Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia, December 2011)

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier
3M™ Perfect-It™ Boat Wax 36112 36113

Product Identification Numbers
60-4550-8610-2 60-4550-8611-0

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use
Surface Refinishing Product., Marine

For Industrial or Professional use only.

1.3. Supplier's details
Address: 3M Australia - Building A, 1 Rivett Road, North Ryde NSW 2113
Telephone: 136 136
E Mail: productinfo.au@mmm.com
Website: www.3m.com.au

1.4. Emergency telephone number
EMERGENCY: 1800 097 146 (Australia only)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

This product is NOT classified as a hazardous chemical according to the Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, 2011, in accordance with applicable State and Territory legislation.

Refer to Section 14 of this Safety Data Sheets for product Dangerous Goods Classification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture
Not applicable.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word
Not applicable.

Symbols
Not applicable.

Pictograms
Not applicable

2.3. Other assigned/identified product hazards
Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

2.4. Other hazards which do not result in classification
None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Weight
Water	7732-1805	50 - 70
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	10 - 30
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	3 - 7
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	3 - 7
Carnauba Wax	8015-86-9	1 - 5
Poly(Dimethylsiloxane)	63148-62-9	1 - 5
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	8042-47-5	0.5 - 1.5
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	< 0.5

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation
Remove person to fresh air. If you are concerned, get medical advice.

Skin contact
Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye contact
No need for first aid is anticipated.

If swallowed
Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
No critical symptoms or effects. See Section 11.1, information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required
Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media
In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance	Condition
Formaldehyde	During combustion.
Carbon monoxide.	During combustion.
Carbon dioxide.	During combustion.
Irritant vapours or gases.	During combustion.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters
Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions
Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with detergent and water. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Keep out of reach of children. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Use personal protective equipment (eg. gloves, respirators…) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities
Store away from acids. Store away from strong bases. Store away from oxidising agents.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	ACGIH	TWA:10 mg/m³	A4: Not class. as human carcin

Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Australia OELs	TWA(Inspirable dust)(8 hours):10 mg/m3	
Kerosine (petroleum)	64742-47-8	ACGIH	TWA(as total hydrocarbon vapour, non-aerosol):200 mg/m3	A3: Confirmed animal carcin., SKIN
MINERAL OILS, HIGHLY-REFINED OILS	8042-47-5	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):5 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin
Paraffin oil	8042-47-5	Australia OELs	TWA(as mist)(8 hours):5 mg/m3	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association
Australia OELs : Australia. Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment
CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines
TWA: Time-Weighted-Average
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
CEIL: Ceiling
Sen: Sensitiser
Sk: Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls
Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection
None required.

Skin/hand protection
Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.
Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

When only incidental contact is anticipated, alternative glove material(s) may be used. If contact with the glove does occur, remove immediately and replace with a set of new gloves. For incidental contact, gloves made of the following material(s) may be used:Nitrile rubber.

Select and use gloves according to AS/NZ 2161.

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:
Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.
Select and use respirators according to AS/NZS 1715. Respirators should comply with AS/NZS 1716 performance specifications. For information about respirators, call 3M on 1800 024 464.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.
Colour	Light Yellow
Odour	Banana
Odour threshold	*No data available.*
pH	7.5 - 8.5
Melting point/Freezing point	*Not applicable.*
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	198.9 ºC
Flash point	Flash point > 93 °C (200 °F)
Evaporation rate	*No data available.*
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Flammable Limits(LEL)	*No data available.*
Flammable Limits(UEL)	*No data available.*
Vapour pressure	*No data available.*
Vapor Density and/or Relative Vapor Density	*No data available.*
Density	950 - 986 g/l
Relative density	0.95 - 0.986 [*Ref Std:*WATER=1]
Water solubility	Moderate
Solubility- non-water	*No data available.*
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	*No data available.*
Autoignition temperature	*No data available.*
Decomposition temperature	*No data available.*
Viscosity/Kinematic Viscosity	17,000 - 30,000 mPa-s [@ 25 ºC]
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	14.8 % weight [*Test Method:*calculated per CARB title 2]
Percent volatile	85.6 % weight [*Test Method:*Estimated]
VOC less H2O & exempt solvents	503 g/l [*Test Method:*calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

Nanoparticles
This material does not contain nanoparticles.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable.

10.3. Conditions to avoid
Temperatures above the boiling point.

10.4. Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.5 Incompatible materials
Strong acids.
Strong bases.
Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Substance	**Condition**
None known.	

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation
May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin contact
Dermal Defatting Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause: Dermal Defatting: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, itching, drying and cracking of skin. Dermal Defatting: Signs/symptoms may include localised redness, itching, drying and cracking of skin.

Eye contact
Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

Ingestion
Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Additional Health Effects:

Carcinogenicity:
Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

Toxicological Data
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-Vapour(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Inhalation-Vapour		LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Kaolin, calcined	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Inhalation-Vapour	Professional judgement	LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Kaolin, calcined	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Poly(Dimethylsiloxane)	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 19,400 mg/kg
Poly(Dimethylsiloxane)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 17,000 mg/kg
Carnauba Wax	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Carnauba Wax	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 8,800 mg/kg
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Titanium dioxide	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
Titanium dioxide	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 6.82 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Poly(Dimethylsiloxane)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Carnauba Wax	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Titanium dioxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Poly(Dimethylsiloxane)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Carnauba Wax	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Titanium dioxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Skin Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Guinea pig	Not classified
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Guinea pig	Not classified
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Guinea pig	Not classified
Titanium dioxide	Human and animal	Not classified

Respiratory Sensitisation

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	In vivo	Not mutagenic
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Titanium dioxide	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Titanium dioxide	In vivo	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Not specified.	Not available	Not carcinogenic
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Not specified.	Not available	Not carcinogenic
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Titanium dioxide	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Titanium dioxide	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic.

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Not specified.	Not classified for female reproduction	Not available	NOAEL NA	1 generation
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Not specified.	Not classified for male reproduction	Not available	NOAEL NA	28 days
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Not specified.	Not classified for development	Not applicable	NOAEL NA	during gestation
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Not specified.	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL Not available	1 generation
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Not specified.	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL Not available	28 days
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Not specified.	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL Not available	during gestation
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	during gestation

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure
For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,381 mg/kg/day	90 days
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	liver | immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,336 mg/kg/day	90 days
Titanium dioxide	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the	Rat	LOAEL 0.01 mg/l	2 years

			data are not sufficient for classification			
Titanium dioxide	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Aspiration hazard
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Aspiration hazard
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Aspiration hazard

Exposure Levels
Refer Section **8.1 Control Parameters** of this Safety Data Sheet.

Interactive Effects
Not determined.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic hazard:
Not acutely toxic to aquatic life by GHS criteria.

Chronic aquatic hazard:
Not chronically toxic to aquatic life by GHS criteria.

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Number	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	EL50	>1,000 mg/l
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	Rainbow trout	Estimated	96 hours	LL50	>1,000 mg/l
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EL50	>1,000 mg/l
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	Bacteria	Experimental	5 hours	EL10	>2 ug/l
Naphtha (petroleum),	64742-48-9	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEL	1,000 mg/l

hydrotreated heavy						
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Crustecea other	Estimated	48 hours	LL50	>10,000 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	EL50	>1,000 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Rainbow trout	Estimated	96 hours	LL50	>88,444 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EL50	>1,000 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEL	1,000 mg/l
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	Bacteria	Estimated	16 hours	EC10	1,400 mg/l
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC50	2,500 mg/l
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	Zebra Fish	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC10	41 mg/l
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	Rainbow trout	Estimated	30 days	NOEC	100 mg/l
Carnauba Wax	8015-86-9		Data not available or insufficient for classification			N/A
Poly(Dimethylsiloxane)	63148-62-9		Data not available or insufficient for classification			N/A
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	8042-47-5	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EL50	>100 mg/l
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	8042-47-5	Bluegill	Experimental	96 hours	LL50	>100 mg/l
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	8042-47-5	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEL	100 mg/l
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	8042-47-5	Water flea	Estimated	21 days	NOEL	>100 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Activated sludge	Experimental	3 hours	NOEC	>=1,000 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Diatom	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	>10,000 mg/l

Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Diatom	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	5,600 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	Estimated Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	31 % BOD/ThBOD	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Estimated Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	22 % BOD/ThBOD	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	Data not available-insufficient			N/A	
Carnauba Wax	8015-86-9	Estimated Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	96 % weight	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2
Poly(Dimethylsiloxane)	63148-62-9	Data not available-insufficient			N/A	
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	8042-47-5	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	0 % weight	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Data not available-insufficient			N/A	

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Carnauba Wax	8015-86-9	Estimated Bioconcentration		Bioaccumulation factor	7.4	Estimated: Bioconcentration factor
Poly(Dimethylsiloxane)	63148-62-9	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	8042-47-5	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Experimental BCF-Carp	42 days	Bioaccumulation factor	9.6	Non-standard method

12.4. Mobility in soil
Please contact manufacturer for more details

12.5 Other adverse effects
No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods
Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG) - Road/Rail Transport
UN No.: Not applicable.
Proper shipping name: Not applicable.
Class/Division: Not applicable.
Sub Risk: Not applicable.
Packing Group: Not applicable.

Hazchem Code: Not applicable
IERG: Not applicable.

International Air Transport Association (IATA) - Air Transport
UN No.: Not applicable.
Proper shipping name: Not applicable.
Class/Division: Not applicable.
Sub Risk: Not applicable.
Packing Group: Not applicable.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)- Marine Transport
UN No.: Not applicable.
Proper shipping name: Not applicable.
Class/Division: Not applicable.
Sub Risk: Not applicable.
Packing Group: Not applicable.
Marine Pollutant: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Australian Inventory Status:
The chemical components contained within this product are listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances and

are in compliance with the requirements of the Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989 as amended.

Poison Schedule: This product is intended for Industrial or Professional Use only and therefore is not packaged and labelled in accordance with the requirements of the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision information:
Complete document review.

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Safety Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.
Greenguard ® is a United States based program. The 'Low VOC' reference related to United States Federal and State regulations exemptions for some solvents.

3M Australia SDSs are available at www.3m.com.au