Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the New Zealand, Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017.

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier
Scotch® Super Glue Liquid

Product Identification Numbers
70-0050-4945-0 70-0050-5580-4

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use
Glue

For Consumer Use

1.3. Supplier's details

Address:	3M New Zealand Ltd, 94 Apollo Drive, Rosedale 0632, Auckland
Telephone:	(09) 477 4040
E Mail:	innovation@nz.mmm.com
Website:	3m.co.nz

1.4. Emergency telephone number
24 hr Medical Emergency, National Poisons Centre, 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

Classified as hazardous in accordance with the relevant criteria of the HSNO Act 1996 and the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.
Refer to Section 14 of this Safety Data Sheet for product Dangerous Goods Classification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture
Flammable Liquids: Category 4
Eye irritation: Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure: Category 3 respiratory tract irritation

2.2. Label elements
SIGNAL WORD
Warning

Symbols:
Exclamation mark |

Pictograms

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

H227	Combustible Liquid
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

General

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Response

P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P312	Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P337 + P313	IF eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

Storage

P403	Store in a well-ventilated place.
P403 + P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P405	Store locked up.

Disposal

P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3. Other hazards
Avoid eye and skin contact. If eyelids are bonded, do not force open. In case of skin bonding, quickly soak in warm water and avoid excessive force to free bonded area. Contact through clothing may cause thermal burns. May bond tissue rapidly.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Weight
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate	7085-85-0	60 - 100

Poly(Methyl Methacrylate)	9011-14-7	10 - 30
Hydroquinone	123-31-9	0.05 - 0.1

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation
Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin contact
For skin bonds: Quickly soak in warm water and avoid use of excessive force to free bonded area. If unable to free bonded area, or if lips or mouth are bonded, get medical attention. If irritation persists, get medical attention.

Eye contact
Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical attention. DO NOT force eyelids open.
A product risk assessment is recommended to determine if eye wash facilities may be required when using this product in the workplace.

If swallowed
Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
No critical symptoms or effects. See Section 11.1, information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required
Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media
In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance	Condition
Carbon monoxide.	During combustion.
Carbon dioxide.	During combustion.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters
Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

5.4. Hazchem code: Not applicable.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools.

Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions
Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Refer to Section 15 - Controls for more information

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.)

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed to prevent contamination with water or air. If contamination is suspected, do not reseal container. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidising agents. Store away from amines.

7.3. Certified handler
Required when present in any quantity, for Acute toxicity Category 2 substances Not required

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Hydroquinone	123-31-9	ACGIH	TWA:1 mg/m3	A3: Confirmed animal carcin., Dermal Sensitizer
Hydroquinone	123-31-9	New Zealand WES	TWA(8 hours): 1 mg/m3	Dermal sensitizer, SKIN
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate	7085-85-0	ACGIH	TWA:0.2 ppm;STEL:1 ppm	Dermal/Respiratory Sensitizer

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association
CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines
New Zealand WES : New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards.
TWA: Time-Weighted-Average
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

ppm: parts per million
mg/m^3: milligrams per cubic metre
CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls
Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:
Indirect vented goggles.

Refer AS/NZS 1336 - Recommended practices for occupational eye protection and for performance specifications AS/NZS 1337, Parts 1 - 6 - Personal eye-protection.

Skin/hand protection
Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Do not wear cotton gloves. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.
Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:
Full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours.

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Refer AS/NZS 1715 - Selection, use and maintenance of respiratory protective equipment and AS/NZS 1716 - Respiratory protective devices.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.
Specific Physical Form:	Gel
Colour	Straw, Transparent White
Odour	Sharp Irritating
Odour threshold	*No data available.*
pH	*Not applicable.*
Melting point/Freezing point	*Not applicable.*
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	>=148.9 ºC
Flash point	80 - 93.3 ºC [*Test Method:*Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	*No data available.*

Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Flammable Limits(LEL)	*No data available.*
Flammable Limits(UEL)	*No data available.*
Vapour pressure	± 133.3 Pa [@ 20 ºC]
Vapor Density and/or Relative Vapor Density	3 [*Ref Std:*AIR=1]
Density	1.05 g/ml
Relative density	1.05 [*Ref Std:*WATER=1]
Water solubility	Negligible
Solubility- non-water	*No data available.*
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	*No data available.*
Autoignition temperature	*No data available.*
Decomposition temperature	*No data available.*
Viscosity/Kinematic Viscosity	30 - 100 mPa-s [@ 20 ºC]
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	*No data available.*
Percent volatile	90 - 95 %
VOC less H2O & exempt solvents	*No data available.*
Molecular weight	*No data available.*

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
This material is considered to be non reactive under normal use conditions

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Sparks and/or flames.

10.5 Incompatible materials
Water
Alcohols.
Amines.
Alkali and alkaline earth metals.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Substance	**Condition**
None known.	

Refer to Section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation
Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Skin contact
Bonds skin rapidly. Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness. Contact through clothing may cause thermal burns.

Eye contact
Bonds eyelids rapidly. Severe eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Ingestion
Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Toxicological Data
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Poly(Methyl Methacrylate)	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Poly(Methyl Methacrylate)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Hydroquinone	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 4,800 mg/kg
Hydroquinone	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 302 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Poly(Methyl Methacrylate)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Hydroquinone	Human and animal	Minimal irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate	Rabbit	Severe irritant
Poly(Methyl Methacrylate)	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Hydroquinone	Human	Corrosive

Sensitisation:

Skin Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate	Human	Not classified

Hydroquinone	Guinea pig	Sensitising

Respiratory Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate	Human	Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Hydroquinone	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Hydroquinone	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Hydroquinone	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
Hydroquinone	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Hydroquinone	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Hydroquinone	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Hydroquinone	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Hydroquinone	Ingestion	nervous system	May cause damage to organs	Rat	NOAEL Not available	not applicable
Hydroquinone	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 400 mg/kg	not applicable

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Hydroquinone	Ingestion	blood	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	40 days
Hydroquinone	Ingestion	bone marrow | liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	9 weeks
Hydroquinone	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 50 mg/kg/day	15 months
Hydroquinone	Ocular	eyes	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure

Aspiration Hazard

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

12.1. Toxicity
Ecotoxic to the aquatic environment.
Acute Aquatic Toxicity: Category 3

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Number	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate	7085-85-0	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
Poly(Methyl Methacrylate)	9011-14-7	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
Hydroquinone	123-31-9	Activated sludge	Experimental	2 hours	IC50	71 mg/l
Hydroquinone	123-31-9	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	ErC50	0.053 mg/l
Hydroquinone	123-31-9	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	0.044 mg/l
Hydroquinone	123-31-9	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	0.061 mg/l
Hydroquinone	123-31-9	Fathead minnow	Experimental	32 days	NOEC	>=0.066 mg/l
Hydroquinone	123-31-9	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	0.0015 mg/l
Hydroquinone	123-31-9	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	0.0029 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate	7085-85-0	Data not availbl-insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Poly(Methyl Methacrylate)	9011-14-7	Data not availbl-insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Hydroquinone	123-31-9	Experimental Biodegradation	14 days	BOD	70 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Ethyl 2-	7085-85-0	Data not	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

cyanoacrylate		available or insufficient for classification				
Poly(Methyl Methacrylate)	9011-14-7	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Hydroquinone	123-31-9	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	0.59	

12.4. Mobility in soil
Please contact manufacturer for more details

12.5 Other adverse effects
No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods
In accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the relevant criteria of the HSNO Act 1996.

Dispose of completely cured (or polymerized) material in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. If no other disposal options are available, waste product that has been completely cured or polymerized may be placed in a landfill properly designed for industrial waste. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

Packaging (that may or may not contain any residual substance) may be lawfully disposed of by householders or other consumers through public or commercial waste collection services.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

New Zealand Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods - Road/Rail Transport
UN No.: Not applicable.
Proper Shipping Name: Not applicable.
Class/Division: Not applicable.
Sub Risk: Not applicable.
Packing Group: Not applicable.

Hazchem Code: Not applicable.
IERG: Not applicable.

International Air Transport Association (IATA) - Air Transport
UN No.: Not applicable.
Proper Shipping Name: Not applicable.
Class/Division: Not applicable.
Sub Risk: Not applicable.
Packing Group: Not applicable.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Marine Transport
UN No.: Not applicable.

Proper Shipping Name: Not applicable.
Class/Division: Not applicable.
Sub Risk: Not applicable.
Packing Group: Not applicable.
Marine Pollutant: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

HSNO Approval number	HSR002657
Group standard name	Surface Coatings and Colourants (Combustible) Group Standard 2020
HSNO Hazard classification	Refer to Section 2: Hazard identification

NZ Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) Status
All applicable chemical ingredients in this material are in compliance with NZIoC listing requirements.

Controls in accordance with The Health and Safety at Work Act 2015, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017 and the HSNO Act 1996, Hazardous Substances (Hazardous Property Controls) Notice 2017

Certified handler	Required when present in any quantity, for Acute toxicity Category 2 substances Not required
Location Compliance Certificate	Not required
Hazardous atmosphere zone	Not required
Fire extinguishers	Two required for 500 L
Emergency response plan	100 L 100 L (for Hazardous to the aquatic environment Category 1 substances); or 1 000 L (for Acute toxicity Category 4, Skin sensitisation Category 1, Respiratory sensitisation Category 1, Hazardous to the aquatic environment Category 2 or Hazardous to the aquatic environment Category 3 substances); or 10 000 L (for all other substances)
Secondary containment	100 L 100 L (for Hazardous to the aquatic environment Category 1 substances); or 1 000 L (for Acute toxicity Category 4, Skin sensitisation Category 1, Respiratory sensitisation Category 1, Hazardous to the aquatic environment Category 2 or Hazardous to the aquatic environment Category 3 substances); or 10 000 L (for all other substances)
Tracking	Not required Required (for Acute toxicity Category 2 substances).
Warning signage	100 L (for Hazardous to the aquatic environment Category 1 substances); or 1 000 L (for Serious eye damage Category 1, Hazardous to the aquatic environment Category 2 or Hazardous to the aquatic environment Category 3 substances); or 10 000 L (for all other substances) 100 L (for Hazardous to the aquatic environment Category 1 substances); or 250 L (for all other substances)

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision information:
Complete document review.

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Key to abbreviations and acronyms
GHS refers to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 7th revised edition of 2017
HSNO means Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996

The information in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is believed to be correct as of the date of issue. TO THE EXTENT

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