

# **Safety Data Sheet**

Copyright, 2021, 3M Company. All rights reserved. Copying and/or downloading of this information for the purpose of properly utilizing 3M products is allowed provided that: (1) the information is copied in full with no changes unless prior written agreement is obtained from 3M, and (2) neither the copy nor the original is resold or otherwise distributed with the intention of earning a profit thereon.

 Document group:
 34-3587-2
 Version number:
 2.00

 Issue Date:
 10/11/2021
 Supersedes date:
 03/10/2018

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia, December 2011)

# **IDENTIFICATION:**

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M<sup>TM</sup> Platinum Select Filler PNs 31128, 31131

#### **Product Identification Numbers**

60-4550-8436-2 60-4550-8458-6

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

#### Recommended use

Automotive., Body Filler

## 1.3. Supplier's details

Address: 3M Australia - Building A, 1 Rivett Road, North Ryde NSW 2113

**Telephone:** 136 136

E Mail: productinfo.au@mmm.com

Website: www.3m.com.au

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Company Emergency Hotline: EMERGENCY: 1800 097 146 (Australia only)

This product is a kit or a multipart product which consists of multiple, independently packaged components. A Safety Data Sheet for each of these components is included. Please do not separate the component Safety Data Sheets from this cover page. The document numbers of the SDSs for components of this product are:

34-0251-8, 29-5993-0

One or more components of this KIT is classified as a hazardous chemical according to the Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, 2011, in accordance with applicable State and Territory legislation.

# TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The Dangerous Goods Classification for the complete Kit is provided below.

UN No.: UN3269

**Proper shipping name:** POLYESTER RESIN KIT

Class/Division: 3
Packing Group: III

Marine Pollutant: Not applicable.

**Hazchem Code: •2**YE

**IERG:** 15

Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG) - Road/Rail Transport

**Special Instructions:** Limited quantity may apply

International Air Transport Association (IATA)- Air Transport

**Special Instructions:** Forbidden, package size exceeds IATA quantity limitations

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)- Marine Transport

**Special Instructions:** Limited quantity may apply

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Safety Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.

Greenguard ® is a United States based program. The 'Low VOC' reference related to United States Federal and State regulations exemptions for some solvents.

3M Australia SDSs are available at www.3m.com.au



# Safety Data Sheet

Copyright, 2023, 3M Company. All rights reserved. Copying and/or downloading of this information for the purpose of properly utilizing 3M products is allowed provided that: (1) the information is copied in full with no changes unless prior written agreement is obtained from 3M, and (2) neither the copy nor the original is resold or otherwise distributed with the intention of earning a profit thereon.

 Document group:
 34-0251-8
 Version number:
 2.01

 Issue Date:
 04/07/2023
 Supersedes date:
 10/11/2021

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia, December 2011)

# **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M<sup>TM</sup> Platinum Select Filler PNs 31128, 31130, 31131, 31132, 35863

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

#### Recommended use

Automotive, Body filler

For Industrial or Professional use only.

### 1.3. Supplier's details

Address: 3M Australia - Building A, 1 Rivett Road, North Ryde NSW 2113

**Telephone:** 136 136

E Mail: productinfo.au@mmm.com

Website: www.3m.com.au

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

EMERGENCY: 1800 097 146 (Australia only)

# **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

This product is classified as a hazardous chemical according to the Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, 2011, in accordance with applicable State and Territory legislation.

Refer to Section 14 of this Safety Data Sheets for product Dangerous Goods Classification.

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquid: Category 3.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2.

Carcinogenicity: Category 1A.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 1. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1.

#### 2.2. Label elements

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with the Code of Practice on Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals (Safe Work Australia, December 2011). This information may be different from the actual product

label.

## Signal word

Danger

#### **Symbols**

Flame |Exclamation mark |Health Hazard |





#### Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H350 May cause cancer.

H370 Causes damage to organs: liver | sensory organs.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: respiratory system

sensory organs.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: liver.

# **Precautionary statements**

General:

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

**Prevention:** 

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280F Wear respiratory protection.

Response:

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water or shower.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P337 + P313 IF eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Donas 2 of 1

## 3M<sup>TM</sup> Platinum Select Filler PNs 31128, 31130, 31131, 31132, 35863

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry

chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

**Storage:** 

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable

local/regional/national/international regulations.

# 2.3. Other assigned/identified product hazards

None known.

#### 2.4. Other hazards which do not result in classification

May be harmful if swallowed.

Causes mild skin irritation.

May be harmful if inhaled.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Weight
Talc	14807-96-6	15 - 40
Resin Polymer	Trade Secret	15 - 40
Styrene	100-42-5	< 20
Magnesium Carbonate	546-93-0	5 - 10
Inert Filler	Trade Secret	5 - 10
Polyester Polymer	Trade Secret	5 - 10
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	1 - 5
Limestone	1317-65-3	1 - 5
Synthetic Crystalline-Free Silica Gel	112926-00-8	1 - 5
Chlorite-group minerals	1318-59-8	< 1.5
Dolomite	16389-88-1	< 1.5
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	< 0.5
Quartz	14808-60-7	< 0.5
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	136-52-7	< 0.1
1,4-Naphthoquinone	130-15-4	< 0.05

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### Skin contact

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

#### Eye contact

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

#### If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Target organ effects. See Section 11 for additional details. Target organ effects following prolonged or repeated exposure. See Section 11 for additional details.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

#### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

Hazchem Code: •3Y

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. WARNING! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapours in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid breathing of dust created by cutting, sanding, grinding or machining. Keep out of reach of children. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No

smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Use personal protective equipment (eg. gloves, respirators...) as required. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapour accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidising agents.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ACGIH	TWA:20 ppm	A3: Confirmed animal
				carcin., Ototoxicant
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):434	
			mg/m3(100 ppm);STEL(15	
			minutes):543 mg/m3(125 ppm)	
Styrene	100-42-5	ACGIH	TWA:10 ppm;STEL:20 ppm	A3: Confirmed animal
				carcin., Ototoxicant
Styrene	100-42-5	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours): 213 mg/m3	
			(50 ppm), STEL(15	
			minutes): 426 mg/m3 (100	
			ppm).	
Synthetic Crystalline-Free Silica	112926-00-	Australia OELs	TWA(Inspirable fraction)(8	
Gel	8		hours):10 mg/m3	
Limestone	1317-65-3	Australia OELs	TWA(Inspirable dust)(8	
			hours):10 mg/m3	
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	ACGIH	TWA(Respirable nanoscale	A3: Confirmed animal
			particles):0.2	carcinogen.
			mg/m3;TWA(Respirable	_
			finescale particles):2.5 mg/m3	
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Australia OELs	TWA(Inspirable dust)(8	
			hours):10 mg/m3	
Talc	14807-96-6	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):2	A4: Not class. as human
			mg/m3	carcin
Talc	14807-96-6	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):2.5 mg/m3	
Quartz	14808-60-7	ACGIH	TWA(respirable	A2: Suspected human
			fraction):0.025 mg/m3	carcin.
Quartz	14808-60-7	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):0.1	
			mg/m3;Limit value not	
			established:	
Magnesium Carbonate	546-93-0	Australia OELs	TWA(Inspirable dust)(8	
_			hours):10 mg/m3	
Inert Filler	Trade	Manufacturer	TWA(as non-fibrous,	
	Secret	determined	respirable)(8 hours):3	
			mg/m3;TWA(as non-fibrous,	

			inhalable fraction)(8 hours):10	
			mg/m3	
Inert Filler	Trade	ACGIH	TWA(as fiber):0.2 fiber/cc	A2: Suspected human
	Secret			carcin.
Inert Filler	Trade	ACGIH	TWA(as fiber):1 fiber/cc	A3: Confirmed animal
	Secret			carcinogen.
Inert Filler	Trade	ACGIH	TWA(as fiber):1 fiber/cc	A4: Not class. as human
	Secret			carcin
Inert Filler	Trade	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):5	A4: Not class. as human
	Secret		mg/m3	carcin
Inert Filler	Trade	Australia OELs	TWA(as fiber)(8 hours):0.5	
	Secret		fibers/ml	
Inert Filler	Trade	Australia OELs	TWA(as fiber)(8 hours):0.5	
	Secret		fibers/ml;TWA(8 hours):0.5	
			fibers/ml	

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

Australia OELs: Australia. Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling Sen: Sensitiser

Sk: Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

## 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Safety glasses with side shields.

Indirect vented goggles.

Select and use eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1336. Eye protection should comply with the performance specifications of AS/NZS 1337.

#### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Fluoroelastomer

Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA).

Polymer laminate

Select and use gloves according to AS/NZ 2161.

#### Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer. Select and use respirators according to AS/NZS 1715. Respirators should comply with AS/NZS 1716 performance specifications. For information about respirators, call 3M on 1800 024 464.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

into mation on basic physical and chemical properties	
Physical state	Liquid.
Colour	White
Odour	Styrene
Odour threshold	No data available.
pH	No data available.
Melting point/Freezing point	No data available.
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	No data available.
Flash point	32.2 °C
Evaporation rate	<=1 [Ref Std:ETHER=1]
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Flammable Limits(LEL)	0.9 - 1.1 %
Flammable Limits(UEL)	6.1 - 6.8 %
Vapour pressure	No data available.
Vapor Density and/or Relative Vapor Density	>=1 [ <i>Ref Std</i> :AIR=1]
Density	1.07 g/ml
Relative density	1.07 [Ref Std:WATER=1]
Water solubility	Nil
Solubility- non-water	No data available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available.
Autoignition temperature	No data available.
Decomposition temperature	No data available.
Viscosity/Kinematic Viscosity	160,000 mPa-s
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	20.5 % weight [Test Method:calculated per CARB title 2]
Percent volatile	21.4 %
VOC less H2O & exempt solvents	228 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
Molecular weight	No data available.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

## 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

### 10.3. Conditions to avoid

Not determined

#### 10.4. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong acids.

Alkali and alkaline earth metals.

Strong oxidising agents.

Avoid contact with strong acids strong alkalis and oxidizers.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

SubstanceConditionCarbon monoxide.Not specified.Carbon dioxide.Not specified.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

#### 11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

#### Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

### Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

#### Inhalation

May be harmful if inhaled. Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### Skin contact

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

#### Eye contact

Moderate eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

#### Ingestion

May be harmful if swallowed.

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### **Additional Health Effects:**

#### Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Auditory effects: Signs/symptoms may include hearing impairment, balance dysfunction and ringing in the ears. Liver effects: Signs/symptoms may include loss of appetite, weight loss, fatigue, weakness, abdominal tenderness and jaundice.

#### Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Pneumoconiosis: Sign/symptoms may include persistent cough, breathlessness, chest pain, increased amounts of sputum, and changes in lung function tests. Ocular effects: Signs/symptoms may include blurred or significantly impaired vision. Auditory effects: Signs/symptoms may include hearing impairment, balance dysfunction and ringing in the ears. Liver effects: Signs/symptoms may include loss of appetite, weight loss, fatigue, weakness, abdominal tenderness and jaundice.

#### Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

# **Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Acute Toxicity** 

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000
			mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-Vapour(4		No data available; calculated ATE >20 -
	hr)		=50  mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >2,000 -
			=5,000 mg/kg
Talc	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Talc	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Styrene	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000  mg/kg
Styrene	Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 11.8 mg/l
Styrene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,000 mg/kg
Magnesium Carbonate	Dermal	Professional judgement	LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Magnesium Carbonate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Polyester Polymer	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Polyester Polymer	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Inert Filler	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Inert Filler	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Limestone	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Limestone	Inhalation-Dust/Mist	Rat	LC50 3 mg/l
Limestone	(4 hours) Ingestion	Rat	LD50 6,450 mg/kg
Synthetic Crystalline-Free Silica Gel	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 6,430 mg/kg  LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Synthetic Crystalline-Free Silica Gel	Inhalation-Dust/Mist	Rat	LC50 > 0.691 mg/l
Synthetic Crystamne-1 rec Sinea Ger	(4 hours)	Kat	LC30 > 0.071 mg/1
Synthetic Crystalline-Free Silica Gel	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,110 mg/kg
Titanium dioxide	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 10,000  mg/kg
Titanium dioxide	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 6.82 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
Chlorite-group minerals	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Chlorite-group minerals	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Dolomite	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Dolomite	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Ethylbenzene	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 15,433 mg/kg
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 17.4 mg/l
Ethylbenzene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 4,769 mg/kg
Quartz	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Quartz	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
1,4-Naphthoquinone	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 0.046 mg/l
1,4-Naphthoquinone	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 124 mg/kg
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Dermal	- 1000	LD50 121 mg/kg  LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 3,129 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

## Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name   Species   Value
------------------------

Page: 9 of 19

Talc	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Styrene	Professional judgement	Mild irritant
Magnesium Carbonate	In vitro data	No significant irritation
Inert Filler	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Limestone	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Synthetic Crystalline-Free Silica Gel	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Titanium dioxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Chlorite-group minerals	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Dolomite	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Ethylbenzene	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Quartz	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
1,4-Naphthoquinone	Rabbit	Corrosive
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	In vitro data	No significant irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Talc	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Styrene	Professional judgement	Moderate irritant
Magnesium Carbonate	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Inert Filler	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Limestone	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Synthetic Crystalline-Free Silica Gel	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Titanium dioxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Chlorite-group minerals	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Dolomite	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Ethylbenzene	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
1,4-Naphthoquinone	similar health hazards	Corrosive
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Rabbit	Severe irritant

#### **Skin Sensitisation**

Skin Sensitisation			
Name	Species	Value	
Tunie	Species	, and	
Styrene	Guinea pig	Not classified	
Synthetic Crystalline-Free Silica Gel	Human and animal	Not classified	
Titanium dioxide	Human and animal	Not classified	
Ethylbenzene	Human	Not classified	
1.4-Naphthoguinone	Guinea pig	Sensitising	
,	1 8	8	
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	similar compounds	Sensitising	

**Respiratory Sensitisation** 

Name	Species	Value
Talc	Human	Not classified
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	similar compounds	Sensitising

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Talc	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Talc	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Styrene	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Styrene	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Inert Filler	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not

		sufficient for classification
Synthetic Crystalline-Free Silica Gel	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Titanium dioxide	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Titanium dioxide	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Ethylbenzene	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Ethylbenzene	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Quartz	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Quartz	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
1,4-Naphthoquinone	In vivo	Not mutagenic
1,4-Naphthoquinone	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Talc	Inhalation	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Styrene	Ingestion	Mouse	Carcinogenic.
Styrene	Inhalation	Human and animal	Carcinogenic.
Inert Filler	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Synthetic Crystalline-Free Silica Gel	Not specified.	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Titanium dioxide	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Titanium dioxide	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic.
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Carcinogenic.
Quartz	Inhalation	Human and animal	Carcinogenic.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Inhalation	similar compounds	Carcinogenic.

# **Reproductive Toxicity**

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	<b>Exposure Duration</b>
Talc	Ingestion	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL	during
		development		1,600 mg/kg	organogenesis
Styrene	Ingestion	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 21	3 generation
•		female reproduction		mg/kg/day	
Styrene	Inhalation	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 2.1	2 generation
		female reproduction		mg/l	
Styrene	Inhalation	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 2.1	2 generation
		male reproduction		mg/l	
Styrene	Ingestion	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 400	60 days
		male reproduction		mg/kg/day	·
Styrene	Ingestion	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 400	during gestation
		development		mg/kg/day	
Styrene	Inhalation	Not classified for	Multiple animal	NOAEL 2.1	during gestation
		development	species	mg/l	
Limestone	Ingestion	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 625	premating & during
		development		mg/kg/day	gestation
Synthetic Crystalline-	Ingestion	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 509	1 generation
Free Silica Gel		female reproduction		mg/kg/day	
Synthetic Crystalline- Ingestion Not classifie		Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 497	1 generation
Free Silica Gel		male reproduction		mg/kg/day	
Synthetic Crystalline-	Ingestion	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL	during
Free Silica Gel		development		1,350	organogenesis

D. . . 11 . C 10

				mg/kg/day	
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 4.3	premating & during
		development		mg/l	gestation
1,4-Naphthoquinone	Ingestion	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 2	premating into
		female reproduction		mg/kg/day	lactation
1,4-Naphthoquinone	Ingestion	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 2	42 days
		male reproduction		mg/kg/day	
1,4-Naphthoquinone	Ingestion	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 2	premating & during
		development		mg/kg/day	gestation
Cobalt bis(2-	Ingestion	Toxic to development	similar compounds	NOAEL Not	
ethylhexanoate)				available	
Cobalt bis(2-	Ingestion	Toxic to male	similar compounds	NOAEL Not	
ethylhexanoate)		reproduction		available	
Cobalt bis(2-	Inhalation	Toxic to male	similar compounds	NOAEL Not	
ethylhexanoate)		reproduction		available	

# Target Organ(s)

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure** 

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Styrene	Inhalation	auditory system	Causes damage to organs	Multiple animal species	LOAEL 4.3 mg/l	not available
Styrene	Inhalation	liver	Causes damage to organs	Mouse	LOAEL 2.1 mg/l	not available
Styrene	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Styrene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Styrene	Inhalation	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	not available
Styrene	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 2.1 mg/l	not available
Limestone	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.812 mg/l	90 minutes
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Ethylbenzene	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
1,4- Naphthoquino ne	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
Cobalt bis(2- ethylhexanoat e)	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL not available	

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure** 

Name	Route	Target	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure
		Organ(s)				Duration

Page: 12 of 19

Talc	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Talc	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis   respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 18 mg/m3	113 weeks
Styrene	Inhalation	auditory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL not available	occupational exposure
Styrene	Inhalation	eyes	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Styrene	Inhalation	liver	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Mouse	LOAEL 0.85 mg/l	13 weeks
Styrene	Inhalation	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	LOAEL 1.1 mg/l	not available
Styrene	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.85 mg/l	7 days
Styrene	Inhalation	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.6 mg/l	10 days
Styrene	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Multiple animal species	LOAEL 0.09 mg/l	not available
Styrene	Inhalation	heart   gastrointestinal tract   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   muscles   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 4.3 mg/l	2 years
Styrene	Ingestion	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	8 weeks
Styrene	Ingestion	immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	not available
Styrene	Ingestion	liver   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 677 mg/kg/day	6 months
Styrene	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	470 days
Styrene	Ingestion	heart   respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 35 mg/kg/day	105 weeks
Inert Filler	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL not available	occupational exposure
Limestone	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Synthetic	Inhalation	respiratory	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not	occupational

Page: 13 of 19

Crystalline- Free Silica Gel		system   silicosis			available	exposure
Titanium dioxide	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 0.01 mg/l	2 years
Titanium dioxide	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	2 years
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	103 weeks
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3.4 mg/l	28 days
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	auditory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2.4 mg/l	5 days
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	endocrine system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 3.3 mg/l	103 weeks
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3.3 mg/l	2 years
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   muscles	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 4.2 mg/l	90 days
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	heart   immune system   respiratory system	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 3.3 mg/l	2 years
Ethylbenzene	Ingestion	liver   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 680 mg/kg/day	6 months
Quartz	Inhalation	silicosis	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
1,4- Naphthoquino ne	Ingestion	heart   endocrine system   gastrointestinal tract   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   hematopoietic system   liver   immune system   muscles   nervous system   eyes   kidney and/or bladder   respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2 mg/kg/day	42 days
Cobalt bis(2- ethylhexanoat e)	Inhalation	respiratory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	similar compounds	NOAEL Not available	

**Aspiration Hazard** 

Name	Value
Styrene	Aspiration hazard
Ethylbenzene	Aspiration hazard

#### **Exposure Levels**

Refer Section 8.1 Control Parameters of this Safety Data Sheet.

## **Interactive Effects**

Not determined.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

## Acute aquatic hazard:

GHS Acute 3: Harmful to aquatic life.

#### Chronic aquatic hazard:

GHS Chronic 3: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Number	Organism	Туре	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Resin Polymer	Trade Secret	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
Talc	14807-96-6	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
Styrene	100-42-5	Activated sludge	Experimental	30 minutes	EC50	500 mg/l
Styrene	100-42-5	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	4.02 mg/l
Styrene	100-42-5	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	4.9 mg/l
Styrene	100-42-5	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	4.7 mg/l
Styrene	100-42-5	Green algae	Experimental	96 hours	EC10	0.28 mg/l
Styrene	100-42-5	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	1.01 mg/l
Inert Filler	Trade Secret	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	>1,000 mg/l
Inert Filler	Trade Secret	Water flea	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	>1,000 mg/l
Inert Filler	Trade Secret	Zebra Fish	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>1,000 mg/l
Inert Filler	Trade Secret	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	>=1,000 mg/l
Magnesium Carbonate	546-93-0	Activated sludge	Estimated	3 hours	EC50	>900 mg/l
Magnesium Carbonate	546-93-0	Fathead minnow	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	1,880 mg/l
Magnesium Carbonate	546-93-0	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
Magnesium Carbonate	546-93-0	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	LC50	486 mg/l
Magnesium Carbonate	546-93-0	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEC	100 mg/l
Magnesium Carbonate	546-93-0	Water flea	Estimated	21 days	EC10	284 mg/l
Polyester Polymer	Trade Secret	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for	N/A	N/A	N/A

			classification			
Limestone	1317-65-3	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
Limestone	1317-65-3	Rainbow trout	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
Limestone	1317-65-3	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
Limestone	1317-65-3	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC10	>100 mg/l
Synthetic	112926-00-8	Green algae	Analogous	72 hours	ErC50	>173.1 mg/l
Crystalline-Free			Compound			
Silica Gel			•			
Synthetic	112926-00-8	Sediment organism	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	8,500 mg/kg (Dry Weight)
Crystalline-Free						
Silica Gel						
Synthetic	112926-00-8	Water flea	Experimental	24 hours	EL50	>10,000 mg/l
Crystalline-Free						
Silica Gel						
Synthetic	112926-00-8	Zebra Fish	Experimental	96 hours	LL50	>10,000 mg/l
Crystalline-Free						
Silica Gel						
Synthetic	112926-00-8	Green algae	Analogous	72 hours	NOEC	173.1 mg/l
Crystalline-Free			Compound			
Silica Gel						
Synthetic	112926-00-8	Water flea	Analogous	21 days	NOEC	68 mg/l
Crystalline-Free			Compound			
Silica Gel						
Synthetic	112926-00-8	Activated sludge	Analogous	3 hours	EC50	>1,000 mg/l
Crystalline-Free			Compound			
Silica Gel					<u> </u>	
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Activated sludge	Experimental	3 hours	NOEC	>=1,000 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Diatom	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	>10,000 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Diatom	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	5,600 mg/l
Chlorite-group	1318-59-8	N/A	Data not available	N/A	N/A	N/A
minerals	1310 37 0	1771	or insufficient for	14/11	1 1/11	1071
inniciais			classification			
Dolomite	16389-88-1	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EC50	190 mg/l
Dolomite	16389-88-1	Western	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
Bolomite	10307 00 1	Mosquitofish	Estimated	yo nours	Less	100 mg/1
Dolomite	16389-88-1	Rainbow trout	Estimated	21 days	NOEC	>100 mg/l
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Activated sludge	Experimental	49 hours	EC50	130 mg/l
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Atlantic Silverside	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	5.1 mg/l
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Green algae	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	3.6 mg/l
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Mysid Shrimp		96 hours		
			Experimental		LC50	2.6 mg/l
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	4.2 mg/l
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	1.8 mg/l
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Water flea	Experimental	7 days	NOEC	0.96 mg/l
Quartz	14808-60-7	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC50	440 mg/l
Quartz	14808-60-7	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EC50	7,600 mg/l
Quartz	14808-60-7	Zebra Fish	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	5,000 mg/l
Quartz	14808-60-7	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEC	60 mg/l
Cobalt bis(2-	136-52-7	Activated sludge	Estimated	30 minutes	EC50	703 mg/l
ethylhexanoate)						
Cobalt bis(2-	136-52-7	Algae or other	Estimated	7 days	EC50	0.14 mg/l
ethylhexanoate)		aquatic plants				
Cobalt bis(2-	136-52-7	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	ErC50	0.84 mg/l
ethylhexanoate)					<u> </u>	
Cobalt bis(2-	136-52-7	Rainbow trout	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	8.9 mg/l
ethylhexanoate)				<u> </u>		
Cobalt bis(2-	136-52-7	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	LC50	3.5 mg/l
ethylhexanoate)						
Cobalt bis(2-	136-52-7	Algae or other	Estimated	7 days	EC10	0.007 mg/l
ethylhexanoate)		aquatic plants				
Cobalt bis(2-	136-52-7	Fathead minnow	Estimated	34 days	NOEC	1.2 mg/l
ethylhexanoate)						0 -
Cobalt bis(2-	136-52-7	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC10	0.135 mg/l
ethylhexanoate)	1.50 52 /	Creen algue		, 2 110415		
1,4-	130-15-4	Activated sludge	Experimental	3 hours	EC50	5.94 mg/l
Naphthoquinone	130 13 7	1 10ti valed studge	Experimental	Jilouis		5.5 r mg/1
		i			1	1

Page: 16 of 19

1,4-	130-15-4	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	0.42 mg/l
Naphthoquinone						
1,4-	130-15-4	Medaka	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	0.045 mg/l
Naphthoquinone						_
1,4-	130-15-4	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	0.026 mg/l
Naphthoquinone						_
1,4-	130-15-4	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	0.07 mg/l
Naphthoquinone						

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Resin Polymer	Trade Secret	Data not available- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Talc	14807-96-6	Data not available- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Styrene	100-42-5	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	70.9 %BOD/ThOD	
Styrene	100-42-5	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	6.64 hours (t 1/2)	
Inert Filler	Trade Secret	Data not available- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Magnesium Carbonate	546-93-0	Data not available- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Polyester Polymer	Trade Secret	Data not available- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Limestone	1317-65-3	Data not available- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Synthetic Crystalline-Free Silica Gel	112926-00-8	Data not available- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Data not available- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Chlorite-group minerals	1318-59-8	Data not available- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Dolomite	16389-88-1	Data not available- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	70-80 %CO2 evolution/THCO2 evolution	ISO 14593 Inorg C Headspace
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	4.26 days (t 1/2)	
Quartz	14808-60-7	Data not available- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cobalt bis(2- ethylhexanoate)	136-52-7	Data not available- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,4- Naphthoquinone	130-15-4	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	0 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
1,4- Naphthoquinone	130-15-4	Experimental Hydrolysis		Hydrolytic half-life	12 days (t 1/2)	

# 12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Resin Polymer	Trade Secret	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Talc	14807-96-6	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Styrene	100-42-5	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	2.96	
Inert Filler	Trade Secret	Data not available or insufficient for classification		N/A	N/A	N/A
Magnesium Carbonate	546-93-0	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Polyester Polymer	Trade Secret	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Limestone	1317-65-3	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Synthetic Crystalline-Free Silica Gel	112926-00-8	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Experimental BCF - Fish	42 days	Bioaccumulation factor	9.6	
Chlorite-group minerals	1318-59-8	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Dolomite	16389-88-1	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Experimental BCF - Fish	42 days	Bioaccumulation factor	1	
Quartz	14808-60-7	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cobalt bis(2- ethylhexanoate)	136-52-7	Analogous Compound BCF - Fish	63 days	Bioaccumulation factor	190	
1,4- Naphthoquinone	130-15-4	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	1.77	

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

#### 12.5 Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility.

# **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG) - Road/Rail Transport

**UN No.:** UN1866

## 3M<sup>™</sup> Platinum Select Filler PNs 31128, 31130, 31131, 31132, 35863

Proper shipping name: RESIN SOLUTION

Class/Division: 3

**Sub Risk:** Not applicable. **Packing Group:** III

**Special Instructions:** Limited quantity may apply

Hazchem Code: •3Y

**IERG:** 14

International Air Transport Association (IATA) - Air Transport

UN No.: UN1866

Proper shipping name: RESIN SOLUTION

Class/Division: 3

**Sub Risk:** Not applicable. **Packing Group:** III

**Special Instructions:** Forbidden, package size exceeds IATA quantity limitations

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)- Marine Transport

UN No.: UN1866

**Proper shipping name: RESIN SOLUTION** 

Class/Division: 3

**Sub Risk:** Not applicable. **Packing Group:** III

Marine Pollutant: Not applicable.

**Special Instructions:** Limited quantity may apply

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## **Australian Inventory Status:**

All components of this product are listed on or exempt from the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC). Conditions may apply prior to introduction for direct importers of this product, Please contact 3M Australia on 136 136 for further details.

**Poison Schedule:** This product is intended for Industrial or Professional Use only and therefore is not packaged and labelled in accordance with the requirements of the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Revision information:**

Complete document review.

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Safety Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.

Greenguard @ is a United States based program. The 'Low VOC' reference related to United States Federal and State regulations exemptions for some solvents.



# Safety Data Sheet

Copyright, 2021, 3M Company. All rights reserved. Copying and/or downloading of this information for the purpose of properly utilizing 3M products is allowed provided that: (1) the information is copied in full with no changes unless prior written agreement is obtained from 3M, and (2) neither the copy nor the original is resold or otherwise distributed with the intention of earning a profit thereon.

 Document group:
 29-5993-0
 Version number:
 3.00

 Issue Date:
 24/08/2021
 Supersedes date:
 02/10/2018

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia, December 2011)

# **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M<sup>TM</sup> Cream Hardener (Red, White & Blue)

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

#### Recommended use

Automotive., hardener for body fillers & glazes

For Industrial or Professional use only.

### 1.3. Supplier's details

Address: 3M Australia - Building A, 1 Rivett Road, North Ryde NSW 2113

**Telephone:** 136 136

E Mail: productinfo.au@mmm.com

Website: www.3m.com.au

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

EMERGENCY: 1800 097 146 (Australia only)

# **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

This product is classified as a hazardous chemical according to the Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, 2011, in accordance with applicable State and Territory legislation.

Refer to Section 14 of this Safety Data Sheets for product Dangerous Goods Classification.

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Organic Peroxide: Type E.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2.

Skin Sensitizer: Category 1B.

## 2.2. Label elements

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with the Code of Practice on Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals (Safe Work Australia, December 2011). This information may be different from the actual product label.

# Signal word

Warning

## **Symbols**

Flame |Exclamation mark |

#### **Pictograms**





#### **Hazard statements**

H242 Heating may cause a fire.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

## **Precautionary statements**

General:

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

**Prevention:** 

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking.

P234 Keep only in original packaging.

P235 Keep cool.

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280B Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

**Response:** 

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P337 + P313 IF eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage:

P403 Store in a well-ventilated place.

P410 Protect from sunlight.

P411 Store at temperatures not exceeding 5C/40F.

P420 Store separately.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable

local/regional/national/international regulations.

### 2.3. Other assigned/identified product hazards

None known.

# 2.4. Other hazards which do not result in classification

May be harmful in contact with skin.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Weight
Benzoyl Peroxide	94-36-0	30 - 60
Benzoic Acid, C9-11-Branched Alkyl Esters	131298-44-7	10 - 30
Water	7732-18-5	10 - 30
Zinc Stearate	557-05-1	3 - 7
Calcium Sulfate	7778-18-9	1 - 5
Iron Oxide (Fe2O3)	1309-37-1	1 - 5
Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxirane,	9038-95-3	1 - 5
Monobutyl Ether		
Ferric Ammonium Ferrocyanide	25869-00-5	0 - 1
Ferric Ferrocyanide	14038-43-8	0 - 1

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### Skin contact

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

#### Eye contact

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

### If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Allergic skin reaction (redness, swelling, blistering, and itching).

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

## 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode. Part of the oxygen for combustion is supplied by the peroxide itself.

### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

Hazchem Code: 1W

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. WARNING! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapours in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Store away from heat. Store at temperatures not exceeding 32C. Keep cool. Keep only in original container. Store away from other materials. Keep/store away from clothing and other combustible materials.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

# Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Iron Oxide (FE2O3)	1309-37-1	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):5	A4: Not class. as human
			mg/m3	carcin
Iron Oxide (FE2O3)	1309-37-1	Australia OELs	TWA(as Fe, fume)(8 hours):5	
			mg/m3	
CYANIDES	14038-43-8	Australia OELs	TWA(as CN)(8 hours):5	SKIN
			mg/m3	
CAS NO SEQ117921	557-05-1	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable	
			particulates):10 mg/m3	

CAS NO SEQ117922	557-05-1	ACGIH	TWA(respirable particles):3	
			mg/m3	
Calcium Sulfate	7778-18-9	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):10	
			mg/m3	
Calcium Sulfate	7778-18-9	Australia OELs	TWA(Inspirable dust)(8	
			hours):10 mg/m3	
Benzoyl Peroxide	94-36-0	ACGIH	TWA:5 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human
			-	carcin
Benzoyl Peroxide	94-36-0	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):5 mg/m3	

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

Australia OELs: Australia. Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling Sen: Sensitiser

Sk: Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.

### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Provide ventilation adequate to maintain dust concentration below minimum explosive concentrations. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Indirect vented goggles.

Select and use eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1336. Eye protection should comply with the performance specifications of AS/NZS 1337.

#### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Nitrile rubber.

Polymer laminate

if this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron – Nitrile Apron – polymer laminate

Select and use gloves according to AS/NZ 2161.

### Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following

respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer. Select and use respirators according to AS/NZS 1715. Respirators should comply with AS/NZS 1716 performance specifications. For information about respirators, call 3M on 1800 024 464.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical propertie	es
Physical state	Solid.
Specific Physical Form:	Viscous.
Colour	Red
Odour	Slight Ester
Odour threshold	No data available.
pH	No data available.
Melting point/Freezing point	No data available.
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	No data available.
Flash point	111 °C [Test Method: Estimated]
Evaporation rate	No data available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Organic Peroxide: Type E.
Flammable Limits(LEL)	Not applicable.
Flammable Limits(UEL)	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	Not applicable.
Vapor Density and/or Relative Vapor Density	Not applicable.
Density	1.2 g/cm3
Relative density	1.2 [@ 25 °C ] [ <i>Ref Std</i> :WATER=1]
Water solubility	Negligible
Solubility- non-water	No data available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available.
Autoignition temperature	No data available.
Decomposition temperature	No data available.
Viscosity/Kinematic Viscosity	No data available.
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	0 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	0 % weight [Test Method:calculated per CARB title 2]
Percent volatile	20 % [Details: Water is the volatile component]
VOC less H2O & exempt solvents	0 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
Molecular weight	Not applicable.

#### **Nanoparticles**

This material does not contain nanoparticles.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable. Stable unless exposed to heat, flames and drying conditions.

#### 10.3. Conditions to avoid

Heat.

#### 10.4. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Accelerators

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

SubstanceConditionCarbon monoxide.Not specified.Carbon dioxide.Not specified.Toxic vapour, gas, particulate.Not specified.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

### 11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

#### Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

#### Inhalation

Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

## Skin contact

May be harmful in contact with skin.

Allergic skin reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

### Eye contact

Severe eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

#### Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

## **Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

#### Acute Toxicity

Acute I oxicity			
Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE2,000 -
			5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-		No data available; calculated ATE >12.5
_	Dust/Mist(4 hr)		mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000
_			mg/kg
Benzoyl Peroxide	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg

Benzoyl Peroxide	Inhalation-Dust/Mist	Rat	LC50 > 24.3 mg/l
Benzoyl Peroxide	(4 hours) Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Benzoic Acid, C9-11-Branched Alkyl Esters	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Benzoic Acid, C9-11-Branched Alkyl Esters	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 5 mg/l
Benzoic Acid, C9-11-Branched Alkyl Esters	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Zinc Stearate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Zinc Stearate	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 50 mg/l
Zinc Stearate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Iron Oxide (FE2O3)	Dermal	Not available	LD50 3,100 mg/kg
Iron Oxide (FE2O3)	Ingestion	Not available	LD50 3,700 mg/kg
Calcium Sulfate	Dermal	Professional judgement	LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Calcium Sulfate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxirane, Monobutyl Ether	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 16,960 mg/kg
Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxirane, Monobutyl Ether	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 5 mg/l
Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxirane, Monobutyl Ether	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 4,240 mg/kg
Ferric Ammonium Ferrocyanide	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Ferric Ferrocyanide	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Ferric Ammonium Ferrocyanide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,110 mg/kg
Ferric Ferrocyanide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 8,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

# Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Benzoyl Peroxide	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Zinc Stearate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Iron Oxide (FE2O3)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxirane, Monobutyl	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Ether		

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Scrious Eye Damage/Hittation				
Name	Species	Value		
Benzoyl Peroxide	Rabbit	Severe irritant		
Zinc Stearate	Rabbit	No significant irritation		
Iron Oxide (FE2O3)	Rabbit	No significant irritation		
Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxirane, Monobutyl	Rabbit	No significant irritation		
Ether				

# **Skin Sensitisation**

Name	Species	Value
Benzoyl Peroxide	Guinea pig	Sensitising
Iron Oxide (FE2O3)	Human	Not classified

# **Respiratory Sensitisation**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity** 

Name	Route	Value
Benzoyl Peroxide	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Benzoyl Peroxide	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Iron Oxide (FE2O3)	In Vitro	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Benzoyl Peroxide	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Benzoyl Peroxide	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Iron Oxide (FE2O3)	Inhalation	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxirane, Monobutyl Ether	Ingestion	Rat	Not carcinogenic

# **Reproductive Toxicity**

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	<b>Exposure Duration</b>
Benzoyl Peroxide	Ingestion	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL	premating & during
		female reproduction		1,000	gestation
		_		mg/kg/day	
Benzoyl Peroxide	Ingestion	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 500	premating & during
		male reproduction		mg/kg/day	gestation
Benzoyl Peroxide	Ingestion	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 500	premating & during
		development		mg/kg/day	gestation
Oxirane, Polymer	Inhalation	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 1	2 weeks
with Methyloxirane,		male reproduction		mg/l	
Monobutyl Ether		_		-	

# Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxiran e, Monobutyl Ether	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Iron Oxide (FE2O3)	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis   pneumoconiosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxiran e, Monobutyl Ether	Inhalation	endocrine system   hematopoietic system   liver   nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1 mg/l	2 weeks
Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxiran e, Monobutyl	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.005 mg/l	2 weeks

\_\_\_\_\_

Ether						
Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxiran e, Monobutyl Ether	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 0.001 mg/l	2 weeks
Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxiran e, Monobutyl Ether	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.5 mg/l	2 weeks
Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxiran e, Monobutyl Ether	Ingestion	liver   kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 145 mg/kg/day	90 days
Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxiran e, Monobutyl Ether	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	2 years
Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxiran e, Monobutyl Ether	Ingestion	heart   endocrine system   respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3,770 mg/kg/day	90 days

#### **Aspiration Hazard**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

#### Exposure Levels

Refer Section 8.1 Control Parameters of this Safety Data Sheet.

#### **Interactive Effects**

Not determined.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

## 12.1. Toxicity

#### Acute aquatic hazard:

GHS Acute 1: Very toxic to aquatic life.

## Chronic aquatic hazard:

GHS Chronic 1: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Number	Organism	Туре	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Benzoyl	94-36-0	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	0.071 mg/l
Peroxide						_

Benzoyl	94-36-0	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	0.06 mg/l
Peroxide			_			
Benzoyl	94-36-0	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	0.11 mg/l
Peroxide						
Benzoyl	94-36-0	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	0.02 mg/l
Peroxide						
Benzoyl	94-36-0	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	EC10	0.001 mg/l
Peroxide						
Benzoyl	94-36-0	Activated	Experimental	30 minutes	EC50	35 mg/l
Peroxide		sludge				
Benzoyl	94-36-0	Redworm	Experimental	14 days	LC50	>1,000 mg/kg (Dry
Peroxide				-		Weight)
Benzoyl	94-36-0	Soil microbes	Experimental	28 days	EC50	2,300 mg/kg (Dry
Peroxide						Weight)
Benzoic Acid,	131298-44-7	Activated	Experimental	3 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
C9-11-		sludge				
Branched Alkyl						
Esters						
Benzoic Acid,	131298-44-7		Data not			N/A
C9-11-			available or			
Branched Alkyl			insufficient for			
Esters			classification			
Zinc Stearate	557-05-1	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
Zinc Stearate	557-05-1	Zebra Fish	Experimental	96 hours	No tox obs at	>100 mg/l
					lmt of water sol	
Calcium	7778-18-9	Activated	Estimated	3 hours	NOEC	1,000 mg/l
Sulfate		sludge				
Calcium	7778-18-9	Algae or other	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	3,200 mg/l
Sulfate		aquatic plants				
Calcium	7778-18-9	Bluegill	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>2,980 mg/l
Sulfate						
Calcium	7778-18-9	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	>1,970 mg/l
Sulfate						
Calcium	7778-18-9	Water flea	Estimated	21 days	NOEC	1,270 mg/l
Sulfate						
Iron Oxide	1309-37-1	Golden Orfe	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	>1,000 mg/l
(FE2O3)						
Oxirane,	9038-95-3	Inland	Analogous	96 hours	LC50	650 mg/l
Polymer with		Silverside	Compound			
Methyloxirane,						
Monobutyl						
Ether						
Oxirane,	9038-95-3	Activated	Experimental	16 hours	IC50	32,000 mg/l
Polymer with		sludge	1			
Methyloxirane,						
Monobutyl						
Ether			<u> </u>		1	
Ferric	25869-00-5	Water flea	Endpoint not	24 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
Ammonium			reached			
Ferrocyanide						
Ferric	25869-00-5	Activated	Experimental	3 hours	NOEC	100 mg/l
Ammonium		sludge				
Ferrocyanide		-	<u> </u>			
Ferric	25869-00-5	Common Carp	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l

Ammonium Ferrocyanide						
Ferric	25869-00-5	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	9.7 mg/l
Ammonium						
Ferrocyanide						
Ferric	25869-00-5	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	8 mg/l
Ammonium						
Ferrocyanide						
Ferric	25869-00-5	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	EC10	0.168 mg/l
Ammonium						
Ferrocyanide						
Ferric	14038-43-8	Golden Orfe	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
Ferrocyanide						

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Benzoyl	94-36-0	Experimental		Hydrolytic	5.2 hours (t	OECD 111 Hydrolysis
Peroxide		Hydrolysis		half-life	1/2)	func of pH
Benzoyl	94-36-0	Experimental	28 days	BOD	71 %	OECD 301D - Closed
Peroxide		Biodegradation			BOD/ThBOD	bottle test
Benzoic Acid,	131298-44-7	Data not			N/A	
C9-11-		available-				
Branched Alkyl		insufficient				
Esters						
Zinc Stearate	557-05-1	Experimental	28 days	BOD	14.6 %	OECD 301D - Closed
		Biodegradation			BOD/ThBOD	bottle test
Calcium	7778-18-9	Data not			N/A	
Sulfate		available-				
		insufficient				
Iron Oxide	1309-37-1	Data not			N/A	
(FE2O3)		available-				
		insufficient				
Oxirane,	9038-95-3	Data not			N/A	
Polymer with		available-				
Methyloxirane,		insufficient				
Monobutyl						
Ether						
Ferric	25869-00-5	Data not			N/A	
Ammonium		available-				
Ferrocyanide		insufficient				
Ferric	14038-43-8	Data not			N/A	
Ferrocyanide		available-				
		insufficient				

# 12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Benzoyl	94-36-0	Experimental		Log Kow	3.2	OECD 117 log Kow
Peroxide		Bioconcentrati				HPLC method
		on				
Benzoic Acid,	131298-44-7	Data not	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
C9-11-		available or				
Branched Alkyl		insufficient for				

Esters		classification				
Zinc Stearate	557-05-1	Experimental Bioconcentrati on		Log Kow	4.64	OECD 117 log Kow HPLC method
Calcium Sulfate	7778-18-9	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Iron Oxide (FE2O3)	1309-37-1	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Oxirane, Polymer with Methyloxirane, Monobutyl Ether	9038-95-3	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ferric Ammonium Ferrocyanide	25869-00-5	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ferric Ferrocyanide	14038-43-8	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

#### 12.5 Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes.

# **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

## Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG) - Road/Rail Transport

**UN No.:** UN3108

Proper shipping name: ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, SOLID, (DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE (AS A PASTE), <=

52%)

Class/Division: 5.2 Sub Risk: Not applicable. Packing Group: Not applicable.

**Special Instructions:** Limited quantity may apply

Hazchem Code: 1W

**IERG: 32** 

International Air Transport Association (IATA) - Air Transport

## 3MTM Cream Hardener (Red, White & Blue)

UN No.: UN3108

Proper shipping name: ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, SOLID, (DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE (AS A PASTE), <=

52%)

Class/Division: 5.2 Sub Risk: Not applicable. Packing Group: Not applicable.

Special Instructions: Forbidden packaging does not meet requirements for this mode of transport

## International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)- Marine Transport

UN No.: UN3108

Proper shipping name: ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, SOLID, (DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE (AS A PASTE), <=

52%)

Class/Division: 5.2
Sub Risk: Not applicable.
Packing Group: Not applicable.
Marine Pollutant: Benzoyl Peroxide

**Special Instructions:** Limited quantity may apply

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **Australian Inventory Status:**

The chemical components contained within this product are listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances and are in compliance with the requirements of the Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989 as amended.

**Poison Schedule:** This product is intended for Industrial or Professional Use only and therefore is not packaged and labelled in accordance with the requirements of the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Revision information:**

Complete document review.

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Safety Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.

Greenguard ® is a United States based program. The 'Low VOC' reference related to United States Federal and State regulations exemptions for some solvents.

#### 3M Australia SDSs are available at www.3m.com.au