

Safety Data Sheet

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 Document group:
 41-7836-4
 Version number:
 4.00

 Issue Date:
 2024/09/20
 Supercedes Date:
 2024/02/09

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations.

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3MTM Scotch-WeldTM Low Odor Acrylic Adhesive 8710NS, Black, Part B

Product Identification Numbers

62-2870-8530-2 62-2870-9530-1

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Intended Use

Adhesive

Restrictions on use

Not applicable

1.3. Supplier's details

Company: 3M Canada Company

Division: Industrial Adhesives and Tapes Division

Address: 1840 Oxford Street East, Post Office Box 5757, London, Ontario N6A 4T1

Telephone: (800) 364-3577 **Website:** www.3M.ca

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Medical Emergency Telephone:1-800-3M HELPS / 1800 364 3577

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A. Skin Sensitizer: Category 1.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Warning

Symbols

Exclamation mark

Pictograms



Hazard statements

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection. Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response:

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

None known.

15% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute oral toxicity.

15% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

68% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt	Common Name
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	868-77-9	27 - 50	2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-
			hydroxyethyl ester
Butadiene-Acrylonitrile Polymer	9003-18-3	1 - 20	2-Propenenitrile, polymer with 1,3-
			butadiene
Kaolin	1332-58-7	0.1 - 20	Kaolin
Cyclohexyl methacrylate	101-43-9	4.9 - 15	No Data Available
Polymeric Methacrylate	Trade Secret	3 - 15	Not Applicable
Lauryl methacrylate	142-90-5	3 - 10.5	No Data Available
Acrylic Copolymer	Trade Secret	<= 10	Not Applicable
Amorphous silica	67762-90-7	1 - 5	Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction
			products with silica
Hexadecyl methacryate	2495-27-4	0.1 - 5	No Data Available
Myristyl methacrylate	2549-53-3	1 - 5	No Data Available
Phosphate Esters of PPG	95175-93-2	0.5 - 5 Trade Secret *	No Data Available
Methacrylate			

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Urethane Acrylate Oligomer	Trade Secret	0.1 - 5	Not Applicable
Hydroxypropyl methacrylate	27813-02-1	0.35 - 1.75	2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, monoester
			with 1,2-propanediol
4-Methoxyphenol	150-76-5	< 1	4-Methoxyphenol
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	< 1	Carbon black
Methyl Methacrylate	80-62-6	< 1	2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester
Copper Naphthenates	1338-02-9	< 0.25	No Data Available
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	< 0.1	1,3-Butadiene

Polymeric Methacrylate is a non-hazardous Trade Secret material according to WHMIS criteria.

Acrylic Copolymer is a non-hazardous Trade Secret material according to WHMIS criteria.

Lizathone Aprilate Oligomeria a non-hazardous Trade Secret material according to WHMIS criteria.

Urethane Acrylate Oligomer is a non-hazardous Trade Secret material according to WHMIS criteria.

Carbon black is inextricably bound in this product. Exposure to carbon black is not expected during product use

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Allergic skin reaction (redness, swelling, blistering, and itching).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Unsuitable extinguishing media

None Determined

5.3. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Exposure to extreme heat can give rise to thermal decomposition.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

SubstanceConditionCarbon monoxideDuring CombustionCarbon dioxideDuring CombustionHydrogen ChlorideDuring Combustion

^{*}The actual concentration of this ingredient has been withheld as a trade secret.

Hydrogen Fluoride Oxides of Nitrogen During Combustion
During Combustion

5.4. Special protection actions for fire-fighters

Wear full protective equipment (Bunker Gear) and a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapours, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not breathe thermal decomposition products. For industrial or professional use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.)

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from strong bases. Store away from oxidizing agents. Store away from amines.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	ACGIH	TWA:2 ppm	
Kaolin	1332-58-7	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):2 mg/m3	
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):3 mg/m3	
COPPER COMPOUNDS	1338-02-9	ACGIH	TWA(as Cu, fume):0.2	

			mg/m3;TWA(as Cu dust or mist):1 mg/m3	
4-Methoxyphenol	150-76-5	ACGIH	TWA:5 mg/m3	
Methyl Methacrylate	80-62-6	ACGIH	TWA:50 ppm;STEL:100 ppm	Dermal Sensitizer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

For those situations where the material might be exposed to extreme overheating due to misuse or equipment failure, use with appropriate local exhaust ventilation sufficient to maintain levels of thermal decomposition products below their exposure guidelines. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Safety Glasses with side shields

Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron - polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

For those situations where the material might be exposed to extreme overheating due to misuse or equipment failure, use a positive pressure supplied-air respirator.

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid	
Specific Physical Form:	Paste	
Colour	Black	
Odour	Mild Acrylate	
Odour threshold	No Data Available	
рН	Not Applicable	
Melting point/Freezing point	Not Applicable	
Boiling point	No Data Available	
Flash Point	> 93.3 °C [Test Method:Closed Cup]	
Evaporation rate	No Data Available	
Flammability	Not Applicable	
Flammable Limits(LEL)	No Data Available	
Flammable Limits(UEL)	No Data Available	
Vapour Pressure	No Data Available	
Vapour Density and/or Relative Vapour Density	No Data Available	
Density	1.04 g/ml	
Relative density	1.04 [Ref Std:WATER=1]	
Water solubility	Nil	
Solubility- non-water	No Data Available	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	No Data Available	
Autoignition temperature	No Data Available	
Decomposition temperature	No Data Available	
Kinematic Viscosity	38,462 mm2/sec	
Volatile Organic Compounds	No Data Available	
Percent volatile	No Data Available	
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	<=10 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]	
	[Details: when used as intended with Part A]	
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	<=575 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]	
	[Details:as supplied]	
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	<=1 % [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]	
	[Details: when used as intended with Part A]	
Molecular weight	Not Applicable	

Particle Characteristics	Not Applicable
-	•

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat

Sparks and/or flames

10.5. Incompatible materials

3M™ Scotch-Weld™ Low Odor Acrylic Adhesive 8710NS, Black, Part B

Amines Strong acids Strong bases Strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance

Condition

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

Extreme heat arising from situations such as misuse or equipment failure can generate hydrogen fluoride as a decomposition product.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Skin Contact:

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

Eve Contact:

Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Carcinogenicity:

Ingredient	CAS No.	Class Description	Regulation
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	Known To Be Human Carcinogen.	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	Grp. 1: Carcinogenic to humans	International Agency for Research on Cancer
1,3-BUTADIENE	106-99-0	Cancer hazard	OSHA Carcinogens
Carbon black	1333-86-4	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l
0 11 1 4	Vapor(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Ingestion		
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,564 mg/kg
Cyclohexyl methacrylate	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Cyclohexyl methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 12,900 mg/kg
Cyclohexyl methacrylate	Inhalation- Vapor	similar compoun	LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
	v apoi	ds	
Lauryl methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Lauryl methacrylate	Dermal	similar	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
		compoun	
		ds	
Kaolin	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Kaolin	Ingestion	Human	LD50 > 15,000 mg/kg
Butadiene-Acrylonitrile Polymer	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,000 mg/kg
Butadiene-Acrylonitrile Polymer	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 30,000 mg/kg
Amorphous silica	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Amorphous silica	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 0.691 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)	70 .	X 7 5 0 1 1 0 1
Amorphous silica	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,110 mg/kg
Myristyl methacrylate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Myristyl methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Phosphate Esters of PPG Methacrylate	Ingestion Dermal	Rat similar	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Phosphate Esters of PPG Methacrylate	Dermai	health	LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
		hazards	
Hydroxypropyl methacrylate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Hydroxypropyl methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 11,200 mg/kg
Hexadecyl methacryate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Hexadecyl methacryate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Carbon Black	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Carbon Black	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 8,000 mg/kg
Methyl Methacrylate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 29.8 mg/l
	Vapor (4		
	hours)		
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 7,900 mg/kg
Copper Naphthenates	Dermal	similar	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
		compoun	
Copper Naphthenates	Imagati	ds similar	LD50 >300, < 2,000 mg/kg
Copper inapitulenates	Ingestion	compoun	LD30 /300, \ 2,000 mg/kg
		ds	
4-Methoxyphenol	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,630 mg/kg
1,3-Butadiene	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 129,000 ppm
•	Gas (4		, 11
	hours)		
1,3-Butadiene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,480 mg/kg
1,3-Butadiene	Dermal	similar	LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
		health	
		hazards	

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Skiii Cuttusiuii/1111tatiuii				
Name	Species	Value		
Hydroxyothyl Mothograleta	Dobbit	Minimal irritation		
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate Cyclohexyl methacrylate	Rabbit Rabbit	Minimal irritation Minimal irritation		

Lauryl methacrylate	similar	Minimal irritation
	compoun	
	ds	
Butadiene-Acrylonitrile Polymer	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
Kaolin	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
Amorphous silica	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Myristyl methacrylate	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Phosphate Esters of PPG Methacrylate	Not	Irritant
	available	
Hydroxypropyl methacrylate	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Hexadecyl methacryate	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Carbon Black	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Methyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Irritant
Copper Naphthenates	Rabbit	No significant irritation
4-Methoxyphenol	Rabbit	Mild irritant

Serious Eve Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Cyclohexyl methacrylate	In vitro	Severe irritant
	data	
Lauryl methacrylate	similar	No significant irritation
	compoun	
	ds	
Butadiene-Acrylonitrile Polymer	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
Kaolin	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
Amorphous silica	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Myristyl methacrylate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Phosphate Esters of PPG Methacrylate	Not	Corrosive
	available	
Hydroxypropyl methacrylate	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Hexadecyl methacryate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Carbon Black	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Methyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Copper Naphthenates	In vitro	No significant irritation
** *	data	
4-Methoxyphenol	Rabbit	Severe irritant
1,3-Butadiene	Human	Mild irritant

Skin Sensitization

Skiii Schsittzation		
Name	Species	Value
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Human	Sensitizing
	and	
	animal	
Cyclohexyl methacrylate	Mouse	Sensitizing
Lauryl methacrylate	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Amorphous silica	Human	Not classified
	and	
	animal	
Myristyl methacrylate	Professio	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
	nal	sufficient for classification
	judgeme	

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	nt	
Hydroxypropyl methacrylate	Human	Sensitizing
	and	
	animal	
Hexadecyl methacryate	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		sufficient for classification
Methyl Methacrylate	Human	Sensitizing
	and	
	animal	
Copper Naphthenates	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
4-Methoxyphenol	Guinea	Sensitizing
	pig	

Respiratory Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Methyl Methacrylate	Human	Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Cyclohexyl methacrylate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Lauryl methacrylate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Lauryl methacrylate	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Amorphous silica	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Myristyl methacrylate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Hydroxypropyl methacrylate	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Hydroxypropyl methacrylate	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Carbon Black	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Carbon Black	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Methyl Methacrylate	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Methyl Methacrylate	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
4-Methoxyphenol	In vivo	Not mutagenic
4-Methoxyphenol	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
1,3-Butadiene	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
1,3-Butadiene	In vivo	Mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Kaolin	Inhalation	Multiple	Not carcinogenic
		animal	_
		species	
Amorphous silica	Not	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
	Specified		sufficient for classification
Carbon Black	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
Carbon Black	Ingestion	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
Carbon Black	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	Not carcinogenic
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	Human	Not carcinogenic
		and	
		animal	
4-Methoxyphenol	Dermal	Multiple	Not carcinogenic
		animal	
		species	
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	Multiple	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
	_	animal	sufficient for classification

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		species	
1,3-Butadiene	Inhalation	Human	Carcinogenic
		and	
		animal	

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	49 days
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
Cyclohexyl methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
Cyclohexyl methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	15 weeks
Cyclohexyl methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rabbit	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Lauryl methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
Lauryl methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	6 weeks
Lauryl methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
Amorphous silica	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 509 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Amorphous silica	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 497 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Amorphous silica	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,350 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
Hydroxypropyl methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
Hydroxypropyl methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	49 days
Hydroxypropyl methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 400 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 400 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rabbit	NOAEL 450 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 8.3 mg/l	during organogenesi s
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	28 days
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day	during gestation
1,3-Butadiene	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Mouse	NOAEL 40 ppm	during gestation
1,3-Butadiene	Inhalation	Toxic to female reproduction	Mouse	LOAEL 6.25 ppm	2 years
1,3-Butadiene	Inhalation	Toxic to male reproduction	Mouse	NOAEL 200 ppm	2 years

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Cyclohexyl methacrylate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	official classifica tion	NOAEL Not available	
Lauryl methacrylate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
Myristyl methacrylate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL not available	
Phosphate Esters of PPG Methacrylate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
Hydroxypropyl methacrylate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
4-Methoxyphenol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
1,3-Butadiene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Cyclohexyl methacrylate	Ingestion	endocrine system hematopoietic system liver kidney and/or bladder nervous system eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	15 weeks
Lauryl methacrylate	Ingestion	hematopoietic system liver kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	6 weeks
Kaolin	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL NA	occupational exposure
Kaolin	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	
Amorphous silica	Inhalation	respiratory system silicosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Hydroxypropyl methacrylate	Inhalation	blood	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.5 mg/l	21 days
Hydroxypropyl methacrylate	Ingestion	hematopoietic system heart endocrine system liver immune system nervous system kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	41 days
Carbon Black	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Methyl Methacrylate	Dermal	peripheral nervous system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	olfactory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	14 weeks

Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 12.3 mg/l	14 weeks
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder heart skin endocrine system gastrointestinal tract hematopoietic system liver muscles nervous system respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 90.3 mg/kg/day	2 years
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	28 days
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	liver immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	28 days
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	28 days
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	heart endocrine system hematopoietic system nervous system respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	28 days
1,3-Butadiene	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 200 ppm	2 years
1,3-Butadiene	Inhalation	heart gastrointestinal tract immune system respiratory system vascular system endocrine system liver nervous system kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 625 ppm	2 years

Aspiration Hazard

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of completely cured (or polymerized) material in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Combustion products will include halogen acid (HCl/HF/HBr). Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Global inventory status

Contact 3M for more information.

SECTION 16: Other information

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

Health: 3 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

Document group:	41-7836-4	Version number:	4.00
Issue Date:	2024/09/20	Supercedes Date:	2024/02/09

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