

## Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Malaysia Occupational Safety and Health (Chemical Classification, Labelling and Safety Data Sheets) Regulations 2013.

## **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M<sup>TM</sup> Adhesive 1099

#### **Product Identification Numbers**

FJ-9250-6471-1 FS-9100-0586-7 FS-9100-0589-1 FS-9100-0590-9 FS-9100-0634-5 FS-9100-0699-8 FS-9100-2535-2 FS-9100-2536-0 GS-2000-5791-6 GS-2000-5792-4

KT-7773-0257-3

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

#### Recommended use

Plastic Adhesive, Fast drying adhesive with good resistance to plasticiser migration, used for bonding vinyl extrusions and sheeting.

### 1.3. Supplier's details

ADDRESS: 3M Malaysia Sdn. Bhd., Level 8, Block F, Oasis Square, No.2, Jalan PJU 1A/7A, Ara Damansara 47301

Petaling, Jaya, Selangor

**Telephone:** 03-7884 2888

E Mail: 3mmyehsr@mmm.com Website: www.3M.com.my

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

+60 03-7884 2888

## **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable Liquid: Category 2.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2. Chronic Aquatic Toxicity: Category 2.

### 2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Danger

**Symbols** 

Flame | Exclamation mark | Environment |

**Pictograms** 



**Hazard Statements** 

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

General:

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

**Prevention:** 

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P280B Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

**Response:** 

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P370 + P378G In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry

chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

Storage:

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable

local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt	
ACETONE	67-64-1	60 - 70	
ACRYLONITRILE-BUTADIENE	9003-18-3	10 - 20	
POLYMER			
Phenol-formaldehyde resin	Trade Secret	5 - 10	
Phenolic resin	Trade Secret	5 - 10	
SALICYLIC ACID	69-72-7	< 3	

ZINC OXIDE	1314-13-2	1 - 3
BENZENAMINE, N-PHENYL-,	68411-46-1	< 1
REACTION PRODUCTS WITH 2,4,4-		
TRIMETHYLPENTENE		
p-Tert-Butylphenol	98-54-4	< 1
PHENOL	108-95-2	< 0.75
O-CRESOL	95-48-7	< 0.5
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	< 0.1

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### **Skin Contact:**

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

#### **Eve Contact:**

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

#### If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No critical symptoms or effects. See Section 11.1, information on toxicological effects.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

## **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

### **Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products**

<b>Substance</b>	<u>Condition</u>
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion
Hydrogen Cyanide	During Combustion
Oxides of Nitrogen	During Combustion

### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

#### **6.2.** Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire extinguishing foam that is resistant to polar solvents. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial/occupational use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapor accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Store away from heat. Store away from oxidizing agents.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1. Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
ACETONE		ACGIH	TWA:250 ppm;STEL:500 ppm	A4: Not class. as human
				carcin
ACETONE		Malaysia OELs	TWA(8 hours):1187	
			mg/m3(500 ppm)	
CRESOLS (ORTHO-; META-;		Malaysia OELs	TWA(8 hours):22 mg/m3(5	SKIN
PARA-)			ppm)	
Formaldehyde		ACGIH	TWA:0.1 ppm;STEL:0.3 ppm	A1: Confirmed human
				carcin.,
				Dermal/Respiratory
				Sensitizer

Formaldehyde	Malaysia OELs	CEIL:0.37 mg/m3(0.3 ppm)	
O-CRESOL	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction and vapor):20 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin, Danger of
			cutaneous absorption
PHENOL	ACGIH	TWA:5 ppm	A4: Not class. as human
			carcin, Danger of
			cutaneous absorption
PHENOL	Malaysia OELs	TWA(8 hours):19 mg/m3(5	SKIN
		ppm)	
ZINC OXIDE	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):2	
		mg/m3;STEL(respirable	
		fraction):10 mg/m3	
ZINC OXIDE	Malaysia OELs	TWA(as fume)(8 hours):5	
		mg/m3;TWA(as dust)(8	
		hours):10 mg/m3	

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

Malaysia OELs: Malaysia. Occupational Safety and Health (Use and Standards of Exposure of Chemicals Hazardous to Health) Regulations

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

### 8.2. Exposure controls

### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

**Indirect Vented Goggles** 

#### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Butyl Rubber

Fluoroelastomer

Neoprene

### Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

information on basic physical and chemical propertie	3		
Physical state	Liquid		
Specific Physical Form:	Liquid		
Color	Off-White		
Odor	Ketones		
Odor threshold	No Data Available		
рН	No Data Available		
Melting point/Freezing point	No Data Available		
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	56 °C [Details: Acetone value]		
Flash Point	-18 °C [Details:closed cup]		
Evaporation rate	1.9 [Ref Std:WATER=1]		
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Applicable		
Flammable Limits(LEL)	2.1 % volume [Details: Acetone value LEL]		
Flammable Limits(UEL)	13 % volume [Details: Acetone value UEL]		
Vapor Pressure	23,998 Pa		
Vapor Density and/or Relative Vapor Density	2 [Ref Std:AIR=1]		
Density	No Data Available		
Relative Density	0.87 - 0.9 [ <i>Ref Std</i> :WATER=1]		
Water solubility	No Data Available		
Solubility- non-water	No Data Available		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	No Data Available		
Autoignition temperature	No Data Available		
Decomposition temperature	No Data Available		
Viscosity/Kinematic Viscosity	1,500 - 5,000 mPa-s [Details: CONDITIONS: AT 26 DEG. C]		
Volatile Organic Compounds	No Data Available		
Percent volatile	62 - 67 %		
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	No Data Available		
Molecular weight	No Data Available		

### **Nanoparticles**

This material does not contain nanoparticles.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

This material is considered to be non reactive under normal use conditions.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat

Sparks and/or flames

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

## Substance

#### **Condition**

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

#### 11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

#### Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

#### Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### **Skin Contact:**

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced) in sensitive people: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

### **Eye Contact:**

Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

#### **Ingestion:**

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

### **Additional Health Effects:**

### Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

#### Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

#### **Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

### **Acute Toxicity**

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg

Overall product	Inhalation- Vapor(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
ACETONE	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,688 mg/kg
ACETONE	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 76 mg/l
	Vapor (4		
	hours)		
ACETONE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,800 mg/kg
ACRYLONITRILE-BUTADIENE POLYMER	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,000 mg/kg
ACRYLONITRILE-BUTADIENE POLYMER	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 30,000 mg/kg
Phenolic resin	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Phenolic resin	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Phenol-formaldehyde resin	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Phenol-formaldehyde resin	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,660 mg/kg
SALICYLIC ACID	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
SALICYLIC ACID	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 891 mg/kg
ZINC OXIDE	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
ZINC OXIDE	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 5.7 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
ZINC OXIDE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
PHENOL	Inhalation-		LC50 estimated to be 2 - 10 mg/l
	Vapor		
PHENOL	Dermal	Rat	LD50 670 mg/kg
PHENOL	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 340 mg/kg
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 2,318 mg/kg
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 5.6  mg/l
	Dust/Mist (4 hours)		
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 4,000 mg/kg
BENZENAMINE, N-PHENYL-, REACTION PRODUCTS	Dermal	Rat	LD50 4,000 mg/kg LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
WITH 2,4,4-TRIMETHYLPENTENE	Definal	Kat	LD30 > 2,000 mg/kg
BENZENAMINE, N-PHENYL-, REACTION PRODUCTS	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
WITH 2,4,4-TRIMETHYLPENTENE	ingestion		2200 0,000 mg ng
O-CRESOL	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 890 mg/kg
O-CRESOL	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 24.5 mg/l
	Vapor (4		
	hours)		
O-CRESOL	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 121 mg/kg
Formaldehyde	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 270 mg/kg
Formaldehyde	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 470 ppm
	Gas (4		
F 111 1	hours)	D.	I D 50 000 //
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 800 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

## Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
ACETONE	Mouse	Minimal irritation
ACRYLONITRILE-BUTADIENE POLYMER	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgemen	
	t	
SALICYLIC ACID	Rabbit	No significant irritation
ZINC OXIDE	Human	No significant irritation
	and	
	animal	
PHENOL	Rat	Corrosive
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Rabbit	Irritant
O-CRESOL	Rabbit	Corrosive
Formaldehyde	official	Corrosive
	classificat	
	ion	

**Serious Eye Damage/Irritation** 

Name	Species	Value
ACETONE	Rabbit	Severe irritant
ACRYLONITRILE-BUTADIENE POLYMER	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgemen	
	t	
SALICYLIC ACID	Rabbit	Corrosive
ZINC OXIDE	Rabbit	Mild irritant
PHENOL	Rabbit	Corrosive
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Rabbit	Corrosive
O-CRESOL	Rabbit	Corrosive
Formaldehyde	official	Corrosive
	classificat	
	ion	

### **Sensitization:**

### **Skin Sensitization**

Name	Species	Value
Phenol-formaldehyde resin	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		sufficient for classification
SALICYLIC ACID	Mouse	Not classified
ZINC OXIDE	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
PHENOL	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Human	Not classified
	and	
	animal	
Formaldehyde	Guinea	Sensitizing
	pig	

### Photosensitization

Name	Species	Value
SALICYLIC ACID	Mouse	Not sensitizing

**Respiratory Sensitization** 

Name	Species	Value
Formaldehyde	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value		
ACETONE ACETONE	In vivo In Vitro	Not mutagenic Some positive data exist, but the data are not		
SALICYLIC ACID SALICYLIC ACID	In Vitro In vivo	sufficient for classification  Not mutagenic  Not mutagenic		
ZINC OXIDE	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		
ZINC OXIDE	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		
PHENOL	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		
PHENOL	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		

p-Tert-Butylphenol	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
O-CRESOL	In vivo	Not mutagenic
O-CRESOL	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		sufficient for classification
Formaldehyde	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		sufficient for classification
Formaldehyde	In vivo	Mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
ACETONE	Not	Multiple	Not carcinogenic
	Specified	animal	
		species	
PHENOL	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
			sufficient for classification
PHENOL	Ingestion	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
			sufficient for classification
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Ingestion	Multiple	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		animal	sufficient for classification
		species	
O-CRESOL	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
			sufficient for classification
O-CRESOL	Ingestion	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
			sufficient for classification
Formaldehyde	Not	Human	Carcinogenic
	Specified	and	
		animal	

# Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Name Route Value		Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration	
ACETONE	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,700 mg/kg/day	13 weeks	
ACETONE	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 5.2 mg/l	during organogenesis	
SALICYLIC ACID	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 75 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis	
ZINC OXIDE	Ingestion	Not classified for reproduction and/or development	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 125 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation	
PHENOL	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 321 mg/kg/day	2 generation	
PHENOL	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 321 mg/kg/day	2 generation	
PHENOL	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 120 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis	
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	2 generation	
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	2 generation	
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 70 mg/kg/day	2 generation	
O-CRESOL	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 450 mg/kg/day	2 generation	
O-CRESOL	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 450 mg/kg/day	2 generation	
O-CRESOL	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 175 mg/kg/day	2 generation	
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg	not applicable	
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 10 ppm	during gestation	

# Target Organ(s)

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure** 

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
ACETONE	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
ACETONE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
ACETONE	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 1.19 mg/l	6 hours
ACETONE	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	
ACETONE	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
PHENOL	Dermal	hematoppoitic system	Causes damage to organs	Rat	LOAEL 108 mg/kg	not available
PHENOL	Dermal	heart   nervous system   kidney and/or bladder	Causes damage to organs	Rat	LOAEL 107 mg/kg	24 hours
PHENOL	Dermal	liver	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	not available
PHENOL	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	not available
PHENOL	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Causes damage to organs	Rat	NOAEL 120 mg/kg/day	not applicable
PHENOL	Ingestion	respiratory system	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL not available	poisoning and/or abuse
PHENOL	Ingestion	endocrine system   liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 224 mg/kg	not applicable
PHENOL	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Rat	LOAEL 5.6 mg/l	4 hours
O-CRESOL	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
O-CRESOL	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Rat	LOAEL 68 mg/kg	
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	respiratory system	Causes damage to organs	Rat	LOAEL 128 ppm	6 hours
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure** 

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
ACETONE	Dermal	eyes	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	3 weeks
ACETONE	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 3 mg/l	6 weeks
ACETONE	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 1.19 mg/l	6 days
ACETONE	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL 119 mg/l	not available
ACETONE	Inhalation	heart   liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 45 mg/l	8 weeks
ACETONE	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
ACETONE	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
ACETONE	Ingestion	hematopoietic	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 200	13 weeks

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		system			mg/kg/day	
ACETONE	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL	14 days
					3,896	
				_	mg/kg/day	
ACETONE	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL	13 weeks
					3,400 mg/kg/day	
ACETONE	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL	13 weeks
ACETONE	ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Kat	2,500	13 WCCKS
					mg/kg/day	
ACETONE	Ingestion	muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL	13 weeks
					2,500 mg/kg	
ACETONE	Ingestion	skin   bone, teeth,	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL	13 weeks
		nails, and/or hair			11,298	
					mg/kg/day	
SALICYLIC ACID	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 500	3 days
					mg/kg/day	
ZINC OXIDE	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600	10 days
					mg/kg/day	
ZINC OXIDE	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Other	NOAEL 500	6 months
		hematopoietic system   kidney			mg/kg/day	
		and/or bladder				
PHENOL	Dermal	nervous system	May cause damage to organs	Rabbit	LOAEL 260	18 days
THENOL	Demiai	nervous system	though prolonged or repeated	Rabbit	mg/kg/day	10 days
			exposure		mg/kg/duy	
PHENOL	Inhalation	heart   liver   kidney	Causes damage to organs through	Guinea	LOAEL 0.1	41 days
		and/or bladder	prolonged or repeated exposure	pig	mg/l	,
		respiratory system				
PHENOL	Inhalation	nervous system	May cause damage to organs	Multiple	LOAEL 0.1	14 days
			though prolonged or repeated	animal	mg/l	
			exposure	species		
PHENOL	Inhalation	hematopoietic	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not	occupational
********		system			available	exposure
PHENOL	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.1	2 weeks
PHENOL	T	1:1 1/		Rat	mg/l NOAEL 12	14.1
PHENOL	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Kat	mg/kg/day	14 days
PHENOL	Ingestion	hematopoietic	Causes damage to organs through	Mouse	LOAEL 1.8	28 days
THENOL	ingestion	system	prolonged or repeated exposure	Wiouse	mg/kg/day	20 days
PHENOL	Ingestion	nervous system	May cause damage to organs	Rat	LOAEL 308	13 weeks
11121.02	mgestion	nor vous system	though prolonged or repeated	14	mg/kg/day	13 Weeks
			exposure			
PHENOL	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 40	14 days
					mg/kg/day	, and the second
PHENOL	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 40	14 days
					mg/kg/day	
PHENOL	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 1.8	28 days
				_	mg/kg/day	
PHENOL	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 120	14 days
DITENTOL	*	1:11	N. 1 'C' 1	36 10 1	mg/kg/day	102
PHENOL	Ingestion	skin   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Not classified	Multiple animal	NOAEL 1,204	103 weeks
		nans, and/of hair		species	mg/kg/day	
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600	2 generation
p-rent-buty/phenor	ingestion	liver   kidney and/or	Tvot classified	Kat	mg/kg/day	2 generation
		bladder			mg ng unj	
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Ingestion	blood	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 200	6 weeks
				<u> </u>	mg/kg	<u></u>
O-CRESOL	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600	90 days
					mg/kg/day	
O-CRESOL	Ingestion	hematopoietic	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL	90 days
		system   liver			2,024	
		immune system			mg/kg/day	
		kidney and/or				
F1d-h1	D- 1	bladder	Not designed	Mari	NOAEL 00	(0 1
Formaldehyde	Dermal	respiratory system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 80	60 weeks
		I.	]		mg/kg/day	1

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Formaldehyde	Inhalation	respiratory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	NOAEL 0.3 ppm	28 months
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 20 ppm	13 weeks
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 15 ppm	3 weeks
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	nervous system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 10 ppm	13 weeks
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	endocrine system   immune system   muscles   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 15 ppm	28 months
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 15 ppm	2 years
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	eyes   vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 14.3 ppm	2 years
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 14.3 ppm	2 years
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	2 years
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 20 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 15 mg/kg/day	24 months
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 109 mg/kg/day	2 years
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	heart   endocrine system   hematopoietic system   respiratory system   vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	2 years
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	skin   muscles   eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 109 mg/kg/day	2 years

### **Aspiration Hazard**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

### 12.1. Toxicity

#### Acute aquatic hazard:

GHS Acute 2: Toxic to aquatic life.

### Chronic aquatic hazard:

GHS Chronic 2: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

No product test data available

Material	Cas #	Organism	Туре	Exposure	Test Endpoint	Test Result
ACETONE		Algae other	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	11,493 mg/l

ACETONE		Crustecea other	Experimental	24 hours	LC50	2,100 mg/l
ACETONE		Rainbow Trout		96 hours	LC50	5,540 mg/l
ACETONE		Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	1,000 mg/l
ACETONE		Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	NOEC	1,700 mg/l
ACETONE		Redworm	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	>100
ACRYLONIT			Data not			N/A
RILE-			available or			
BUTADIENE			insufficient for			
POLYMER			classification			
Phenol-	Trade Secret		Data not			N/A
formaldehyde			available or			
resin			insufficient for			
			classification			
Phenolic resin	Trade Secret		Data not			N/A
			available or			
			insufficient for			
			classification			
SALICYLIC		Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
ACID						
SALICYLIC		Medaka	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
ACID			1			
SALICYLIC		Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	870 mg/l
ACID			1			
SALICYLIC		Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	10 mg/l
ACID			1			
SALICYLIC		Activated	Experimental	3 hours	EC50	>3,200
ACID		sludge	1			
SALICYLIC		Bacteria	Experimental	18 hours	EC10	465
ACID						
ZINC OXIDE		Activated	Estimated	3 hours	EC50	6.5 mg/l
		sludge				
ZINC OXIDE		Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC50	0.052 mg/l
ZINC OXIDE		Rainbow Trout	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	0.21 mg/l
ZINC OXIDE		Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EC50	0.07 mg/l
ZINC OXIDE		Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEC	0.006 mg/l
ZINC OXIDE		Water flea	Estimated	7 days	NOEC	0.02 mg/l
BENZENAMI		Activated	Experimental	3 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
NE, N-		sludge	1			
PHENYL-,						
REACTION						
PRODUCTS						
WITH 2,4,4-						
TRIMETHYLP						
ENTENE						
BENZENAMI		Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
NE, N-						
PHENYL-,						
REACTION						
PRODUCTS	[	1				
WITH 2,4,4-						
TRIMETHYLP	1	1				
ENTENE		1				
BENZENAMI		Water flea	Experimental	24 hours	EC50	0.82 mg/l
NE, N-						

	T	1	1		, ,
PHENYL-,					
REACTION					
PRODUCTS					
WITH 2,4,4-					
TRIMETHYLP					
ENTENE					
	Zebra Fish	E-manimantal	06 harres	1.050	> 71 ~/1
BENZENAMI	Zebra Fish	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>71 mg/l
NE, N-					
PHENYL-,					
REACTION					
PRODUCTS					
WITH 2,4,4-					
TRIMETHYLP					
ENTENE					
BENZENAMI	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	10 mg/l
NE, N-	Green argae	Laperinicitai	/2 Hours	NOLC	10 mg/1
PHENYL-,					
REACTION					
PRODUCTS					
WITH 2,4,4-					
TRIMETHYLP					
ENTENE					
BENZENAMI	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	EC10	1.69 mg/l
NE, N-	, acci iica	Emperimentar	21 days	ECTO	1.09 mg/1
PHENYL-,					
REACTION					
PRODUCTS					
WITH 2,4,4-					
TRIMETHYLP					
ENTENE					
p-Tert-	Ciliated	Experimental	60 hours	IC50	18.4 mg/l
Butylphenol	protozoa				
p-Tert-	Crustecea other	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	1.9 mg/l
Butylphenol		Z.ip vi iii viii iii	) o 110 til b		
p-Tert-	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	14 mg/l
1	Green Aigae	Experimental	/2 Hours	LC30	14 mg/1
Butylphenol	3.5.1.1		0.61	7.070	
p-Tert-	Medaka	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	5.1 mg/l
Butylphenol					
p-Tert-	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	3.9 mg/l
Butylphenol					
p-Tert-	Fathead	Experimental	128 days	NOEC	0.01 mg/l
Butylphenol	Minnow	F			
p-Tert-	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	0.32 mg/l
Butylphenol	Green Algae	Experimental	/2 Hours	NOLC	0.32 mg/1
	777 / CI	D 1	21.1	NOEG	0.72
p-Tert-	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	0.73 mg/l
Butylphenol					
PHENOL	Bacteria	Experimental	24 hours	IC50	21 mg/l
PHENOL	Green algae	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	61.1 mg/l
PHENOL	Rainbow Trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	8.9 mg/l
PHENOL	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	3.1 mg/l
	<del> </del>		<del>-</del>	NOEC	
PHENOL	Fish other	Experimental	60 days		0.077 mg/l
PHENOL	Water flea	Experimental	16 days	NOEC	0.16 mg/l
O-CRESOL	Activated	Experimental	5 days	EC50	940 mg/l
	sludge				<u>                                      </u>
•					

O-CRESOL	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	NOEC	33 mg/l
O-CRESOL	Fish other	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	6.2 mg/l
O-CRESOL	Green Algae	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	65 mg/l
O-CRESOL	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	9.6 mg/l
O-CRESOL	Fathead	Estimated	32 days	NOEC	1.35 mg/l
	Minnow				
O-CRESOL	Water flea	Estimated	21 days	NOEC	1 mg/l
O-CRESOL	Algae	Experimental	96 hours	NOEC	40 mg/l
Formaldehyde	Activated	Experimental	3 hours	IC50	20.4 mg/l
	sludge				
Formaldehyde	Fish other	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	6.7 mg/l
Formaldehyde	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	4.89 mg/l
Formaldehyde	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	5.8 mg/l
Formaldehyde	Medaka	Experimental	28 days	NOEC	>=48 mg/l
Formaldehyde	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	>=6.4 mg/l

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS No.	Test Type	Duration	Study Type	Test Result	Protocol
ACETONE		Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half- life (in air)	147 days (t 1/2)	
ACETONE		Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	Biological Oxygen Demand	78 % BOD/ThBOD	OECD 301D - Closed Bottle Test
ACRYLONIT RILE- BUTADIENE POLYMER		Data not availbl- insufficient			N/A	
Phenol- formaldehyde resin	Trade Secret	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	Carbon dioxide evolution	0 %CO2 evolution/THC O2 evolution	
Phenolic resin	Trade Secret	Data not availbl-insufficient			N/A	
SALICYLIC ACID		Experimental Biodegradation	14 days	Biological Oxygen Demand	88.1 % BOD/ThBOD	OECD 301C - MITI (I)
ZINC OXIDE		Data not availbl-insufficient			N/A	
BENZENAMI NE, N- PHENYL-, REACTION PRODUCTS WITH 2,4,4- TRIMETHYLP ENTENE		Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	Carbon dioxide evolution	<=1 % weight	OECD 301B - Mod. Sturm or CO2
p-Tert- Butylphenol		Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	Dissolv. Organic Carbon Deplet	98 % weight	Non-standard method
PHENOL		Experimental Biodegradation	100 hours	Biological Oxygen Demand	62 % BOD/ThBOD	OECD 301C - MITI (I)

O-CRESOL	Experimental	20 days	Biological	86 %	Non-standard method
	Biodegradation		Oxygen	BOD/ThBOD	
	_		Demand		
Formaldehyde	Experimental		Photolytic half-	1-2 hours (t	Non-standard method
	Photolysis		life(in water)	1/2)	
Formaldehyde	Experimental	28 days	Dissolv.	99 %removal	OECD 301A - DOC
	Biodegradation	-	Organic	of DOC	Die Away Test
			Carbon Deplet		

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS No.	Test Type	Duration	Study Type	Test Result	Protocol
ACETONE		Experimental		Bioaccumulatio	0.65	
		BCF - Other		n Factor		
ACETONE		Experimental		Log of	-0.24	
		Bioconcentrati		Octanol/H2O		
		on		part. coeff		
ACRYLONIT		Data not	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
RILE-		available or				
BUTADIENE		insufficient for				
POLYMER		classification				
Phenol-	Trade Secret	Estimated		Bioaccumulatio	7.4	Non-standard method
formaldehyde		Bioconcentrati		n Factor		
resin		on				
Phenolic resin	Trade Secret	Data not	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		available or				
		insufficient for				
		classification				
SALICYLIC		Experimental		Log of	2.26	
ACID		Bioconcentrati		Octanol/H2O		
		on		part. coeff		
ZINC OXIDE		Experimental	56 days	Bioaccumulatio	≤217	OECD 305E-Bioaccum
		BCF-Carp		n Factor		Fl-thru fis
BENZENAMI		Estimated	42 days	Bioaccumulatio	1730	Non-standard method
NE, N-		BCF-Carp		n Factor		
PHENYL-,						
REACTION						
PRODUCTS						
WITH 2,4,4-						
TRIMETHYLP						
ENTENE						
p-Tert-		Experimental	56 days	Bioaccumulatio	88	OECD 305E-Bioaccum
Butylphenol		BCF-Carp		n Factor		Fl-thru fis
PHENOL		Experimental		Log of	1.47	Non-standard method
		Bioconcentrati		Octanol/H2O		
		on		part. coeff		
O-CRESOL		Experimental		Bioaccumulatio	10.7	OECD 305E-Bioaccum
		BCF - Other		n Factor		Fl-thru fis
Formaldehyde		Experimental		Log of	0.35	Non-standard method
		Bioconcentrati		Octanol/H2O		
		on		part. coeff		

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

#### 12.5 Other adverse effects

No information available

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Disposal methods

According to the Environmental Quality (Scheduled Wastes) Regulations 2005, scheduled waste has to be sent to a prescribed premise for recycling, treatment or disposal. Please approach Kualiti Alam for proper schedule waste classification and disposal.

## **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

### **Marine Transport (IMDG)**

UN Number: UN1133

Proper Shipping Name: ADHESIVES Technical Name: None assigned. Hazard Class/Division: 3
Subsidiary Risk: None assigned.

Packing Group:II Limited Quantity:Yes

Marine Pollutant: None assigned.

Marine Pollutant Technical Name: None assigned.

**Other Dangerous Goods Descriptions:** 

None assigned.

#### Air Transport (IATA)

UN Number: UN1133

Proper Shipping Name: ADHESIVES Technical Name: None assigned. Hazard Class/Division: 3
Subsidiary Risk: None assigned.

Packing Group:II

Limited Quantity: None assigned. Marine Pollutant: None assigned.

Marine Pollutant Technical Name: None assigned.

Other Dangerous Goods Descriptions:

None assigned.

Transportation classifications are provided as a customer service. As for shipping, YOU remain responsible for complying with all applicable laws and regulations, including proper transportation classification and packaging. 3M's transportation classifications are based on product formulation, packaging, 3M policies and 3M's understanding of applicable current regulations. 3M does not guarantee the accuracy of this classification information. This information applies only to transportation classification and not the packaging, labeling or marking requirements. The above information is only for reference. If you are shipping by air or ocean, YOU are advised to check & meet applicable regulatory requirements.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Global inventory status

Contact 3M for more information. The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Australia National Industrial Chemical Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS). Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information. The components of this product are in compliance with the new substance notification requirements of CEPA. This product complies with Measures on Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances. All ingredients are listed on or exempt from on China IECSC inventory. The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.

3M Malaysia SDSs are available at www.3M.com.my