

Safety Data Sheet

Copyright, 2020, 3M Company.

All rights reserved. Copying and/or downloading of this information for the purpose of properly utilizing 3M products is allowed provided that: (1) the information is copied in full with no changes unless prior written agreement is obtained from 3M, and (2) neither the copy nor the original is resold or otherwise distributed with the intention of earning a profit thereon.

| Document Group: | 20-5056-5 | Version Number: | 3.00 |
|-----------------|------------|------------------|------------|
| Issue Date: | 17/03/2020 | Supercedes Date: | 16/03/2015 |

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Malaysia Occupational Safety and Health (Chemical Classification, Labelling and Safety Data Sheets) Regulations 2013.

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3MTM Screen Printing UV Ink 9802 Opaque Black

Product Identification Numbers 75-3470-5595-8

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Screen Printing Ink, Ink

1.3. Supplier's details

ADDRESS:3M Malaysia Sdn. Bhd., Level 8, Block F, Oasis Square, No.2, Jalan PJU 1A/7A, Ara Damansara 47301
Petaling, Jaya, SelangorTelephone:03-7884 2888E Mail:3mmyehsr@mmm.comWebsite:www.3M.com.my

1.4. Emergency telephone number +60 03-7884 2888

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2. Skin Sensitizer: Category 1. Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1B. Carcinogenicity: Category 2. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1. Chronic Aquatic Toxicity: Category 2.

2.2. Label elements Signal word Danger

Symbols

Exclamation mark | Health Hazard | Environment |



| Hazard Statements | |
|--------------------------|--|
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H360 | May damage fertility or the unborn child. |
| H351 | Suspected of causing cancer. |
| H372 | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: respiratory system |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| Precautionary statements | |
| General: | |
| P102 | Keep out of reach of children. |
| P101 | If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. |
| Prevention: | |
| P201 | Obtain special instructions before use. |
| P260 | Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. |
| P280E | Wear protective gloves. |
| P281 | Use personal protective equipment as required. |
| P273 | Avoid release to the environment. |
| Response: | |
| P305 + P351 + P338 | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. |
| P333 + P313 | If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. |
| P308 + P313 | IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. |
| Storage: | |
| P405 | Store locked up. |
| Disposal: P501 | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations. |
| 2.3. Other hazards | |

None known

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

This material is a mixture.

| Ingredient | C.A.S. No. | % by Wt |
|------------------------|------------|---------|
| PHENOXY ETHYL ACRYLATE | 48145-04-6 | 30 - 40 |
| VINYLCAPROLACTAM | 2235-00-9 | 10 - 20 |

| | m 1 0 | 10.00 |
|---|--------------|---------|
| METHACRYLATE POLYMER | Trade Secret | 10 - 20 |
| ALIPHATIC URETHANE ACRYLATE | Trade Secret | 7 - 13 |
| 1-BUTANONE, 2-(DIMETHYLAMINO)- | 119313-12-1 | 1 - 5 |
| 1-[4-(4-MORPHOLINYL)PHENYL]-2- | | |
| (PHENYLMETHYL)- | | |
| 1-PROPANONE, 2-METHYL-1-[4- | 71868-10-5 | 1 - 5 |
| (METHYLTHIO)PHENYL]-2-(4- | | |
| MORPHOLINYL)- | | |
| CARBON BLACK | 1333-86-4 | 1 - 5 |
| DIETHYLENE GLYCOL ETHYL ETHER | 7328-17-8 | 1 - 5 |
| ACRYLATE | | |
| PROPOXYLATED GLYCEROL | 52408-84-1 | 1 - 5 |
| TRIACRYLATE | | |
| SYNTHETIC AMORPHOUS SILICA, | 112945-52-5 | 1 - 5 |
| FUMED, CRYSTALLINE FREE | | |
| 2,4,6-Trimethylbenzoyldiphenylphosphine | 75980-60-8 | < 1.0 |
| oxide | | |
| TMPEOTA | 28961-43-5 | < 1.0 |
| 4-Methoxyphenol | 150-76-5 | < 0.5 |
| OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXAN | 556-67-2 | < 0.5 |
| Е | | |
| | 1 | |

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required Not applicable.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

| <u>Substance</u> | |
|------------------|--|
| Formaldehyde | |
| Carbon monoxide | |
| Carbon dioxide | |

<u>Condition</u> During Combustion During Combustion During Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Keep cool. Protect from sunlight. Store away from heat. Store away from oxidizing agents. Store away from areas where product may come into contact with food or pharmaceuticals.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

| Ingredient | C.A.S. No. | Agency | Limit type | Additional Comments |
|------------|------------|--------|------------|---------------------|
| | | | | |

| CARBON BLACK | 1333-86-4 | ACGIH | TWA(inhalable fraction):3 | A3: Confirmed animal |
|------------------|-----------|---------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| | | | mg/m3 | carcin. |
| CARBON BLACK | 1333-86-4 | Malaysia OELs | TWA(8 hours):3.5 mg/m3 | |
| 4-Methoxyphenol | 150-76-5 | ACGIH | TWA:5 mg/m3 | |
| 4-Methoxyphenol | 150-76-5 | Malaysia OELs | TWA(8 hours):5 mg/m3 | |
| VINYLCAPROLACTAM | 2235-00-9 | Manufacturer | TWA:0.1 ppm(0.57 mg/m3) | |
| | | determined | | |

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

Malaysia OELs : Malaysia. Occupational Safety and Health (Use and Standards of Exposure of Chemicals Hazardous to Health) Regulations TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended: $V_{i} = V_{i} + V_{i} + 10^{-1}$

Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron - polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

| 9.1. Information of | ı basic physical and | chemical properties |
|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|

| Physical state | Liquid |
|-------------------------|--------|
| Specific Physical Form: | Liquid |
| | |

| Odor | Acrylate | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Odor threshold | No Data Available | | |
| рН | Not Applicable | | |
| Melting point/Freezing point | Not Applicable | | |
| Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range | > 148.9 °C | | |
| Flash Point | > 93.3 °C [<i>Test Method</i> :Pensky-Martens Closed Cup] | | |
| Evaporation rate | <1 [Ref Std:BUOAC=1] | | |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not Applicable | | |
| Flammable Limits(LEL) | No Data Available | | |
| Flammable Limits(UEL) | No Data Available | | |
| Vapor Pressure | < 160 Pa [@ 20 °C] | | |
| Vapor Density | No Data Available | | |
| Density | Approximately 1.3 g/ml | | |
| Relative Density | Approximately 1.3 [<i>Ref Std</i> :WATER=1] | | |
| Water solubility | Negligible | | |
| Solubility- non-water | No Data Available | | |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water | No Data Available | | |
| Autoignition temperature | No Data Available | | |
| Decomposition temperature | No Data Available | | |
| Viscosity | No Data Available | | |
| Volatile Organic Compounds | 8 g/l | | |
| Percent volatile | 1 - 5 % weight | | |
| VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents | 8 g/l | | |
| | | | |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization may occur. Upon loss of initiator or with exposure to heat.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Sparks and/or flames Heat

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be

Condition

present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

Eye Contact:

Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Ingestion:

May be harmful if swallowed.

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Respiratory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include cough, shortness of breath, chest tightness, wheezing, increased heart rate, bluish colored skin (cyanosis), sputum production, changes in lung function tests, and/or respiratory failure.

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|------------------------|-----------|---------|--|
| Overall product | Dermal | | No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg |
| Overall product | Ingestion | | No data available; calculated ATE2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg |
| PHENOXY ETHYL ACRYLATE | Dermal | Rat | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| PHENOXY ETHYL ACRYLATE | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| METHACRYLATE POLYMER | Dermal | | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg |
| METHACRYLATE POLYMER | Ingestion | | LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg |
| VINYLCAPROLACTAM | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 1,700 mg/kg |
| VINYLCAPROLACTAM | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 1,049 mg/kg |
| CARBON BLACK | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg |

| CARBON BLACK | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 8,000 mg/kg |
|---|-------------|-----------|--|
| SYNTHETIC AMORPHOUS SILICA, FUMED, | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| CRYSTALLINE FREE | Dermai | rabbit | 12000 - 0,000 mg kg |
| SYNTHETIC AMORPHOUS SILICA, FUMED, | Inhalation- | Rat | LC50 > 0.691 mg/l |
| CRYSTALLINE FREE | Dust/Mist | | |
| | (4 hours) | | |
| SYNTHETIC AMORPHOUS SILICA, FUMED, | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,110 mg/kg |
| CRYSTALLINE FREE | - | | |
| PROPOXYLATED GLYCEROL TRIACRYLATE | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| PROPOXYLATED GLYCEROL TRIACRYLATE | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| DIETHYLENE GLYCOL ETHYL ETHER ACRYLATE | Dermal | | LD50 estimated to be 1,000 - 2,000 mg/kg |
| DIETHYLENE GLYCOL ETHYL ETHER ACRYLATE | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 1,860 mg/kg |
| 1-BUTANONE, 2-(DIMETHYLAMINO)-1-[4-(4- | Dermal | Rat | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| MORPHOLINYL)PHENYL]-2-(PHENYLMETHYL)- | | | |
| 1-BUTANONE, 2-(DIMETHYLAMINO)-1-[4-(4- | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| MORPHOLINYL)PHENYL]-2-(PHENYLMETHYL)- | | | |
| 1-PROPANONE, 2-METHYL-1-[4-(METHYLTHIO)PHENYL]- | Dermal | Rat | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| 2-(4-MORPHOLINYL)- | | | |
| 1-PROPANONE, 2-METHYL-1-[4-(METHYLTHIO)PHENYL]- | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 967 mg/kg |
| 2-(4-MORPHOLINYL)- | | | |
| TMPEOTA | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 13,000 mg/kg |
| TMPEOTA | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| 2,4,6-Trimethylbenzoyldiphenylphosphine oxide | Dermal | Professio | LD50 estimated to be $> 5,000 \text{ mg/kg}$ |
| | | nal | |
| | | judgeme | |
| | | nt | |
| 2,4,6-Trimethylbenzoyldiphenylphosphine oxide | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE | Dermal | Rat | LD50 > 2,400 mg/kg |
| OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE | Inhalation- | Rat | LC50 36 mg/l |
| | Dust/Mist | | |
| | (4 hours) | | |
| OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| 4-Methoxyphenol | Dermal | Rat | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| 4-Methoxyphenol | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 1,630 mg/kg |

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|--|---------|---------------------------|
| | | |
| PHENOXY ETHYL ACRYLATE | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| VINYLCAPROLACTAM | Rabbit | Minimal irritation |
| CARBON BLACK | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| SYNTHETIC AMORPHOUS SILICA, FUMED, CRYSTALLINE FREE | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| PROPOXYLATED GLYCEROL TRIACRYLATE | Rabbit | Minimal irritation |
| DIETHYLENE GLYCOL ETHYL ETHER ACRYLATE | Rabbit | Irritant |
| 1-BUTANONE, 2-(DIMETHYLAMINO)-1-[4-(4-MORPHOLINYL)PHENYL]- | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| 2-(PHENYLMETHYL)- | | |
| 1-PROPANONE, 2-METHYL-1-[4-(METHYLTHIO)PHENYL]-2-(4- | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| MORPHOLINYL)- | | |
| TMPEOTA | Rabbit | Minimal irritation |
| 2,4,6-Trimethylbenzoyldiphenylphosphine oxide | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE | Rabbit | Minimal irritation |
| 4-Methoxyphenol | Rabbit | Mild irritant |

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|--|---------|---------------------------|
| | | |
| PHENOXY ETHYL ACRYLATE | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| VINYLCAPROLACTAM | Rabbit | Severe irritant |
| CARBON BLACK | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| SYNTHETIC AMORPHOUS SILICA, FUMED, CRYSTALLINE FREE | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| PROPOXYLATED GLYCEROL TRIACRYLATE | Rabbit | Severe irritant |
| DIETHYLENE GLYCOL ETHYL ETHER ACRYLATE | Rabbit | Severe irritant |
| 1-BUTANONE, 2-(DIMETHYLAMINO)-1-[4-(4-MORPHOLINYL)PHENYL]- | Rabbit | No significant irritation |

| 2-(PHENYLMETHYL)- | | |
|--|--------|---------------------------|
| 1-PROPANONE, 2-METHYL-1-[4-(METHYLTHIO)PHENYL]-2-(4- | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| MORPHOLINYL)- | | |
| TMPEOTA | Rabbit | Severe irritant |
| 2,4,6-Trimethylbenzoyldiphenylphosphine oxide | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| 4-Methoxyphenol | Rabbit | Severe irritant |

Skin Sensitization

| Name | Species | Value |
|--|---------|----------------|
| | | |
| PHENOXY ETHYL ACRYLATE | Guinea | Sensitizing |
| | pig | |
| VINYLCAPROLACTAM | Mouse | Sensitizing |
| SYNTHETIC AMORPHOUS SILICA, FUMED, CRYSTALLINE FREE | Human | Not classified |
| | and | |
| | animal | |
| PROPOXYLATED GLYCEROL TRIACRYLATE | Mouse | Sensitizing |
| DIETHYLENE GLYCOL ETHYL ETHER ACRYLATE | Guinea | Sensitizing |
| | pig | |
| 1-BUTANONE, 2-(DIMETHYLAMINO)-1-[4-(4-MORPHOLINYL)PHENYL]- | Guinea | Not classified |
| 2-(PHENYLMETHYL)- | pig | |
| TMPEOTA | Guinea | Sensitizing |
| | pig | |
| 2,4,6-Trimethylbenzoyldiphenylphosphine oxide | Mouse | Sensitizing |
| OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE | Human | Not classified |
| | and | |
| | animal | |
| 4-Methoxyphenol | Guinea | Sensitizing |
| | pig | |

Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

| Name | Route | Value |
|---|----------|--|
| VINYLCAPROLACTAM | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| CARBON BLACK | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| CARBON BLACK | In vivo | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| SYNTHETIC AMORPHOUS SILICA, FUMED, CRYSTALLINE FREE | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| 1-BUTANONE, 2-(DIMETHYLAMINO)-1-[4-(4-MORPHOLINYL)PHENYL]- 2-(PHENYLMETHYL)- | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| 1-BUTANONE, 2-(DIMETHYLAMINO)-1-[4-(4-MORPHOLINYL)PHENYL]- 2-(PHENYLMETHYL)- | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| 2,4,6-Trimethylbenzoyldiphenylphosphine oxide | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| 4-Methoxyphenol | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| 4-Methoxyphenol | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |

Carcinogenicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|--|------------|----------|--|
| CARBON BLACK | Dermal | Mouse | Not carcinogenic |
| CARBON BLACK | Ingestion | Mouse | Not carcinogenic |
| CARBON BLACK | Inhalation | Rat | Carcinogenic |
| SYNTHETIC AMORPHOUS SILICA, FUMED, CRYSTALLINE | Not | Mouse | Some positive data exist, but the data are not |
| FREE | Specified | | sufficient for classification |
| 4-Methoxyphenol | Dermal | Multiple | Not carcinogenic |
| | | animal | |
| | | species | |
| 4-Methoxyphenol | Ingestion | Multiple | Some positive data exist, but the data are not |

| species | | animal | sufficient for classification |
|---------|--|---------|-------------------------------|
| | | species | |

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

| Name | Route | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure Duration |
|---|------------|--|---------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| PHENOXY ETHYL ACRYLATE | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 800 mg/kg/day | 43 days |
| PHENOXY ETHYL ACRYLATE | Ingestion | Toxic to female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day | premating into lactation |
| PHENOXY ETHYL ACRYLATE | Ingestion | Toxic to development | Rat | NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day | premating into lactation |
| SYNTHETIC AMORPHOUS SILICA, FUMED, CRYSTALLINE FREE | Ingestion | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 509 mg/kg/day | 1 generation |
| SYNTHETIC AMORPHOUS SILICA, FUMED, CRYSTALLINE FREE | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 497 mg/kg/day | 1 generation |
| SYNTHETIC AMORPHOUS SILICA, FUMED, CRYSTALLINE FREE | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 1,350 mg/kg/day | during organogenesis |
| 1-BUTANONE, 2-(DIMETHYLAMINO)- 1-[4-(4-MORPHOLINYL)PHENYL]-2- (PHENYLMETHYL)- | Ingestion | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day | 1 generation |
| 1-BUTANONE, 2-(DIMETHYLAMINO)- 1-[4-(4-MORPHOLINYL)PHENYL]-2- (PHENYLMETHYL)- | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day | 1 generation |
| 1-BUTANONE, 2-(DIMETHYLAMINO)- 1-[4-(4-MORPHOLINYL)PHENYL]-2- (PHENYLMETHYL)- | Ingestion | Toxic to development | Rat | NOAEL 30 mg/kg/day | 1 generation |
| 1-PROPANONE, 2-METHYL-1-[4- (METHYLTHIO)PHENYL]-2-(4- MORPHOLINYL)- | Ingestion | Toxic to female reproduction | Rat | LOAEL 40 mg/kg/day | 1 generation |
| 1-PROPANONE, 2-METHYL-1-[4- (METHYLTHIO)PHENYL]-2-(4- MORPHOLINYL)- | Ingestion | Toxic to development | Rat | LOAEL 40 mg/kg/day | 1 generation |
| 2,4,6-Trimethylbenzoyldiphenylphosphine oxide | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day | during gestation |
| 2,4,6-Trimethylbenzoyldiphenylphosphine oxide | Ingestion | Toxic to female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day | premating into lactation |
| 2,4,6-Trimethylbenzoyldiphenylphosphine oxide | Ingestion | Toxic to male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 60 mg/kg/day | 85 days |
| OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXA NE | Inhalation | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 8.5 mg/l | 2 generation |
| OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXA NE | Ingestion | Toxic to female reproduction | Rabbit | NOAEL 50 mg/kg/day | during organogenesis |
| OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXA NE | Inhalation | Toxic to female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 3.6 mg/l | 2 generation |
| 4-Methoxyphenol | Ingestion | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day | premating into lactation |
| 4-Methoxyphenol | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day | 28 days |
| 4-Methoxyphenol | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day | during gestation |

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure |
|------------------|------------|------------------------|--|------------------------------|------------------------|----------|
| | | | | | | Duration |
| VINYLCAPROLACTAM | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL Not available | |
| 4-Methoxyphenol | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | similar health hazards | NOAEL Not available | |

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure Duration |
|---|------------|--|--|---------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| VINYLCAPROLACTAM | Inhalation | respiratory system | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure | Rat | NOAEL 0.001 mg/l | 28 days |
| VINYLCAPROLACTAM | Inhalation | blood liver kidney and/or bladder eyes | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 0.18 mg/l | 90 days |
| VINYLCAPROLACTAM | Ingestion | liver | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 260 mg/kg/day | 3 months |
| CARBON BLACK | Inhalation | pneumoconiosis | Not classified | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |
| SYNTHETIC AMORPHOUS SILICA, FUMED, CRYSTALLINE FREE | Inhalation | respiratory system silicosis | Not classified | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |
| 1-BUTANONE, 2- (DIMETHYLAMINO)-1- [4-(4- MORPHOLINYL)PHENY L]-2- (PHENYLMETHYL)- | Ingestion | endocrine system hematopoietic system liver kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day | 28 days |
| 1-PROPANONE, 2- METHYL-1-[4- (METHYLTHIO)PHENY L]-2-(4- MORPHOLINYL)- | Ingestion | peripheral nervous system eyes | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 75 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| 2,4,6- Trimethylbenzoyldiphenyl phosphine oxide | Ingestion | skin blood liver kidney and/or bladder nervous system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| OCTAMETHYLCYCLOT ETRASILOXANE | Dermal | hematopoietic system | Not classified | Rabbit | NOAEL 960 mg/kg/day | 3 weeks |
| OCTAMETHYLCYCLOT ETRASILOXANE | Inhalation | liver | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 8.5 mg/l | 13 weeks |
| OCTAMETHYLCYCLOT ETRASILOXANE | Inhalation | endocrine system immune system kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 8.5 mg/l | 2 generation |
| OCTAMETHYLCYCLOT ETRASILOXANE | Inhalation | hematopoietic system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 8.5 mg/l | 13 weeks |
| OCTAMETHYLCYCLOT ETRASILOXANE | Ingestion | liver | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg/day | 2 weeks |
| 4-Methoxyphenol | Ingestion | gastrointestinal tract | Not classified | Rat | LOAEL 300 mg/kg/day | 28 days |
| 4-Methoxyphenol | Ingestion | liver immune system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day | 28 days |
| 4-Methoxyphenol | Ingestion | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | LOAEL 300 mg/kg/day | 28 days |
| 4-Methoxyphenol | Ingestion | heart endocrine system hematopoietic system nervous system respiratory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day | 28 days |

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Aspiration Hazard

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic hazard:

GHS Acute 2: Toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic hazard:

GHS Chronic 2: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

No product test data available

| Material | Cas # | Organism | Туре | Exposure | Test Endpoint | |
|-------------|--------------|-------------|------------------|----------|---------------|-----------|
| PHENOXY | 48145-04-6 | Golden Orfe | Experimental | 96 hours | Lethal | 10 mg/l |
| ETHYL | | | | | Concentration | |
| ACRYLATE | | | | | 50% | |
| PHENOXY | 48145-04-6 | Green algae | Experimental | 72 hours | Effect | 4.4 mg/l |
| ETHYL | | | | | Concentration | |
| ACRYLATE | | | | | 50% | |
| PHENOXY | 48145-04-6 | Water flea | Experimental | 48 hours | Effect | 1.21 mg/l |
| ETHYL | | | | | Concentration | |
| ACRYLATE | | | | | 50% | |
| PHENOXY | 48145-04-6 | Green algae | Experimental | 72 hours | Effect | 0.71 mg/l |
| ETHYL | | | | | Concentration | |
| ACRYLATE | | | | | 10% | |
| METHACRYL | Trade Secret | | Data not | | | |
| ATE | | | available or | | | |
| POLYMER | | | insufficient for | | | |
| | | | classification | | | |
| VINYLCAPR | 2235-00-9 | Green algae | Experimental | 72 hours | Effect | >100 mg/l |
| OLACTAM | | | | | Concentration | |
| | | | | | 50% | |
| VINYLCAPR | 2235-00-9 | Water flea | Experimental | 48 hours | Effect | >100 mg/l |
| OLACTAM | | | | | Concentration | |
| | | | | | 50% | |
| VINYLCAPR | 2235-00-9 | Zebra Fish | Experimental | 96 hours | Lethal | 307 mg/l |
| OLACTAM | | | | | Concentration | |
| | | | | | 50% | |
| VINYLCAPR | 2235-00-9 | Green algae | Experimental | 72 hours | No obs Effect | 25 mg/l |
| OLACTAM | | | | | Conc | |
| ALIPHATIC | Trade Secret | | Data not | | | |
| URETHANE | | | available or | | | |
| ACRYLATE | | | insufficient for | | | |
| | | | classification | | | |
| 1- | 119313-12-1 | Green Algae | Experimental | 72 hours | Effect | >0.5 mg/l |
| BUTANONE, | | | | | Concentration | |
| 2- | | | | | 50% | |
| (DIMETHYLA | | | | | | |
| MINO)-1-[4- | | | | | | |
| (4- | | | | | | |

| MORPHOLIN | | | | | | |
|----------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|---------------|-------------|
| YL)PHENYL]- | | | | | | |
| 2- | | | | | | |
| 2 (PHENYLME | | | | | | |
| THYL)- | | | | | | |
| 1- | 119313-12-1 | Zebra Fish | Experimental | 96 hours | Lethal | 0.46 mg/l |
| BUTANONE, | 119313-12-1 | Zeora Fish | Experimental | 90 110015 | Concentration | 0.40 mg/1 |
| | | | | | | |
| 2- | | | | | 50% | |
| (DIMETHYLA | | | | | | |
| MINO)-1-[4- | | | | | | |
| (4- | | | | | | |
| MORPHOLIN | | | | | | |
| YL)PHENYL]- | | | | | | |
| 2- | | | | | | |
| (PHENYLME | | | | | | |
| THYL)- | | | | | | |
| 1- | 119313-12-1 | Green Algae | Experimental | 72 hours | No obs Effect | 0.5 mg/l |
| BUTANONE, | | | 1 | | Conc | U U |
| 2- | | | | | | |
| (DIMETHYLA | | | | | | |
| MINO)-1-[4- | | | | | | |
| (4- | | | | | | |
| MORPHOLIN | | | | | | |
| YL)PHENYL]- | | | | | | |
| 2- | | | | | | |
| (PHENYLME | | | | | | |
| ` | | | | | | |
| THYL)- 1- | 71969 10 5 | C | F | 72.1 | Effer at | 1.6 |
| | 71868-10-5 | Green algae | Experimental | 72 hours | Effect | 1.6 mg/l |
| PROPANONE, | | | | | Concentration | |
| 2-METHYL-1- | | | | | 50% | |
| [4- (A)[7]] | | | | | | |
| (METHYLTHI | | | | | | |
| O)PHENYL]- | | | | | | |
| 2-(4- | | | | | | |
| MORPHOLIN | | | | | | |
| YL)- | | 1 | | 1 | | |
| 1- | 71868-10-5 | Water flea | Experimental | 24 hours | Effect | 15.3 mg/l |
| PROPANONE, | | | | | Concentration | |
| 2-METHYL-1- | | | | | 50% | |
| [4- | | | | | | |
| (METHYLTHI | | | | | | |
| O)PHENYL]- | | | | | | |
| 2-(4- | | | | | | |
| MORPHOLIN | | | | | | |
| YL)- | | | | | | |
| 1- | 71868-10-5 | Zebra Fish | Experimental | 96 hours | Lethal | 9 mg/l |
| PROPANONE, | | | | | Concentration | |
| 2-METHYL-1- | | | | | 50% | |
| [4- | | | | | | |
| (METHYLTHI | | | | | | |
| O)PHENYL]- | | | | | | |
| 2-(4- | | | | | | |
| MORPHOLIN | | | | | | |
| YL)- | | | | | | |
| 1- | 71868-10-5 | Green algae | Experimental | 72 hours | Effect | 0.92 mg/l |
| 1- | 1/1000-10-3 | joreen algae | Experimental | 12 nours | IEffect | 0.92 IIIg/1 |

| DDODANONE | 1 | 1 | | 1 | | 1 |
|-------------|------------|----------------------|------------------|----------|---------------|------------|
| PROPANONE, | | | | | Concentration | |
| 2-METHYL-1- | | | | | 10% | |
| [4- | | | | | | |
| (METHYLTHI | | | | | | |
| O)PHENYL]- | | | | | | |
| 2-(4- | | | | | | |
| MORPHOLIN | | | | | | |
| YL)- | | | | | | |
| 1- | 71868-10-5 | Water flea | E-m anim antal | 21 dans | Effect | 1.75 |
| | | water nea | Experimental | 21 days | | 1.75 mg/l |
| PROPANONE, | | | | | Concentration | |
| 2-METHYL-1- | | | | | 10% | |
| [4- | | | | | | |
| (METHYLTHI | | | | | | |
| O)PHENYL]- | | | | | | |
| 2-(4- | | | | | | |
| MORPHOLIN | | | | | | |
| YL)- | | | | | | |
| CARBON | 1333-86-4 | | Data not | | 1 | |
| BLACK | 1333-00-4 | | available or | | | |
| DLACK | | | | | | |
| | | | insufficient for | | | |
| | ļ | | classification | | | |
| DIETHYLENE | 7328-17-8 | Golden Orfe | Experimental | 96 hours | Lethal | 10 mg/l |
| GLYCOL | | | | | Concentration | |
| ETHYL | | | | | 50% | |
| ETHER | | | | | | |
| ACRYLATE | | | | | | |
| DIETHYLENE | 7220 17 0 | Cusan Alasa | E-m anim antal | 72 hours | Effect | 2.2 m c/l |
| | /328-1/-8 | Green Algae | Experimental | 72 nours | | 3.2 mg/l |
| GLYCOL | | | | | Concentration | |
| ETHYL | | | | | 50% | |
| ETHER | | | | | | |
| ACRYLATE | | | | | | |
| DIETHYLENE | 7328-17-8 | Water flea | Experimental | 48 hours | Effect | 10.56 mg/l |
| GLYCOL | | | 1 | | Concentration | |
| ETHYL | | | | | 50% | |
| ETHER | | | | | | |
| ACRYLATE | | | | | | |
| | 52409 94 1 | Course also | F | 70.1 | Effer at | 12.2 |
| PROPOXYLA | 52408-84-1 | Green algae | Experimental | 72 hours | Effect | 12.2 mg/l |
| TED | | | | | Concentration | |
| GLYCEROL | | | | | 50% | |
| TRIACRYLAT | | | | | | |
| E | | | | | | |
| PROPOXYLA | 52408-84-1 | Water flea | Experimental | 48 hours | Effect | 91.4 mg/l |
| TED | | | 1 | | Concentration | |
| GLYCEROL | | | | | 50% | |
| TRIACRYLAT | | | | | | |
| E | | | | | | |
| | 52400 04 1 | 7 -1 1 | Francis (1 | 061 | T +41 +1 | 5.74 |
| | 52408-84-1 | Zebra Fish | Experimental | 96 hours | Lethal | 5.74 mg/l |
| TED | | | | | Concentration | |
| GLYCEROL | | | | | 50% | |
| TRIACRYLAT | | | | | | |
| Е | | | | | | |
| | 52408-84-1 | Green algae | Experimental | 72 hours | No obs Effect | 0.921 mg/l |
| TED | | | r | | Conc | |
| GLYCEROL | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| TRIACRYLAT | <u> </u> | | | | | |

| Е | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|---------------|--|----------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| SYNTHETIC AMORPHOUS SILICA, FUMED, CRYSTALLIN | 112945-52-5 | Green Algae | Experimental | 72 hours | Effect Concentration 50% | >100 mg/l |
| E FREE SYNTHETIC AMORPHOUS SILICA, FUMED, CRYSTALLIN | 112945-52-5 | Water flea | Experimental | 24 hours | Effect Concentration 50% | >100 mg/l |
| E FREE SYNTHETIC AMORPHOUS SILICA, FUMED, CRYSTALLIN | 112945-52-5 | Zebra Fish | Experimental | 96 hours | Lethal Concentration 50% | >100 mg/l |
| E FREE SYNTHETIC AMORPHOUS SILICA, FUMED, CRYSTALLIN E FREE | 112945-52-5 | Green Algae | Experimental | 72 hours | No obs Effect Conc | 60 mg/l |
| 2,4,6- Trimethylbenz oyldiphenylpho sphine oxide | 75980-60-8 | Water flea | Experimental | 48 hours | Effect Concentration 50% | 3.53 mg/l |
| 2,4,6- Trimethylbenz oyldiphenylpho sphine oxide | 75980-60-8 | Zebra Fish | Experimental | 96 hours | Lethal Concentration 50% | mg/l |
| 2,4,6- Trimethylbenz oyldiphenylpho sphine oxide | 75980-60-8 | Green algae | Experimental | 72 hours | Effect Concentration 10% | 1.56 mg/l |
| ΤΜΡΕΟΤΑ | 28961-43-5 | | Data not available or insufficient for classification | | | |
| 4- Methoxyphenol | 150-76-5 | Green Algae | Experimental | 72 hours | Effect Concentration 50% | 54.7 mg/l |
| 4- Methoxyphenol | 150-76-5 | Rainbow Trout | Experimental | 96 hours | Lethal Concentration 50% | 28.5 mg/l |
| 4- Methoxyphenol | 150-76-5 | Water flea | Experimental | 48 hours | Effect Concentration 50% | 2.2 mg/l |
| 4- Methoxyphenol | 150-76-5 | Green Algae | Experimental | 72 hours | No obs Effect Conc | 2.96 mg/l |
| 4- Methoxyphenol | 150-76-5 | Water flea | Experimental | 21 days | No obs Effect Conc | 0.68 mg/l |
| OCTAMETHY | | Rainbow Trout | Experimental | 93 days | No obs Effect | 0.0044 mg/l |

| LCYCLOTET | | | | | Conc | |
|-----------|----------|------------|--------------|---------|---------------|-------------|
| RASILOXAN | | | | | | |
| Е | | | | | | |
| OCTAMETHY | 556-67-2 | Water flea | Experimental | 21 days | No obs Effect | 0.0079 mg/l |
| LCYCLOTET | | | | | Conc | |
| RASILOXAN | | | | | | |
| Е | | | | | | |

12.2. Persistence and degradability

| Material | CAS No. | Test Type | Duration | Study Type | Test Result | Protocol |
|-------------|--------------|----------------|----------|------------------|---------------|--------------------|
| PHENOXY | 48145-04-6 | Estimated | | Photolytic half- | 9.7 hours (t | Other methods |
| ETHYL | | Photolysis | | life (in air) | 1/2) | |
| ACRYLATE | | | | | | |
| PHENOXY | 48145-04-6 | Experimental | 28 days | Biological | 22.3 % | OECD 301D - Closed |
| ETHYL | | Biodegradation | - | Oxygen | BOD/ThBOD | Bottle Test |
| ACRYLATE | | | | Demand | | |
| METHACRYL | Trade Secret | Data not | | | N/A | |
| ATE | | availbl- | | | | |
| POLYMER | | insufficient | | | | |
| VINYLCAPR | 2235-00-9 | Experimental | 28 days | Dissolv. | 30-40 % | OECD 301A - DOC |
| OLACTAM | | Biodegradation | 5 | Organic | weight | Die Away Test |
| | | | | Carbon Deplet | | |
| ALIPHATIC | Trade Secret | Data not | | | N/A | |
| URETHANE | | availbl- | | | | |
| ACRYLATE | | insufficient | | | | |
| 1- | 119313-12-1 | Experimental | 28 days | Dissolv. | 3 % weight | Other methods |
| BUTANONE, | | Biodegradation | 5 | Organic | | |
| 2- | | | | Carbon Deplet | | |
| (DIMETHYLA | | | | | | |
| MINO)-1-[4- | | | | | | |
| (4- | | | | | | |
| MORPHOLIN | | | | | | |
| YL)PHENYL]- | | | | | | |
| 2- | | | | | | |
| (PHENYLME | | | | | | |
| THYL)- | | | | | | |
| 1- | 71868-10-5 | Experimental | 28 days | Carbon dioxide | ≤1 % weight | OECD 301B - Mod. |
| PROPANONE, | | Biodegradation | | evolution | | Sturm or CO2 |
| 2-METHYL-1- | | | | | | |
| [4- | | | | | | |
| (METHYLTHI | | | | | | |
| O)PHENYL]- | | | | | | |
| 2-(4- | | | | | | |
| MORPHOLIN | | | | | | |
| YL)- | | | | | | |
| CARBON | 1333-86-4 | Data not | | | N/A | |
| BLACK | | availbl- | | | | |
| | | insufficient | | | | |
| DIETHYLENE | 7328-17-8 | | 28 days | Carbon dioxide | | OECD 301B - Mod. |
| GLYCOL | | Biodegradation | | evolution | evolution/THC | Sturm or CO2 |
| ETHYL | | | | | O2 evolution | |
| ETHER | | | | | | |
| ACRYLATE | | | | | | |
| PROPOXYLA | 52408-84-1 | Experimental | 28 days | Carbon dioxide | 72-85 % | OECD 301B - Mod. |

| TED GLYCEROL | | Biodegradation | | evolution | weight | Sturm or CO2 |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| TRIACRYLAT | | | | | | |
| E | | | | | | |
| SYNTHETIC | 112945-52-5 | Data not | | | N/A | |
| AMORPHOUS | | availbl- | | | | |
| SILICA, | | insufficient | | | | |
| FUMED, | | | | | | |
| CRYSTALLIN | | | | | | |
| E FREE | | | | | | |
| 2,4,6- | 75980-60-8 | Experimental | 28 days | Biological | ≤10 % | OECD 301F - |
| Trimethylbenz | | Biodegradation | | Oxygen | BOD/ThBOD | Manometric Respiro |
| oyldiphenylpho | | | | Demand | | |
| sphine oxide | | | a 0, 1 | | | |
| ТМРЕОТА | 28961-43-5 | Experimental | 28 days | Carbon dioxide | | OECD 301B - Mod. |
| | 150 56 5 | Biodegradation | 20.1 | evolution | weight | Sturm or CO2 |
| 4- | 150-76-5 | Experimental | 28 days | Biological | 86 % | OECD 301C - MITI (I) |
| Methoxyphenol | | Biodegradation | | Oxygen Demand | BOD/ThBOD | |
| OCTAMETHY | 556-67-2 | Experimental | | Photolytic half- | 31 days (t 1/2) | Other methods |
| LCYCLOTET | | Photolysis | | life (in air) | | |
| RASILOXAN | | | | | | |
| Е | | | | | | |
| OCTAMETHY | 556-67-2 | Experimental | | Hydrolytic | 69.3-144 hours | Other methods |
| LCYCLOTET | | Hydrolysis | | half-life | (t 1/2) | |
| RASILOXAN | | | | | | |
| E | | | | | | |
| | 556-67-2 | | 28 days | Carbon dioxide | 3.7 % weight | OECD 310 CO2 |
| LCYCLOTET | | Biodegradation | | evolution | | Headspace |
| RASILOXAN | | | | | | |
| Е | | | | | | |

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

| Material | CAS No. | Test Type | Duration | Study Type | Test Result | Protocol |
|---|--------------|--|----------|--------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|
| PHENOXY ETHYL ACRYLATE | 48145-04-6 | Experimental Bioconcentrati on | | Log of Octanol/H2O part. coeff | 2.58 | Other methods |
| METHACRYL ATE POLYMER | Trade Secret | Data not available or insufficient for classification | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| VINYLCAPR OLACTAM | 2235-00-9 | Experimental Bioconcentrati on | | Log of Octanol/H2O part. coeff | 1.2 | Other methods |
| ALIPHATIC URETHANE ACRYLATE | Trade Secret | Data not available or insufficient for classification | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 1- BUTANONE, 2- (DIMETHYLA MINO)-1-[4- (4- | 119313-12-1 | Experimental Bioconcentrati on | | Log of Octanol/H2O part. coeff | 2.91 | Other methods |

| MORPHOLIN YL)PHENYL]- 2- (PHENYLME THYL)- 1- PROPANONE, 2-METHYL-1- [4- (METHYLTHI O)PHENYL]- 2-(4- MORPHOLIN YL)- CARBON | 71868-10-5 | Experimental BCF - Other Data not | 56 days N/A | Bioaccumulatio n Factor N/A | <10 N/A | Other methods |
|---|-------------|--|----------------|--------------------------------------|------------|---------------|
| BLACK | 1000 00 1 | available or insufficient for classification | | | 1.011 | |
| DIETHYLENE GLYCOL ETHYL ETHER ACRYLATE | 7328-17-8 | Experimental Bioconcentrati on | | Log of Octanol/H2O part. coeff | 1.105 | Other methods |
| PROPOXYLA TED GLYCEROL TRIACRYLAT E | 52408-84-1 | Experimental Bioconcentrati on | | Log of Octanol/H2O part. coeff | 2.52 | Other methods |
| SYNTHETIC AMORPHOUS SILICA, FUMED, CRYSTALLIN E FREE | 112945-52-5 | Data not available or insufficient for classification | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 2,4,6- Trimethylbenz oyldiphenylpho sphine oxide | 75980-60-8 | Experimental BCF-Carp | 56 days | Bioaccumulatio n Factor | ≤40 | Other methods |
| ΤΜΡΕΟΤΑ | 28961-43-5 | Experimental Bioconcentrati on | | Log of Octanol/H2O part. coeff | 2.89 | Other methods |
| 4- Methoxyphenol | | Experimental Bioconcentrati on | | Log of Octanol/H2O part. coeff | 1.58 | Other methods |
| OCTAMETHY LCYCLOTET RASILOXAN E | 556-67-2 | Experimental BCF - Fathead Mi | 28 days | Bioaccumulatio n Factor | 12400 | Other methods |

12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

According to the Environmental Quality (Scheduled Wastes) Regulations 2005, scheduled waste has to be sent to a prescribed premise for recycling, treatment or disposal. Please approach Kualiti Alam for proper schedule waste classification and disposal.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

Not hazardous for transportation.

Marine Transport (IMDG)

UN Number:None assigned. Proper Shipping Name:None assigned. Technical Name:None assigned. Hazard Class/Division:None assigned. Subsidiary Risk:None assigned. Packing Group:None assigned. Limited Quantity:None assigned. Marine Pollutant: None assigned. Marine Pollutant Technical Name: None assigned. Other Dangerous Goods Descriptions: None assigned.

Air Transport (IATA)

UN Number:None assigned. Proper Shipping Name:None assigned. Technical Name:None assigned. Hazard Class/Division:None assigned. Subsidiary Risk:None assigned. Packing Group:None assigned. Limited Quantity:None assigned. Marine Pollutant: None assigned. Marine Pollutant Technical Name: None assigned. Other Dangerous Goods Descriptions: None assigned.

Transportation classifications are provided as a customer service. As for shipping, YOU remain responsible for complying with all applicable laws and regulations, including proper transportation classification and packaging. 3M's transportation classifications are based on product formulation, packaging, 3M policies and 3M's understanding of applicable current regulations. 3M does not guarantee the accuracy of this classification information. This information applies only to transportation classification and not the packaging, labeling or marking requirements. The above information is only for reference. If you are shipping by air or ocean, YOU are advised to check & meet applicable regulatory requirements.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Global inventory status

Contact 3M for more information. The components of this product are in compliance with the new substance notification requirements of CEPA. The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of

TSCA. This product complies with Measures on Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances. All ingredients are listed on or exempt from on China IECSC inventory.

SECTION 16: Other information

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.

3M Malaysia SDSs are available at www.3M.com.my