

## **Safety Data Sheet**

Copyright,2022, 3M Company All rights reserved. Copying and/or downloading of this information for the purpose of properly utilizing 3M products is allowed provided that: (1) the information is copied in full with no changes unless prior written agreement is obtained from 3M, and (2) neither the copy nor the original is resold or otherwise distributed with the intention of earning a profit thereon.

Document group:	11-8229-4	Version number:	12.00
Revision date:	20/06/2022	Supersedes date:	30/08/2019

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 and its modifications.

# **SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**

#### **1.1. Product identifier** Scotch 1626 Degreasing Spray

**Product Identification Numbers** DE-9999-5339-6

7000032616

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** Degreasing of Electrical Conductors

#### **1.3.** Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Address:3M United Kingdom PLC, 3M Centre, Cain Road, Bracknell, Berkshire, RG12 8HT.Telephone:+44 (0)1344 858 000E Mail:tox.uk@mmm.comWebsite:www.3M.com/uk

**1.4. Emergency telephone number** +44 (0)1344 858 000

## **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

The health and environmental classifications of this material have been derived using the calculation method, except in cases where test data are available or the physical form impacts classification. Classification(s) based on test data or physical form are noted below, if applicable.

The aspiration hazard classification is not required because the product is an aerosol.

#### **CLASSIFICATION:**

Aerosol, Category 1 - Aerosol 1; H222, H229 Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 2 - Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation, Category 2 - Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Specific Target Organ Toxicity-Single Exposure, Category 3 - STOT SE 3; H336 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment (Chronic), Category 3 - Aquatic Chronic 3; H412

For full text of H phrases, see Section 16.

#### 2.2. Label elements CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

#### SIGNAL WORD DANGER.

DANGER.

#### Symbols GHS02 (Flame) |GHS07 (Exclamation mark) |

Pictograms



Ingredients: Ingredient	CAS Nbr	EC No.	% by Wt
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	265-151-9	40 - 70
acetone	67-64-1	200-662-2	15 - 40

#### **HAZARD STATEMENTS:**

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

<b>Prevention:</b> P210 P211 P251	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

#### **Storage:** P410 + P412

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

#### Notes on labelling

Updated per Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004 on detergents. Ingredients required per 648/2004 (not required on industrial label): 5-15%: Aliphatic hydrocarbons. Nota P applied to CAS 64742-49-0

### 2.3. Other hazards

May cause frostbite.

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or vPvB

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

## 3.2. Mixtures

Ingredient	Identifier(s)	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	(CAS-No.) 64742-49-0 (EC-No.) 265-151-9	40 - 70	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Nota P Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
acetone	(CAS-No.) 67-64-1 (EC-No.) 200-662-2	15 - 40	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066
propan-2-ol	(CAS-No.) 67-63-0 (EC-No.) 200-661-7	5 - 10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
isobutane	(CAS-No.) 75-28-5 (EC-No.) 200-857-2	3 - 7	Liquified gas, H280 Nota C,U
propane	(CAS-No.) 74-98-6 (EC-No.) 200-827-9	3 - 7	Liquified gas, H280 Nota U
Carbon dioxide.	(CAS-No.) 124-38-9 (EC-No.) 204-696-9	1 - 5	Liquified gas, H280

Please see section 16 for the full text of any H statements referred to in this section

For information on ingredient occupational exposure limits or PBT or vPvB status, see sections 8 and 12 of this SDS

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. Get medical attention.

#### Skin contact

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

#### Eye contact

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

#### If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No critical symptoms or effects. See Section 11.1, information on toxicological effects.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

## **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Use a fire fighting agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

#### Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
Hydrocarbons.	During combustion.
Carbon monoxide	During combustion.
Carbon dioxide.	During combustion.

#### **5.3.** Advice for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapours, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapours in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

#### **6.2.** Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If possible, seal leaking container. Place leaking containers in a well-ventilated area, preferably an operating exhaust hood, or if necessary outdoors on an impermeable surface until appropriate packaging for the leaking container or its contents is available. Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as possible.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to Section 8 and Section 13 for more information

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid breathing of vapours created during the cure cycle. Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.)

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidising agents.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

See information in Section 7.1 and 7.2 for handling and storage recommendations. See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection recommendations.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Carbon dioxide.	124-38-9	UK HSC	TWA:9150 mg/m3(5000 ppm);STEL:27400 mg/m3(15000 ppm)	
propan-2-ol	67-63-0	UK HSC	TWA:999 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (400 ppm);STEL:1250 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (500 ppm)	
acetone	67-64-1	UK HSC	TWA:1210 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (500 ppm);STEL:3620 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (1500 ppm)	
propane UK HSC : UK Health and Safety Com TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL : Short Term Exposure Limit	74-98-6 mission	UK HSC	Limit value not established:	asphyxiant

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit CEIL: Ceiling

#### **Biological limit values**

No biological limit values exist for any of the components listed in Section 3 of this safety data sheet.

**Recommended monitoring procedures:**Information on recommended monitoring procedures can be obtained from UK HSC

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Curing enclosures must be exhausted to outdoors or to a suitable emission control device. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

#### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### **Eye/face protection**

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended: Full face shield. Indirect vented goggles.

*Applicable Norms/Standards* Use eye/face protection conforming to EN 166

#### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended:

Material	Thickness (mm)	<b>Breakthrough</b> Time
Nitrile rubber.	>.35	=>8 hours
Natural rubber.	>.35	=>8 hours

The glove data presented are based on the substance driving dermal toxicity and the conditions present at the time of testing. Breakthrough time may be altered when the glove is subjected to use conditions that place additional stress on the glove.

Applicable Norms/Standards Use gloves tested to EN 374

#### **Respiratory protection**

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Applicable Norms/Standards Use a respirator conforming to EN 140 or EN 136 Use a respirator conforming to EN 140 or EN 136: filter types A & P

#### Thermal hazards

Wear cold insulating gloves/face shield/eye protection.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Liquid. Aerosol Colourless Solvent *No data available. Not applicable. Not applicable.*  Flammability (solid, gas) Flammable Limits(LEL) Flammable Limits(UEL) Flash point Autoignition temperature Decomposition temperature pH Kinematic Viscosity Water solubility Solubility- non-water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Vapour pressure Density Relative density Relative Vapor Density

9.2. Other information

Not applicable 1.7 %			
10.6 %			
>=-42 °C			
>=250 °C			
No data availa	ble.		
Not applicable			
Slight (less tha	n 10%)	)	
No data availa	hlo		

Slight (less than 10%) No data available. No data available. 350,000 Pa 0.725 g/ml [Details:CONDITIONS: 20 deg. C] 0.725 [Ref Std:WATER=1] No data available.

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics	
EU Volatile Organic Compounds	No data available.
Evaporation rate	No data available.
Percent volatile	No data available.

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### **10.1 Reactivity**

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat. High shear and high temperature conditions Sparks and/or flames. Temperatures above the boiling point.

#### **10.5 Incompatible materials**

Strong acids. Explosive when mixed with oxidizing substances.

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products Substance

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient

Condition

classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 11 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from internal hazard assessments.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

#### Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

#### Inhalation

Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### Skin contact

Frostbite: Signs/symptoms may include intense pain, discoloration of skin, and tissue destruction. Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localised redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking, blistering, and pain.

#### Eye contact

Frostbite: Signs/symptoms may include intense pain, clouding of the cornea, redness, swelling, and blindness. Severe eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

#### Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### Additional Health Effects:

#### Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central nervous system (CNS) depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness. Single exposure, above recommended guidelines, may cause: Cardiac Sensitization: Signs/symptoms may include irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia), faintness, chest pain, and may be fatal.

#### **Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

#### **Acute Toxicity**

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 14.7 mg/l
	Vapour (4		
	hours)		
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
acetone	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,688 mg/kg
acetone	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 76 mg/l
	Vapour (4		
	hours)		
acetone	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,800 mg/kg
isobutane	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 276,000 ppm
	Gas (4		
	hours)		
propan-2-ol	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 12,870 mg/kg
propan-2-ol	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 72.6 mg/l
	Vapour (4		

#### Scotch 1626 Degreasing Spray

	hours)		
propan-2-ol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 4,710 mg/kg
propane	Inhalation- Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 200,000 ppm
Carbon dioxide.	Inhalation- Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 53,000 ppm

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

#### Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Rabbit	Irritant
acetone	Mouse	Minimal irritation
isobutane	Professio nal judgemen t	No significant irritation
propan-2-ol	Multiple animal species	No significant irritation
propane	Rabbit	Minimal irritation

#### Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Rabbit	Mild irritant
acetone	Rabbit	Severe irritant
isobutane	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgemen	
	t	
propan-2-ol	Rabbit	Severe irritant
propane	Rabbit	Mild irritant

### **Skin Sensitisation**

Name	Species	Value
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Guinea pig	Not classified
propan-2-ol	Guinea pig	Not classified

#### **Respiratory Sensitisation**

For the component/components, either no data is currently available or the data is not sufficient for classification.

#### Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
acetone	In vivo	Not mutagenic
acetone	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
isobutane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
propan-2-ol	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
propan-2-ol	In vivo	Not mutagenic
propane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity			
Name	Route	Species	Value

## Scotch 1626 Degreasing Spray

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Inhalation	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
acetone	Not specified.	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
propan-2-ol	Inhalation	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

## **Reproductive Toxicity**

## **Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects**

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
acetone	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,700 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
acetone	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 5.2 mg/l	during organogenesis
propan-2-ol	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 400 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
propan-2-ol	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	LOAEL 9 mg/l	during gestation
Carbon dioxide.	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Mouse	LOAEL 350,000 ppm	not available
Carbon dioxide.	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	LOAEL 60,000 ppm	24 hours

## Target Organ(s)

## Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
acetone	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
acetone	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
acetone	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 1.19 mg/l	6 hours
acetone	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	
acetone	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
isobutane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitisation	Causes damage to organs	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
isobutane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
isobutane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL Not available	
propan-2-ol	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
propan-2-ol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for	Human	NOAEL Not available	

			classification			
propan-2-ol	Inhalation	auditory system	Not classified	Guinea	NOAEL 13.4	24 hours
				pig	mg/l	
propan-2-ol	Ingestion	central nervous	May cause drowsiness or	Human	NOAEL Not	poisoning
	_	system depression	dizziness		available	and/or abuse
propane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitisation	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not	
					available	
propane	Inhalation	central nervous	May cause drowsiness or	Human	NOAEL Not	
		system depression	dizziness		available	
propane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not	
					available	

#### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
acetone	Dermal	eyes	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	3 weeks
acetone	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 3 mg/l	6 weeks
acetone	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 1.19 mg/l	6 days
acetone	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL 119 mg/l	not available
acetone	Inhalation	heart   liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 45 mg/l	8 weeks
acetone	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
acetone	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
acetone	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
acetone	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 3,896 mg/kg/day	14 days
acetone	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3,400 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
acetone	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
acetone	Ingestion	muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg	13 weeks
acetone	Ingestion	skin   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 11,298 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
isobutane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 4,500 ppm	13 weeks
propan-2-ol	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 12.3 mg/l	24 months
propan-2-ol	Inhalation	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 12 mg/l	13 weeks
propan-2-ol	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 400 mg/kg/day	12 weeks
Carbon dioxide.	Inhalation	heart   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   liver   nervous system   kidney and/or bladder   respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 60,000 ppm	166 days

#### Aspiration Hazard

Name Value	ue
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light Aspira	iration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information

#### on this material and/or its components.

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be an endocrine disruptor for human health.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 12 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

No product test data available.

Material	CAS #	Organism	Туре	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	Fathead minnow	Estimated	96 hours	LL50	8.2 mg/l
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	EL50	3.1 mg/l
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EL50	4.5 mg/l
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEL	0.5 mg/l
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	Water flea	Estimated	21 days	NOEL	2.6 mg/l
acetone	67-64-1	Algae or other aquatic plants	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	11,493 mg/l
acetone	67-64-1	Invertebrate	Experimental	24 hours	LC50	2,100 mg/l
acetone	67-64-1	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	5,540 mg/l
acetone	67-64-1	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	1,000 mg/l
acetone	67-64-1	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	NOEC	1,700 mg/l
acetone	67-64-1	Redworm	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	>100
propan-2-ol	67-63-0	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	LOEC	1,050 mg/l
propan-2-ol	67-63-0	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	>1,000 mg/l
propan-2-ol	67-63-0	Invertebrate	Experimental	24 hours	LC50	>10,000 mg/l
propan-2-ol	67-63-0	Medaka	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
propan-2-ol	67-63-0	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	>1,000 mg/l
propan-2-ol	67-63-0	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	1,000 mg/l
propan-2-ol	67-63-0	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	100 mg/l
isobutane	75-28-5		Data not available or insufficient for classification			N/A
propane	74-98-6		Data not available or insufficient for classification			N/A
Carbon dioxide.	124-38-9	Fish	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	112.2 mg/l

Carbon dioxide	124 28 0	Atlantia Salman	Exportmontol	12 days	NOEC	26 mg/l	
Carbon utoxide.	124-30-9	Atlantic Salmon	Experimental	45 uays	INOLC	26 mg/l	
			-	-		-	

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Nbr	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	Estimated Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	77 %BOD/ThB OD	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
acetone	67-64-1	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	147 days (t 1/2)	
acetone	67-64-1	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	78 %BOD/ThB OD	OECD 301D - Closed bottle test
propan-2-ol	67-63-0	Experimental Biodegradation	14 days	BOD	86 %BOD/ThB OD	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
isobutane	75-28-5	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	13.4 days (t 1/2)	Non-standard method
propane	74-98-6	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	27.5 days (t 1/2)	Non-standard method
Carbon dioxide.	124-38-9	Data not availbl- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### 12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	Cas No.	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
acetone	67-64-1	Experimental BCF - Other		Bioaccumulation factor	0.65	
acetone	67-64-1	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	-0.24	
propan-2-ol	67-63-0	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	0.05	Non-standard method
isobutane	75-28-5	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	2.76	Non-standard method
propane	74-98-6	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	2.36	Non-standard method
Carbon dioxide.	124-38-9	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	0.83	Non-standard method

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Material	Cas No.	Test type	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
acetone	67-64-1	Modeled Mobility	Koc	9.7 l/kg	Episuite™
		in Soil			

#### 12.5. Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or vPvB

#### **12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties**

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be an endocrine disruptor for environmental effects

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### **13.1 Waste treatment methods**

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Facility must be capable of handling aerosol cans. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

The coding of a waste stream is based on the application of the product by the consumer. Since this is out of the control of 3M, no waste code(s) for products after use will be provided. Please refer to the European Waste Code (EWC - 2000/532/EC and amendments) to assign the correct waste code to your waste stream. Ensure national and/or regional regulations are complied with and always use a licensed waste contractor.

#### EU waste code (product as sold)

070704*	Other organic solvents, washing liquids and mother liquors
0/0/04	Other organic sorvents, washing riquids and mother riquors
1605044	
16 05 04*	Gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing dangerous substances
10 05 01	Guses in pressure containers (including harons) containing dangerous substances

#### EU waste code (product container after use)

15 01 04 Metallic packaging

## **SECTION 14: Transportation information**

	Ground Transport (ADR)	Air Transport (IATA)	Marine Transport (IMDG)
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
14.2 UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE	AEROSOLS
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1
14.4 Packing group	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
14.5 Environmental hazards	Not Environmentally Hazardous	Not applicable	Not a Marine Pollutant
14.6 Special precautions for user	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.
14.7 Marine Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
Control Temperature	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
Emergency Temperature	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.

ADR Classification Code	5F	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
IMDG Segregation Code	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	NONE

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional information on the transport/shipment of the material by rail (RID) or inland waterways (ADN).

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## **Global inventory status**

Contact 3M for more information.

#### DIRECTIVE 2012/18/EU

Seveso hazard categories, Annex 1, Part 1 None

Seveso named dangerous substances, Annex 1, Part 2

Dangerous Substances	Identifier(s)	Qualifying quantity (tonnes	) for the application of
		Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
acetone	67-64-1	10	50
isobutane	75-28-5	10	50
propan-2-ol	67-63-0	10	50
propane	74-98-6	10	50

#### 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for this substance/mixture in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### List of relevant H statements

EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Revision information:**

EU Section 09: pH information information was added.

CLP: Ingredient table information was modified. CLP Remark(phrase) information was modified. Label: CLP Classification information was modified. Label: CLP Precautionary - Disposal information was deleted. Label: CLP Precautionary - General information was deleted. Label: CLP Precautionary - Prevention information was modified. Label: CLP Precautionary - Response information was deleted. Label: CLP Precautionary - Storage information was modified. Section 03: Composition table % Column heading information was added. Section 3: Composition/ Information of ingredients table information was modified. Section 03: Substance not applicable information was added. Section 04: Information on toxicological effects information was modified. Section 5: Hazardous combustion products table information was modified. Section 6: Accidental release clean-up information information was modified. Section 7: Conditions safe storage information was modified. Section 8: glove data value information was modified. Section 8: Occupational exposure limit table information was modified. Section 9: Evaporation Rate information information was deleted. Section 9: Explosive properties information information was deleted. Section 09: Kinematic Viscosity information information was added. Section 9: Melting point information information was modified. Section 9: Oxidising properties information information was deleted. Section 9: pH information information was deleted. Section 9: Property description for optional properties information was modified. Section 9: Vapour density value information was added. Section 9: Vapour density value information was deleted. Section 9: Viscosity information information was deleted. Section 11: Acute Toxicity table information was modified. Section 11: Aspiration Hazard Table information was modified. Section 11: Carcinogenicity Table information was modified. Section 11: Classification disclaimer information was modified. Section 11: Germ Cell Mutagenicity Table information was modified. Section 11: No endocrine disruptor information available warning information was added. Section 11: Reproductive Toxicity Table information was modified. Section 11: Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Table information was modified. Section 11: Single exposure may cause standard phrases information was modified. Section 11: Skin Corrosion/Irritation Table information was modified. Section 11: Skin Sensitization Table information was modified. Section 11: Target Organs - Repeated Table information was added. Section 11: Target Organs - Repeated Table information was deleted. Section 11: Target Organs - Single Table information was modified. Section 12: 12.6. Endocrine Disrupting Properties information was added. Section 12: 12.7. Other adverse effects information was modified. Section 12: Component ecotoxicity information information was modified. Section 12: Contact manufacturer for more detail. information was deleted. Section 12: Mobility in soil information information was added. Prints No Data if Adverse effects information is not present information was added. Section 12: No endocrine disruptor information available warning information was added. Section 12: Persistence and Degradability information information was modified. Section 12: Bioccumulative potential information information was modified. Section 14 Classification Code - Main Heading information was added. Section 14 Classification Code - Regulation Data information was added. Section 14 Control Temperature - Main Heading information was added. Section 14 Control Temperature - Regulation Data information was added. Section 14 Disclaimer Information information was added. Section 14 Emergency Temperature - Main Heading information was added.

Section 14 Emergency Temperature – Regulation Data information was added.

Section 14 Hazard Class + Sub Risk – Main Heading information was added.

Section 14 Hazard Class + Sub Risk – Regulation Data information was added.

Section 14 Hazardous/Not Hazardous for Transportation information was added.

Section 14 Other Dangerous Goods – Main Heading information was added.

Section 14 Other Dangerous Goods – Regulation Data information was added.

Section 14 Packing Group – Main Heading information was added.

Section 14 Packing Group – Regulation Data information was added.

Section 14 Proper Shipping Name information was added.

Section 14 Regulations - Main Headings information was added.

Section 14 Segregation – Regulation Data information was added.

Section 14 Segregation Code – Main Heading information was added.

Section 14 Special Precautions – Main Heading information was added.

Section 14 Special Precautions – Regulation Data information was added.

Section 14 Transport in bulk – Regulation Data information was added.

Section 14 Marine transport in bulk according to IMO instruments - Main Heading information was added.

Section 14 UN Number Column data information was added.

Section 14 UN Number information was added.

Section 15: Regulations - Inventories information was added.

Section 15: Seveso Substance Text information was added.

Two-column table displaying the unique list of H Codes and statements (std phrases) for all components of the given material. information was modified.

Sectio 16: UK disclaimer information was deleted.

Section 2: No PBT/vPvB information available warning information was added.

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications. In addition, this SDS is being provided to convey health and safety information. If you are the importer of record of this product into the European Union, you are responsible for all regulatory requirements, including, but not limited to, product registrations/notifications, substance volume tracking, and potential substance registration.

#### 3M United Kingdom MSDSs are available at www.3M.com/uk