



Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the New Zealand, Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 (HSNO Act) and Regulations, as amended.

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3M™ 8953UV Blue Piezo InkJet Ink

Product Identification Numbers

75-0302-6693-8

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Ink, For use with Durst 163TS and 163TS-HS

1.3. Supplier's details

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Address: | 3M New Zealand Ltd, 94 Apollo Drive, Rosedale 0632, Auckland |
| Telephone: | (09) 477 4040 |
| E Mail: | innovation@nz.mmm.com |
| Website: | 3m.co.nz |

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 hr Medical Emergency, National Poisons Centre, 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classified as hazardous according to the New Zealand, Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001 as amended.

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to; New Zealand, Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 (Rule 45001/1) as amended, NZS 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land, UN Model Regulations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code and IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations. For transport classification, refer to SECTION 14: Transport Information.

HSNO classification

6.1D Acute toxicity
6.3A Irritating to the skin
6.4A Irritating to the eye
6.5B Skin sensitiser

- 6.7B Suspected human carcinogen
6.8A Known/presumed human reproductive or developmental toxicant.
6.9B Harmful to human target organs/systems
9.1A Aquatic toxicity

2.2. Label elements

SIGNAL WORD

DANGER!

Symbols:

Health Hazard | Exclamation mark | Environment |

Pictograms



HAZARD STATEMENTS:

| | |
|------|--|
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H360 | May damage fertility or the unborn child. |
| H351 | Suspected of causing cancer. |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: kidney/urinary tract skin |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life. |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

General:

| | |
|------|--------------------------------|
| P102 | Keep out of reach of children. |
|------|--------------------------------|

Prevention:

| | |
|-------|--|
| P104 | Read Safety Data Sheet before use. |
| P201 | Obtain special instructions before use. |
| P260 | Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. |
| P280E | Wear protective gloves. |
| P281 | Use personal protective equipment as required. |
| P273 | Avoid release to the environment. |

Response:

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| P305 + P351 + P338 | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. |
| P302 + P352 | IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. |
| P332 + P313 | If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. |
| P333 + P313 | If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. |
| P331 | Do NOT induce vomiting. |
| P301 + P312 | IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. |
| P308 + P313 | IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. |

3M™ 8953UV Blue Piezo InkJet Ink**Storage:**

P405

Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient | CAS Nbr | % by Weight |
|---|----------------|--------------------|
| Isobornyl acrylate | 5888-33-5 | 10 - 30 |
| Isooctyl acrylate | 29590-42-9 | 10 - 30 |
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl acrylate | 2399-48-6 | 10 - 30 |
| 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate | 13048-33-4 | 1 - 10 |
| Amine modified acrylate oligomer | Trade Secret | 1 - 10 |
| Urethane acrylate oligomer | Trade Secret | 1 - 10 |
| Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide | 75980-60-8 | 1 - 5 |
| Benzophenone | 119-61-9 | 1 - 5 |
| Copper monochlorophthalocyanine | 12239-87-1 | 1 - 5 |
| n,n'-Bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidiny)-1,6-hexanediamine, polymers, w/morpholine-2,4,6-trichloro-1,3,5-triazine rctn prod, methylated | 193098-40-7 | 1 - 5 |
| Pigment Blue 15 | 147-14-8 | 1 - 5 |
| High molecular weight block copolymer | Trade Secret | 1 - 5 |
| Pigment affinic groups | Trade Secret | 1 - 5 |
| Camphene | 79-92-5 | < 0.2 |

SECTION 4: First aid measures**4.1. Description of first aid measures****Inhalation**

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin contact

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye contact

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

A product risk assessment is recommended to determine if eye wash facilities may be required when using this product in the workplace.

If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

| <u>Substance</u> | <u>Condition</u> |
|------------------|--------------------|
| Carbon monoxide. | During combustion. |
| Carbon dioxide. | During combustion. |

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

5.4. Hazchem code: 3Z

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Refer to Section 15: HSNO Controls for more information.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial or professional use only. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Use personal protective equipment (eg. gloves, respirators...) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store away from oxidising agents.

7.3. Approved handler test certificate

Not required

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

| Ingredient | CAS Nbr | Agency | Limit type | Additional comments |
|-----------------------------|------------|-------------------------|--|---------------------|
| Benzophenone | 119-61-9 | AIHA | TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ | |
| 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate | 13048-33-4 | AIHA | TWA: 1 mg/m ³ (0.11 ppm) | Dermal Sensitizer |
| Copper compounds | 147-14-8 | ACGIH | TWA (as Cu dust or mist): 1 mg/m ³ ; TWA (as Cu, fume): 0.2 mg/m ³ | |
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl acrylate | 2399-48-6 | Manufacturer determined | TWA: 0.1 ppm (0.64 mg/m ³); STEL: 0.3 ppm (1.91 mg/m ³) | |
| Isooctyl acrylate | 29590-42-9 | Manufacturer determined | TWA: 5 ppm | |
| Isooctyl acrylate | 29590-42-9 | AIHA | TWA: 37.5 mg/m ³ (5 ppm) | |

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

New Zealand WES : New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards.

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

ppm: parts per million

mg/m³: milligrams per cubic metre

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Indirect vented goggles.

Refer AS/NZS 1336 - Recommended practices for occupational eye protection and for performance specifications AS/NZS 1337, Parts 1 - 6 - Personal eye-protection.

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Butyl rubber.

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then

use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron – Butyl rubber

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Refer AS/NZS 1715 - Selection, use and maintenance of respiratory protective equipment and AS/NZS 1716 - Respiratory protective devices.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| | |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| Physical state | Liquid. |
| Specific Physical Form: | Liquid. |
| Appearance/Odour | Acrylate odour, blue color, liquid |
| Odour threshold | <i>No data available.</i> |
| pH | <i>Not applicable.</i> |
| Melting point/Freezing point | <i>Not applicable.</i> |
| Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range | > 93.3 °C |
| Flash point | > 93.3 °C [Test Method: Closed Cup] |
| Evaporation rate | <i>No data available.</i> |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not applicable. |
| Flammable Limits(LEL) | <i>No data available.</i> |
| Flammable Limits(UEL) | <i>No data available.</i> |
| Vapour pressure | < 1,333.2 Pa [@ 20 °C] |
| Vapour density | > 1 [Ref Std: AIR=1] |
| Density | 1.04 g/ml |
| Relative density | 1.04 [Ref Std: WATER=1] |
| Water solubility | Negligible |
| Solubility- non-water | <i>No data available.</i> |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | <i>No data available.</i> |
| Autoignition temperature | <i>No data available.</i> |
| Decomposition temperature | <i>No data available.</i> |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation may occur. (Upon depletion of inhibitor or exposure to heat)

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Light.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

| <u>Substance</u> | <u>Condition</u> |
|------------------|------------------|
| None known. | |

Refer to Section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation

Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin contact

Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking, blistering, and pain. Allergic skin reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Eye contact

Severe eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Ingestion

Harmful if swallowed.

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Kidney/Bladder effects: Signs/symptoms may include changes in urine production, abdominal or lower back pain, increased protein in urine, increased blood urea nitrogen (BUN), blood in urine, and painful urination. Dermal effects: Signs/symptoms may include redness, itching, acne, or bumps on the skin.

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|---|-----------|------------------------|---|
| Overall product | Dermal | | No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg |
| Overall product | Ingestion | | No data available; calculated ATE 300 - 2,000 mg/kg |
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl acrylate | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 551 mg/kg |
| Isooctyl acrylate | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| Isooctyl acrylate | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Isobornyl acrylate | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Isobornyl acrylate | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 4,350 mg/kg |
| 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 3,636 mg/kg |
| 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide | Dermal | Professional judgement | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Benzophenone | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 3,535 mg/kg |
| Benzophenone | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 1,900 mg/kg |
| Pigment Blue 15 | Dermal | | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Pigment Blue 15 | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 10,000 mg/kg |

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|---|---------------|---------------------------|
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl acrylate | Rabbit | Irritant |
| Isooctyl acrylate | In vitro data | No significant irritation |
| Isobornyl acrylate | Rabbit | Minimal irritation |
| 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate | Rabbit | Irritant |
| Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Benzophenone | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Pigment Blue 15 | Rabbit | No significant irritation |

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|---|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl acrylate | Rabbit | Severe irritant |
| Isooctyl acrylate | similar health hazards | Mild irritant |
| Isobornyl acrylate | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate | Rabbit | Moderate irritant |
| Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Benzophenone | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| Pigment Blue 15 | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Camphene | Rabbit | Moderate irritant |

Skin Sensitisation

| Name | Species | Value |
|-----------------------------|------------------|--|
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl acrylate | Human and animal | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Isooctyl acrylate | Mouse | Sensitising |
| Isobornyl acrylate | Mouse | Sensitising |
| 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate | Guinea pig | Sensitising |

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| | | |
|---|------------|----------------|
| Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide | Mouse | Sensitising |
| Benzophenone | Guinea pig | Not classified |
| Pigment Blue 15 | Human | Not classified |

Respiratory Sensitisation

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

| Name | Route | Value |
|---|----------|--|
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl acrylate | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Isooctyl acrylate | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Isobornyl acrylate | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Benzophenone | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Benzophenone | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Pigment Blue 15 | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |

Carcinogenicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|------------------|
| Isooctyl acrylate | Dermal | Mouse | Not carcinogenic |
| 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate | Dermal | Mouse | Not carcinogenic |
| Benzophenone | Dermal | Multiple animal species | Not carcinogenic |
| Benzophenone | Ingestion | Multiple animal species | Carcinogenic. |
| Pigment Blue 15 | Ingestion | Mouse | Not carcinogenic |

Reproductive Toxicity**Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects**

| Name | Route | Value | Species | Test result | Exposure Duration |
|---|---------------|--|---------|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| Isooctyl acrylate | Dermal | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 57 mg/kg/day | premating & during gestation |
| Isooctyl acrylate | Dermal | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 57 mg/kg/day | premating & during gestation |
| Isooctyl acrylate | Dermal | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 57 mg/kg/day | premating & during gestation |
| Isooctyl acrylate | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | during organogenesis |
| 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate | Not specified | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day | during organogenesis |
| Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide | Ingestion | Toxic to male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| Benzophenone | Ingestion | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day | 2 generation |
| Benzophenone | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 80 mg/kg/day | 2 generation |
| Benzophenone | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rabbit | NOAEL 25 mg/kg/day | during gestation |
| Pigment Blue 15 | Ingestion | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 1,000 | premating & during |

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| | | | | mg/kg/day | gestation |
|-----------------|-----------|--------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| Pigment Blue 15 | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | 42 days |
| Pigment Blue 15 | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | premating & during gestation |

Target Organ(s)**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure**

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test result | Exposure Duration |
|-----------------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl acrylate | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | | NOAEL Not available | |
| Isooctyl acrylate | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Not classified | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |
| Isooctyl acrylate | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 5,000 mg/kg | |
| Isobornyl acrylate | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | official classification | NOAEL Not available | |
| 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human | NOAEL Not available | |

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test result | Exposure Duration |
|---|-----------|--|--|---------|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| Isooctyl acrylate | Dermal | heart endocrine system hematopoietic system liver immune system nervous system kidney and/or bladder respiratory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 57 mg/kg/day | premating & during gestation |
| Isooctyl acrylate | Ingestion | endocrine system liver kidney and/or bladder heart bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system immune system muscles nervous system eyes respiratory system vascular system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate | Dermal | skin | May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure | Mouse | LOAEL 70 mg/kg/day | 80 weeks |
| Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide | Ingestion | skin blood liver kidney and/or bladder nervous system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| Benzophenone | Ingestion | kidney and/or bladder | May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure | Rat | LOAEL 75 mg/kg/day | 14 weeks |
| Benzophenone | Ingestion | heart hematopoietic system liver immune system endocrine system bone, teeth, nails, | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 850 mg/kg/day | 14 weeks |

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| | | | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------|--|----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| | | and/or hair nervous system eyes respiratory system | | | | |
| Pigment Blue 15 | Ingestion | endocrine system hematopoietic system respiratory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | 28 days |
| Pigment Blue 15 | Ingestion | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL Not available | not available |

Aspiration Hazard

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

12.1. Toxicity**Ecotoxic to the aquatic environment.****9.1A Aquatic toxicity**

No product test data available.

| Material | CAS Number | Organism | Type | Exposure | Test endpoint | Test result |
|---|------------|-------------------|---|----------|--------------------------|-------------|
| Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide | 75980-60-8 | Algae other | Experimental | 72 hours | Effect Concentration 10% | 1.56 mg/l |
| Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide | 75980-60-8 | Water flea | Experimental | 48 hours | EC50 | 3.53 mg/l |
| Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide | 75980-60-8 | Ricefish | Experimental | 48 hours | LC50 | 6.53 mg/l |
| Pigment Blue 15 | 147-14-8 | | Data not available or insufficient for classification | | | |
| Camphene | 79-92-5 | Sheepshead Minnow | Experimental | 96 hours | LC50 | 1.9 mg/l |
| Camphene | 79-92-5 | Zebra Fish | Experimental | 96 hours | LC50 | 0.72 mg/l |
| Camphene | 79-92-5 | Water flea | Experimental | 48 hours | LC50 | 22 mg/l |
| Isobornyl acrylate | 5888-33-5 | Green Algae | Experimental | 72 hours | NOEC | 0.405 mg/l |

| | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|----------------|---|----------|--------------------------|------------|
| Isobornyl acrylate | 5888-33-5 | Green algae | Experimental | 72 hours | EC50 | 1.98 mg/l |
| Isobornyl acrylate | 5888-33-5 | Water flea | Experimental | 21 days | NOEC | 0.092 mg/l |
| Isobornyl acrylate | 5888-33-5 | Zebra Fish | Experimental | 96 hours | LC50 | 0.704 mg/l |
| Benzophenone | 119-61-9 | Fathead minnow | Experimental | 7 days | NOEC | 2.1 mg/l |
| Benzophenone | 119-61-9 | Water flea | Experimental | 48 hours | EC50 | 6.8 mg/l |
| Benzophenone | 119-61-9 | Green Algae | Experimental | 72 hours | NOEC | 1 mg/l |
| Benzophenone | 119-61-9 | Green Algae | Experimental | 72 hours | EC50 | 3.5 mg/l |
| Benzophenone | 119-61-9 | Water flea | Experimental | 21 days | NOEC | 0.2 mg/l |
| Benzophenone | 119-61-9 | Fathead minnow | Experimental | 96 hours | LC50 | 10.89 mg/l |
| Isooctyl acrylate | 29590-42-9 | Green algae | Estimated | 72 hours | EC50 | 0.535 mg/l |
| Isooctyl acrylate | 29590-42-9 | Water flea | Experimental | 21 days | NOEC | 0.065 mg/l |
| Isooctyl acrylate | 29590-42-9 | Water flea | Experimental | 48 hours | EC50 | 0.4 mg/l |
| Isooctyl acrylate | 29590-42-9 | Fathead minnow | Experimental | 96 hours | LC50 | 0.67 mg/l |
| 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate | 13048-33-4 | Green algae | Experimental | 72 hours | Effect Concentration 10% | 0.585 mg/l |
| 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate | 13048-33-4 | Water flea | Experimental | 48 hours | EC50 | 2.6 mg/l |
| 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate | 13048-33-4 | Green algae | Experimental | 72 hours | EC50 | 1.5 mg/l |
| 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate | 13048-33-4 | Golden Orfe | Experimental | 96 hours | LC50 | 4.6 mg/l |
| n,n'-Bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidyl)-1,6-hexanediamine, polymers, w/morpholine-2,4,6-trichloro-1,3,5-triazine retn prod, methylated | 193098-40-7 | | Data not available or insufficient for classification | | | |
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl acrylate | 2399-48-6 | | Data not available or insufficient for classification | | | |
| Copper monochlorophthalocyanine | 12239-87-1 | | Data not available or insufficient for classification | | | |

12.2. Persistence and degradability

| Material | CAS Number | Test type | Duration | Study Type | Test result | Protocol |
|---|-------------|---|----------|-------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Isooctyl acrylate | 29590-42-9 | Experimental Biodegradation | 28 days | BOD | 93 % weight | OECD 301D - Closed bottle test |
| Isobornyl acrylate | 5888-33-5 | Experimental Biodegradation | 28 days | CO2 evolution | 57 % weight | OECD 310 CO2 Headspace |
| 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate | 13048-33-4 | Experimental Biodegradation | 28 days | CO2 evolution | 60-70 % weight | OECD 310 CO2 Headspace |
| Camphene | 79-92-5 | Experimental Biodegradation | 28 days | BOD | 2 % weight | OECD 301C - MITI test (I) |
| Benzophenone | 119-61-9 | Experimental Biodegradation | 28 days | BOD | 66-84 % weight | OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry |
| Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide | 75980-60-8 | Experimental Biodegradation | 28 days | BOD | <20 % weight | OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry |
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl acrylate | 2399-48-6 | Estimated Biodegradation | 28 days | BOD | 75 % weight | OECD 301C - MITI test (I) |
| Pigment Blue 15 | 147-14-8 | Data not available or insufficient for classification | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| n,n'-Bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidiny)-1,6-hexanediamine, polymers, w/morpholine-2,4,6-trichloro-1,3,5-triazine rxtn prod, methylated | 193098-40-7 | Data not available or insufficient for classification | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Isooctyl acrylate | 29590-42-9 | Estimated Photolysis | | Photolytic half-life (in air) | 1.45-1.78 days (t 1/2) | Other methods |
| Camphene | 79-92-5 | Experimental Photolysis | | Photolytic half-life (in air) | 7.2 hours (t 1/2) | Other methods |
| Copper monochlorophthalocyanine | 12239-87-1 | Experimental Biodegradation | 28 days | BOD | 5 % BOD/ThBOD | OECD 301C - MITI test (I) |

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

| Material | CAS Number | Test type | Duration | Study Type | Test result | Protocol |
|---|------------|-------------------------------|----------|------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate | 13048-33-4 | Experimental Bioconcentration | | Log Kow | 2.81 | Other methods |
| Benzophenone | 119-61-9 | Experimental BCF - Other | 56 days | Bioaccumulation factor | <12 | Other methods |
| Camphene | 79-92-5 | Experimental BCF-Carp | 56 days | Bioaccumulation factor | 606-1290 | OECD 305C-Bioaccumulation degree fish |
| Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide | 75980-60-8 | Experimental BCF-Carp | 56 days | Bioaccumulation factor | <55 | Other methods |

| | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|---|----------|------------------------|---------|--|
| trimethylbenzoyl phosphine oxide | | | | | | |
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl acrylate | 2399-48-6 | Estimated Bioconcentration | | Bioaccumulation factor | 7.4 | Estimated: Bioconcentration factor |
| Isooctyl acrylate | 29590-42-9 | Estimated Bioconcentration | | Bioaccumulation factor | 120-940 | Other methods |
| Isobornyl acrylate | 5888-33-5 | Estimated BCF - Other | 56 hours | Bioaccumulation factor | 37 | OECD 305E - Bioaccumulation flow-through fish test |
| Pigment Blue 15 | 147-14-8 | Data not available or insufficient for classification | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| n,n'-Bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidiny)-1,6-hexanediamine, polymers, w/morpholine-2,4,6-trichloro-1,3,5-triazine rxtn prod, methylated | 193098-40-7 | Data not available or insufficient for classification | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Copper monochlorophthalocyanine | 12239-87-1 | Estimated Bioconcentration | | Log Kow | -1.3 | Other methods |

12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

See Section 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

Packaging (that may or may not contain any residual substance) may be lawfully disposed of by householders or other consumers through public or commercial waste collection services.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

New Zealand Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods - Road/Rail Transport**UN No.:** UN3082**Proper Shipping Name:** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.**Class/Division:** 9**Sub Risk:** Not applicable.**Packing Group:** III**Special Instructions:** Not restricted, environmentally hazardous substance exception.**Hazchem Code:** 3Z**IERG:** 47**International Air Transport Association (IATA) - Air Transport****UN No.:** UN3082**Proper Shipping Name:** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.**Class/Division:** 9**Sub Risk:** Not applicable.**Packing Group:** III**Special Instructions:** Not restricted, as per Special Provision A197, environmentally hazardous substance exception.**International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Marine Transport****UN No.:** UN3082**Proper Shipping Name:** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.**Class/Division:** 9**Sub Risk:** Not applicable.**Packing Group:** III**Marine Pollutant:** Not applicable.**Special Instructions:** Not restricted, as per IMDG code 2.10.2.7, marine pollutant exception.**SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| HSNO Approval number | HSR002679 |
| Group standard name | Surface Coatings and Colourants (Toxic [6.7]) Group Standard 2006 |
| HSNO Hazard classification | Refer to Section 2: Hazard identification |

NZ Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) Status

All applicable chemical ingredients in this material are in compliance with NZIoC listing requirements.

HSNO Controls

| | |
|---|--|
| Approved handler test certificate | Not required |
| Location and transit Depot certification test | Not required |
| Hazardous atmosphere zone | Not required |
| Fire extinguishers | Not required |
| Emergency response plan | 100 L or 100 kg (for a HSNO 9.1A substance); or 1,000 L or 1,000 kg (for a HSNO 6.1D, 6.5A, 6.5B, 9.1B or 9.1C substance); or 10,000 L or 10,000 kg (for all other substances) |
| Secondary containment | 100 L or 100 kg (for a HSNO 9.1A substance); or 1,000 L or 1,000 kg (for a HSNO 6.1D, 6.5A, 6.5B, 9.1B or 9.1C substance); or 10,000 L or 10,000 kg (for all other substances) |
| Tracking | Not required |
| Warning signage | 100 L or 100 kg (for a HSNO 9.1A substance); or 1,000 L or 1,000 kg (for a HSNO 8.3A, 9.1B or 9.1C substance); or 10,000 L or 10,000 kg (for a HSNO 6.1D or 9.1D substance) |

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision information:

No revision information

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