



Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia, December 2011)

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3M™ Finesse-It Marine Paste Compound, 06038, 06039

Product Identification Numbers

60-4550-8403-2

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Aggressive compounding of gelcoated fiberglass surfaces, License plate stickers

For Industrial or Professional use only.

1.3. Supplier's details

Address: 3M Australia - Building A, 1 Rivett Road, North Ryde NSW 2113
Telephone: 136 136
E Mail: productinfo.au@mmm.com
Website: www.3m.com.au

1.4. Emergency telephone number

EMERGENCY: 1800 097 146 (Australia only)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

This product is classified as a hazardous chemical according to the Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, 2011, in accordance with applicable State and Territory legislation.

Refer to Section 14 of this Safety Data Sheets for product Dangerous Goods Classification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Carcinogenicity: Category 1A.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3

2.2. Label elements

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with the Code of Practice on Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for

Hazardous Chemicals (Safe Work Australia, December 2011). This information may be different from the actual product label.

Signal word

Danger

Symbols

Exclamation mark |Health Hazard |

Pictograms



Hazard statements

H350 May cause cancer.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: respiratory system.

Precautionary statements

General:

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280F Wear respiratory protection.

Response:

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3. Other assigned/identified product hazards

Aspiration classification does not apply due to the viscosity of the product.

2.4. Other hazards which do not result in classification

Causes mild skin irritation.
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Weight
Quartz	14808-60-7	15 - 40
Water	7732-18-5	15 - 40
Kerosene	8008-20-6	< 22
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	7 - 13
Pine oil	8002-09-3	1 - 5
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	1 - 5
Oleic Acid	112-80-1	0.5 - 2
Naphthalene	91-20-3	< 0.6

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin contact

Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye contact

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Central nervous system depression (headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness). Target organ effects following prolonged or repeated exposure. See Section 11 for additional details.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

Use a fire fighting agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance

Carbon monoxide.

Carbon dioxide.

Oxides of nitrogen.

Toxic vapour, gas, particulate.

Condition

During combustion.

During combustion.

During combustion.

During combustion.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

No special protective actions for fire-fighters are anticipated.

Hazchem Code: •3Z

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage**7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Keep out of reach of children. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Use personal protective equipment (eg. gloves, respirators...) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**8.1 Control parameters****Occupational exposure limits**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	ACGIH	TWA:5 mg/m ³	
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):5 mg/m ³	
Quartz	14808-60-7	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):0.025 mg/m ³	A2: Suspected human carcin.
Quartz	14808-60-7	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):0.1 mg/m ³ ;Limit value not established:	
Kerosine (petroleum)	64742-47-8	ACGIH	TWA(as total hydrocarbon vapour, non-aerosol):200 mg/m ³	A3: Confirmed animal carcin., SKIN
Kerosene	8008-20-6	ACGIH	TWA(as total hydrocarbon vapour, non-aerosol):200 mg/m ³	A3: Confirmed animal carcin., SKIN

Naphthalene	91-20-3	ACGIH	TWA:10 ppm	A3: Confirmed animal carcinogen. Danger of cutaneous absorption.
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):52 mg/m3(10 ppm);STEL(15 minutes):79 mg/m3(15 ppm)	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

Australia OELs : Australia. Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

Sen: Sensitiser

Sk: Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Provide appropriate local exhaust ventilation for cutting, grinding, sanding or machining.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Safety glasses with side shields.

Select and use eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1336. Eye protection should comply with the performance specifications of AS/NZS 1337.

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Butyl rubber.

Fluoroelastomer

Nitrile rubber.

Select and use gloves according to AS/NZ 2161.

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Select and use respirators according to AS/NZS 1715. Respirators should comply with AS/NZS 1716 performance specifications. For information about respirators, call 3M on 1800 024 464.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Physical state	Liquid.
Specific Physical Form:	Viscous.
Colour	Off-White
Odour	Pina colada
Odour threshold	<i>No data available.</i>
pH	8.4 - 8.9
Melting point/Freezing point	<i>No data available.</i>
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	<i>No data available.</i>
Flash point	No flash point
Evaporation rate	<i>No data available.</i>
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Flammable Limits(LEL)	<i>No data available.</i>
Flammable Limits(UEL)	<i>No data available.</i>
Vapour pressure	<i>No data available.</i>
Vapor Density and/or Relative Vapor Density	<i>No data available.</i>
Density	1.14 - 1.17 g/ml
Relative density	1.14 - 1.17 [Ref Std:WATER=1]
Water solubility	<i>Not applicable.</i>
Solubility- non-water	<i>No data available.</i>
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	<i>No data available.</i>
Autoignition temperature	<i>No data available.</i>
Decomposition temperature	<i>No data available.</i>
Viscosity/Kinematic Viscosity	125,000 - 250,000 mPa-s [@ 23 °C]
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	399 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	24.2 % weight [Test Method:calculated per CARB title 2]
Percent volatile	61.8 % weight [Test Method:Estimated]
VOC less H2O & exempt solvents	591 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**10.1 Reactivity**

This material is considered to be non reactive under normal use conditions

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Conditions to avoid

None known.

10.4. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.5 Incompatible materials

None known.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**Substance****Condition**

None known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation

Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin contact

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Eye contact

Dust created by cutting, grinding, sanding, or machining may cause eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central nervous system (CNS) depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Silicosis: Signs/symptoms may include breathlessness, weakness, chest pain, persistent cough, increased amounts of sputum, and heart disease.

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-Dust/Mist(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >12.5 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Quartz	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg

Quartz	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Kerosene	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Kerosene	Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 5 mg/l
Kerosene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 3 mg/l
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Pine oil	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Pine oil	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 4.76 mg/l
Pine oil	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Oleic Acid	Dermal	Guinea pig	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Oleic Acid	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 57,000 mg/kg
Triethanolamine	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 9,000 mg/kg
Naphthalene	Dermal	Human	LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Naphthalene	Inhalation-Vapour	Human	LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
Naphthalene	Ingestion	Human	LD50 estimated to be 300 - 2,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Quartz	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Kerosene	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Pine oil	Rabbit	Irritant
Oleic Acid	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Triethanolamine	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Naphthalene	Rabbit	Minimal irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Kerosene	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Pine oil	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Oleic Acid	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Triethanolamine	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Naphthalene	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Skin Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
Kerosene	Guinea pig	Not classified
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Guinea pig	Not classified
Pine oil	Human and animal	Not classified
Triethanolamine	Human	Not classified

Respiratory Sensitisation

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Quartz	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Quartz	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Kerosene	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Kerosene	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Pine oil	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Oleic Acid	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Triethanolamine	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Triethanolamine	In vivo	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Quartz	Inhalation	Human and animal	Carcinogenic.
Kerosene	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Oleic Acid	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
Oleic Acid	Ingestion	Rat	Not carcinogenic
Oleic Acid	Not specified.	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Triethanolamine	Dermal	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Naphthalene	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Carcinogenic.

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Kerosene	Dermal	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 494 mg/kg/day	pre mating & during gestation
Kerosene	Dermal	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 494 mg/kg/day	pre mating & during gestation
Kerosene	Dermal	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 494 mg/kg/day	pre mating & during gestation
Kerosene	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 400 ppm	during organogenesis
Pine oil	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Pine oil	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 250 mg/kg/day	pre mating into lactation
Pine oil	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 250 mg/kg/day	5 weeks
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Mouse	NOAEL 1,125 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Kerosene	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL not available	occupational exposure
Kerosene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL not available	not available
Kerosene	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Kerosene	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL not available	not applicable
Kerosene	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 18,912 mg/kg	not applicable
Kerosene	Ingestion	heart hematopoietic system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
Pine oil	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL not available	
Naphthalene	Ingestion	blood	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Quartz	Inhalation	silicosis	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Kerosene	Dermal	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Kerosene	Dermal	liver immune system kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	2 years
Kerosene	Dermal	nervous system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 2,700 mg/kg/day	1 weeks
Kerosene	Dermal	heart gastrointestinal tract muscles	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	2 years

		respiratory system				
Kerosene	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL not available	1 years
Kerosene	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.231 mg/l	14 weeks
Kerosene	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Guinea pig	LOAEL 20.4 mg/l	not available
Kerosene	Inhalation	gastrointestinal tract hematopoietic system muscles respiratory system	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.1 mg/l	13 weeks
Pine oil	Inhalation	hematopoietic system eyes respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2.23 mg/l	13 weeks
Pine oil	Ingestion	liver kidney and/or bladder heart skin endocrine system gastrointestinal tract bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system immune system muscles nervous system respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	5 weeks
Oleic Acid	Ingestion	liver immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,250 mg/kg/day	108 weeks
Oleic Acid	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,550 mg/kg/day	108 weeks
Triethanolamine	Dermal	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
Triethanolamine	Dermal	liver	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 4,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg/day	24 weeks
Naphthalene	Dermal	blood	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Naphthalene	Dermal	eyes	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Naphthalene	Inhalation	respiratory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 0.01 mg/l	13 weeks
Naphthalene	Inhalation	blood	Causes damage to organs through	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse

			prolonged or repeated exposure			
Naphthalene	Inhalation	eyes	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Naphthalene	Ingestion	blood	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Naphthalene	Ingestion	eyes	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rabbit	LOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	15 days

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
Kerosene	Aspiration hazard
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Aspiration hazard

Exposure Levels

Refer Section 8.1 Control Parameters of this Safety Data Sheet.

Interactive Effects

Not determined.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic hazard:

GHS Acute 2: Toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic hazard:

GHS Chronic 2: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Number	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Quartz	14808-60-7	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC50	440 mg/l
Quartz	14808-60-7	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EC50	7,600 mg/l
Quartz	14808-60-7	Zebra Fish	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	5,000 mg/l
Quartz	14808-60-7	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEC	60 mg/l
Kerosene	8008-20-6	Rainbow trout	Analogous Compound	96 hours	LL50	2 mg/l
Kerosene	8008-20-6	Water flea	Analogous Compound	48 hours	EL50	1.4 mg/l
Kerosene	8008-20-6	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EL50	1 mg/l
Kerosene	8008-20-6	Water flea	Analogous Compound	21 days	NOEL	0.48 mg/l
Kerosene	8008-20-6	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEL	1 mg/l
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC50	1 mg/l

Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	Rainbow trout	Estimated	96 hours	LL50	2 mg/l
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EL50	1.4 mg/l
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEL	1 mg/l
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	Water flea	Estimated	21 days	NOEL	0.48 mg/l
Pine oil	8002-09-3	Activated sludge	Estimated	28 days	NOEC	25.7 mg/l
Pine oil	8002-09-3	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC50	68 mg/l
Pine oil	8002-09-3	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	18.4 mg/l
Pine oil	8002-09-3	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	24.5 mg/l
Pine oil	8002-09-3	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEC	3.9 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Activated sludge	Experimental	3 hours	IC50	>1,000 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	11,800 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	ErC50	512 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	609.98 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	ErC10	26 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	16 mg/l
Oleic Acid	112-80-1	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Bacteria	Experimental	18 hours	EC10	>20 mg/l
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Bacteria	Experimental	24 hours	IC50	29 mg/l
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Diatom	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	0.4 mg/l
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	0.11 mg/l
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	1.6 mg/l
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Fish	Experimental	40 days	NOEC	0.12 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Quartz	14808-60-7	Data not available-insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Kerosene	8008-20-6	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	58.6 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	Data not available-insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Pine oil	8002-09-3	Estimated Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	80 %BOD/COD	OECD 310 CO2 Headspace
Pine oil	8002-09-3	Estimated Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	124 minutes (t 1/2)	
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Experimental Biodegradation	19 days	Dissolv. Organic Carbon Deplet	96 %removal of DOC	similar to OECD 301E
Oleic Acid	112-80-1	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	78 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	>74 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Quartz	14808-60-7	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Kerosene	8008-20-6	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Pine oil	8002-09-3	Estimated Bioconcentration		Log Kow	3.28	
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Experimental BCF - Fish	42 days	Bioaccumulation factor	<3.9	similar to OECD 305
Oleic Acid	112-80-1	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Experimental BCF - Fish	56 days	Bioaccumulation factor	36.5-168	OECD305-Bioconcentration

12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG) - Road/Rail Transport

UN No.: UN3082

Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. , (Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates)

Class/Division: 9

Sub Risk: Not applicable.

Packing Group: III

Special Instructions: Not restricted, environmentally hazardous substance exception.

Hazchem Code: •3Z

IERG: 47

International Air Transport Association (IATA) - Air Transport

UN No.: UN3082

Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. , (Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates)

Class/Division: 9

Sub Risk: Not applicable.

Packing Group: III

Special Instructions: Not restricted, as per Special Provision A197, environmentally hazardous substance exception.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)- Marine Transport

UN No.: UN3082

Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. , (Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates)

Class/Division: 9

Sub Risk: Not applicable.

Packing Group: III

Marine Pollutant: Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates

Special Instructions: Not restricted, as per IMDG code 2.10.2.7, marine pollutant exception.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Australian Inventory Status:

All components of this product are listed on or exempt from the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC). Conditions may apply prior to introduction for direct importers of this product, Please contact 3M Australia on 136 136 for further details.

Poison Schedule: This product is intended for Industrial or Professional Use only and therefore is not packaged and labelled in accordance with the requirements of the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision information:

Complete document review.

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Safety Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.

Greenguard® is a United States based program. The 'Low VOC' reference related to United States Federal and State regulations exemptions for some solvents.

3M Australia SDSs are available at www.3m.com.au