/l

Relative density 0.87 [Ref Std:WATER=1]

Relative Vapour Density

No data available.

9.2. Other information

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

EU Volatile Organic Compounds No data available. Evaporation rateNo data available.

Minimum Storage Temperature10 °CMaximum Storage Temperature30 °C

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat.

Sparks and/or flames.

Temperatures above the boiling point.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong acids.

Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

SubstanceConditionCarbon monoxideNot specified.Carbon dioxide.Not specified.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 11 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from internal hazard assessments.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation

Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin contact

Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localised redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking, blistering, and pain.

Eve contact

Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

Ingestion

Chemical (aspiration) pneumonitis: Signs/symptoms may include coughing, gasping, choking, burning of the mouth, difficulty breathing, bluish coloured skin (cyanosis), and may be fatal. Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central nervous system (CNS) depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	D4-	C	Value
- 100	Route	Species	· · · · · ·
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	Inhalation-		LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
	Vapour		_
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Sulphonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts	Inhalation-	Professio	LC50 estimated to be > 50 mg/l
	Vapour	nal	
		judgeme	
		nt	
Sulphonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts	Dermal	similar	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
		compoun	
		ds	
Sulphonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts	Inhalation-	similar	LC50 > 1.9 mg/l
	Dust/Mist	compoun	
	(4 hours)	ds	
Sulphonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts	Ingestion	similar	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
		compoun	
		ds	
2-butoxyethanol	Dermal	Guinea	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
		pig	
2-butoxyethanol	Inhalation-	Guinea	LC50 > 2.6 mg/l
	Vapour (4	pig	
	hours)		
2-butoxyethanol	Ingestion	Guinea	LD50 1,200 mg/kg
		pig	

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Skin Corrosion/irritation		
Name	Species	Value
	_	
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	Rabbit	Irritant
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic		Minimal irritation
Sulphonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts		Minimal irritation
	compoun	
	ds	
2-butoxyethanol	Rabbit	Irritant

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name		Value
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Sulphonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
2-butoxyethanol	Rabbit	Severe irritant

Skin Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Sulphonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts	similar	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
	compoun	sufficient for classification
	ds	
2-butoxyethanol	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	

Respiratory Sensitisation

For the component/components, either no data is currently available or the data is not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	In vivo	Not mutagenic
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Sulphonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
2-butoxyethanol	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	Inhalation	Human and animal	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
2-butoxyethanol	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 2.4 mg/l	during organogenesis
2-butoxyethanol	Dermal	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,760 mg/kg/day	during gestation
2-butoxyethanol	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
2-butoxyethanol	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Multiple animal	NOAEL 0.48 mg/l	during organogenesis

3M Cavity Wax Amber, 089	911	08	Amber,	Wax	Cavity	3M
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	species	
	Species	

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	Inhalation	nervous system	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL 6.5 mg/l	4 hours
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
2-butoxyethanol	Dermal	endocrine system	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL 902 mg/kg	6 hours
2-butoxyethanol	Dermal	liver	Not classified	Rabbit	LOAEL 72 mg/kg	not available
2-butoxyethanol	Dermal	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rabbit	LOAEL 451 mg/kg	6 hours
2-butoxyethanol	Dermal	blood	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
2-butoxyethanol	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
2-butoxyethanol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
2-butoxyethanol	Inhalation	blood	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
2-butoxyethanol	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
2-butoxyethanol	Ingestion	blood	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
2-butoxyethanol	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	Inhalation	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 4.6 mg/l	6 months
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 1.9 mg/l	13 weeks
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.6 mg/l	90 days
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair blood liver muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 5.6 mg/l	12 weeks

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naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 1.3 mg/l	90 days
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.21 mg/l	28 days
2-butoxyethanol	Dermal	blood	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	not available
2-butoxyethanol	Dermal	endocrine system	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
2-butoxyethanol	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2.4 mg/l	14 weeks
2-butoxyethanol	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.15 mg/l	14 weeks
2-butoxyethanol	Inhalation	blood	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 0.15 mg/l	6 months
2-butoxyethanol	Inhalation	endocrine system	Not classified	Dog	LOAEL 1.9 mg/l	8 days
2-butoxyethanol	Ingestion	blood	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 69 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
2-butoxyethanol	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	not available

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

11.2. Information on other hazards

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be an endocrine disruptor for human health.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 12 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

12.1. Toxicity

No product test data available.

Material	CAS#	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	64742-82-1	Invertebrate	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	2.6 mg/l
Petrolatum (petroleum), oxidized	64743-01-7	Green algae	Analogous Compound	72 hours	EL50	3,860 mg/l
Petrolatum (petroleum), oxidized	64743-01-7	Rainbow trout	Analogous Compound	96 hours	LL50	3,540 mg/l
Petrolatum (petroleum), oxidized	64743-01-7	Water flea	Analogous Compound	48 hours	LL50	7,070 mg/l
Petrolatum (petroleum), oxidized	64743-01-7	Green algae	Analogous Compound	72 hours	NOEL	1,250 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7	Green algae	Analogous Compound	72 hours	No tox obs at lmt of water sol	>100 mg/l

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7	Water flea	Analogous Compound	48 hours	No tox obs at lmt of water sol	>100 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	No tox obs at lmt of water sol	>100 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7	Green algae	Analogous Compound	72 hours	NOEL	100 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7	Water flea	Analogous Compound	21 days	NOEL	100 mg/l
Sulphonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts	68608-26-4	Activated sludge	Experimental	8 hours	EC50	>=3,200 mg/l
Sulphonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts	68608-26-4	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EL50	>100 mg/l
Sulphonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts	68608-26-4	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LL50	>100 mg/l
Sulphonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts	68608-26-4	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EL50	>100 mg/l
Sulphonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts	68608-26-4	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEL	100 mg/l
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Activated sludge	Experimental	16 hours	IC50	>1,000 mg/l
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Eastern oyster	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	89.4 mg/l
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	ErC50	1,840 mg/l
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	1,474 mg/l
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	1,550 mg/l
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	ErC10	679 mg/l
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	100 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Nbr	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	64742-82-1	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	75 % weight	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	64742-82-1	Estimated Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	12.99 days (t 1/2)	
Petrolatum (petroleum), oxidized	64743-01-7	Analogous Compound Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	55 %BOD/ThO D	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	31 %BOD/ThO D	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
Sulphonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts	68608-26-4	Estimated Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	8 %BOD/ThO D	OECD 301D - Closed bottle test
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	90.4 %CO2 evolution/THC O2 evolution	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	Dissolv. Organic Carbon Deplet	100 %removal of DOC	OECD 302B Zahn- Wellens/EVPA

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	Cas No.	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
naphtha (petroleum),	64742-82-1	Experimental		Bioaccumulation	>1000	
hydrodesulphurized heavy		Bioconcentration		factor		
Petrolatum (petroleum),	64743-01-7	Data not available	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
oxidized		or insufficient for				

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		classification				
Distillates (petroleum),	64742-54-7	Modeled		Bioaccumulation	7.5	Catalogic TM
hydrotreated heavy		Bioconcentration		factor		
paraffinic						
Sulphonic acids, petroleum,	68608-26-4	Data not available	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
sodium salts		or insufficient for				
		classification				
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Experimental		Log Kow	0.81	
		Bioconcentration				

12.4. Mobility in soil

Material	Cas No.	Test type	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Estimated	Koc	67 l/kg	
		Mobility in Soil			

12.5. Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or vPvB

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be an endocrine disruptor for environmental effects

12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

The coding of a waste stream is based on the application of the product by the consumer. Since this is out of the control of 3M, no waste code(s) for products after use will be provided. Please refer to the European Waste Code (EWC - 2000/532/EC and amendments) to assign the correct waste code to your waste stream. Ensure national and/or regional regulations are complied with and always use a licensed waste contractor.

EU waste code (product as sold)

08 01 11* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

SECTION 14: Transportation information

	Ground Transport (ADR)	Air Transport (IATA)	Marine Transport (IMDG)
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1139	UN1139	UN1139

14.2 UN proper shipping name	COATING SOLUTION	COATING SOLUTION	COATING SOLUTION(NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDRODESULFURIZED HEAVY)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Environmentally Hazardous	Not applicable	Marine Pollutant
14.6 Special precautions for user	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.
14.7 Marine Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
Control Temperature	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
Emergency Temperature	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
ADR Classification Code	F1	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
IMDG Segregation Code	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	NONE

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional information on the transport/shipment of the material by rail (RID) or inland waterways (ADN).

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Carcinogenicity

IngredientCAS NbrClassificationRegulation2-butoxyethanol111-76-2Gr. 3: Not classifiableInternational Agency for Research on Cancer

Global inventory status

Contact 3M for more information.

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Seveso hazard categories, Annex 1, Part 1

3M Cavity Wax Amber, 08911

None

Seveso named dangerous substances, Annex 1, Part 2

None

EUH066

Regulation (EU) No 649/2012

No chemicals listed

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for this substance/mixture in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended.

SECTION 16: Other information

List of relevant H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: nervous system.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Revision information:

Section 8: glove data value information was modified.

Section 8: Occupational exposure limit table information was modified.

OEL Reg Agency Desc information was modified.

Section 9: Vapour density value information was modified.

Section 11: Acute Toxicity table information was modified.

Section 11: Germ Cell Mutagenicity Table information was modified.

Section 11: Reproductive Toxicity Table information was modified.

Section 11: Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Table information was modified.

Section 11: Skin Corrosion/Irritation Table information was modified.

Section 11: Skin Sensitization Table information was modified.

Section 11: Target Organs - Repeated Table information was added.

Section 11: Target Organs - Repeated Table information was deleted.

Section 12: Component ecotoxicity information information was modified.

Section 12: Mobility in soil information information was added.

Section 12: No Data text for mobility in soil information was deleted.

Section 12: Persistence and Degradability information information was modified.

Section 12:Bioccumulative potential information information was modified.

Section 14 Classification Code – Regulation Data information was modified.

Section 14 Control Temperature – Regulation Data information was modified.

Section 14 Emergency Temperature – Regulation Data information was modified.

Section 14 Multiplier - Main Heading information was deleted.

Section 14 Multiplier – Regulation Data information was deleted.

Section 14 Proper Shipping Name information was modified.

Section 14 Segregation – Regulation Data information was modified.

Section 14 Transport Category – Main Heading information was deleted.

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- Section 14 Transport Category Regulation Data information was deleted.
- Section 14 Transport in bulk Regulation Data information was modified.
- Section 14 Marine transport in bulk according to IMO instruments Main Heading information was modified.
- Section 14 Transport Not Permitted Main Heading information was deleted.
- Section 14 Transport Not Permitted Regulation Data information was deleted.
- Section 14 Tunnel Code Main Heading information was deleted.
- Section 14 Tunnel Code Regulation Data information was deleted.
- Section 14 UN Number information was modified.
- Section 15: Regulations Inventories information was added.
- Section 2: No PBT/vPvB information available warning information was added.

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications. In addition, this SDS is being provided to convey health and safety information. If you are the importer of record of this product into the European Union, you are responsible for all regulatory requirements, including, but not limited to, product registrations/notifications, substance volume tracking, and potential substance registration.

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