Safety Data Sheet

Document group:	42-2345-9	**Version number:**	1.00
Issue Date:	28/05/2022	**Supersedes date:**	Initial issue.

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia, December 2011)

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier
3M™ Perfect-It™ Random Orbital Polish, 34133, 34134, 34135

Product Identification Numbers
60-4551-1433-4

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use
Automotive

For Industrial or Professional use only.

1.3. Supplier's details
Address: 3M Australia - Building A, 1 Rivett Road, North Ryde NSW 2113
Telephone: 136 136
E Mail: productinfo.au@mmm.com
Website: www.3m.com.au

1.4. Emergency telephone number
EMERGENCY: 1800 097 146 (Australia only)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

This product is NOT classified as a hazardous chemical according to the Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, 2011, in accordance with applicable State and Territory legislation.

Refer to Section 14 of this Safety Data Sheets for product Dangerous Goods Classification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture
Not applicable.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word
Not applicable.

Symbols
Not applicable.

Pictograms
Not applicable

2.3. Other assigned/identified product hazards
None known.

2.4. Other hazards which do not result in classification
None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Weight
Water	7732-18-5	40 - 70
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	10 - 30
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	5 - 15
Glycerol	56-81-5	1 - 5
Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate	9005-65-6	1 - 5
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	64742-46-7	1 - 5
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	1 - 5
Oleic Acid, Ethoxylated	Trade Secret	1 - 5
D-Glucopyranose, oligomers, decyl octyl glycosides	68515-73-1	0.1 - 1.0
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	0.1 - 1.0
Esters Based on Natural Fatty Acids	Trade Secret	0.1 - 1
Non-VOC Oxygenated Solvents	Trade Secret	0.1 - 1

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation
Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin contact
Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye contact
Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If swallowed
Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
No critical symptoms or effects. See Section 11.1, information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required
Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media
In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
None inherent in this product.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance	Condition
Carbon monoxide.	During combustion.
Carbon dioxide.	During combustion.
Irritant vapours or gases.	During combustion.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters
Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Observe precautions from other sections.

6.2. Environmental precautions
Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Avoid breathing of dust created by cutting, sanding, grinding or machining. Keep out of reach of children. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities
No special storage requirements.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	ACGIH	TWA:5 mg/m3	
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):5 mg/m3	

Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Australia OELs	TWA(Inspirable dust)(8 hours):10 mg/m3	
Aluminum, insoluble compounds	1344-28-1	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):1 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin
Glycerol	56-81-5	Australia OELs	TWA(Inspirable dust)(8 hours):10 mg/m3	
Paraffin oil	64742-46-7	Australia OELs	TWA(as mist)(8 hours):5 mg/m3	
Kerosine (petroleum)	64742-47-8	ACGIH	TWA(as total hydrocarbon vapour, non-aerosol):200 mg/m3	A3: Confirmed animal carcin., SKIN
MINERAL OILS, HIGHLY-REFINED OILS	8042-47-5	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):5 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin
Paraffin oil	8042-47-5	Australia OELs	TWA(as mist)(8 hours):5 mg/m3	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association
Australia OELs : Australia. Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment
CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines
TWA: Time-Weighted-Average
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
CEIL: Ceiling
Sen: Sensitiser
Sk: Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls
No engineering controls required.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:
Safety glasses with side shields.

Select and use eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1336. Eye protection should comply with the performance specifications of AS/NZS 1337.

Skin/hand protection
Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. When only incidental contact is anticipated, alternative glove material(s) may be used. If contact with the glove does occur, remove immediately and replace with a set of new gloves. For incidental contact, gloves made of nitrile rubber are recommended.
Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Nitrile rubber.

Select and use gloves according to AS/NZ 2161.

Respiratory protection
None required.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.
Colour	Purple
Odour	Solvent
Odour threshold	*No data available.*
pH	8.1 9.5 Units not available or not applicable.
Melting point/Freezing point	*No data available.*
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	*No data available.*
Flash point	No flash point
Evaporation rate	*No data available.*
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Flammable Limits(LEL)	*No data available.*
Flammable Limits(UEL)	*No data available.*
Vapour pressure	*No data available.*
Vapor Density and/or Relative Vapor Density	*No data available.*
Relative density	1 [*Ref Std:*WATER=1]
Water solubility	*No data available.*
Solubility- non-water	*No data available.*
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	*No data available.*
Autoignition temperature	*No data available.*
Decomposition temperature	*No data available.*
Viscosity/Kinematic Viscosity	40,000 - 50,000 mPa-s
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	14 % weight [*Test Method:*calculated per CARB title 2]
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	190 g/l [*Test Method:*calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
Percent volatile	40 - 70 % weight
VOC less H2O & exempt solvents	363 g/l [*Test Method:*calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable.

10.3. Conditions to avoid
Not determined

10.4. Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.5 Incompatible materials
Not determined

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Substance	**Condition**
None known.	

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be

reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation
Dust from cutting, grinding, sanding or machining may cause irritation of the respiratory system: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, nose and throat pain.

Skin contact
Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

Eye contact
Dust created by cutting, grinding, sanding, or machining may cause eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

Ingestion
Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Toxicological Data
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-Vapour(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Aluminium oxide	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Aluminium oxide	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 2.3 mg/l
Aluminium oxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Inhalation-Vapour	Professional judgement	LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 4.6 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Glycerol	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Glycerol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan	Dermal	Not available	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg

Monooleate			
Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 5.1 mg/l
Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 20,000 mg/kg
D-Glucopyranose, oligomers, decyl octyl glycosides	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
D-Glucopyranose, oligomers, decyl octyl glycosides	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Triethanolamine	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 9,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Aluminium oxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Glycerol	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
D-Glucopyranose, oligomers, decyl octyl glycosides	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Triethanolamine	Rabbit	Minimal irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Aluminium oxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	Not available	Mild irritant
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Glycerol	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
D-Glucopyranose, oligomers, decyl octyl glycosides	Rabbit	Corrosive
Triethanolamine	Rabbit	Mild irritant

Skin Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Guinea pig	Not classified
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Guinea pig	Not classified
Glycerol	Guinea pig	Not classified
Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate	Guinea pig	Not classified
D-Glucopyranose, oligomers, decyl octyl glycosides	Mouse	Not classified
Triethanolamine	Human	Not classified

Respiratory Sensitisation

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Aluminium oxide	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not

		sufficient for classification
White mineral oil (petroleum)	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
D-Glucopyranose, oligomers, decyl octyl glycosides	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Triethanolamine	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Triethanolamine	In vivo	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Aluminium oxide	Inhalation	Rat	Not carcinogenic
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Not specified.	Not available	Not carcinogenic
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Glycerol	Ingestion	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate	Ingestion	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Triethanolamine	Dermal	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Not specified.	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL Not available	1 generation
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Not specified.	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL Not available	1 generation
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Not specified.	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL Not available	1 generation
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Glycerol	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Glycerol	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Glycerol	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 6,666	3 generation

				mg/kg/day	
Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 6,666 mg/kg/day	3 generation
Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 5,000 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Mouse	NOAEL 1,125 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	Inhalation	central nervous system depression | respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Not available	NOAEL NA	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Not available	NOAEL NA	
D-Glucopyranose, oligomers, decyl octyl glycosides	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Aluminium oxide	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Aluminium oxide	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,381 mg/kg/day	90 days
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	liver | immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,336 mg/kg/day	90 days
Glycerol	Inhalation	respiratory system | heart | liver | kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3.91 mg/l	14 days
Glycerol	Ingestion	endocrine system | hematopoietic system | liver | kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 10,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan	Ingestion	heart | endocrine system | gastrointestinal	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 4,132 mg/kg/day	90 days

Monooleate		tract | bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair | hematopoietic system | liver | immune system | nervous system | kidney and/or bladder | respiratory system				
Triethanolamine	Dermal	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
Triethanolamine	Dermal	liver	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 4,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg/day	24 weeks

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Aspiration hazard
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	Aspiration hazard
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Aspiration hazard

Exposure Levels
Refer Section **8.1 Control Parameters** of this Safety Data Sheet.

Interactive Effects
Not determined.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic hazard:
GHS Acute 3: Harmful to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic hazard:
GHS Chronic 3: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Number	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Fish	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
Aluminium	1344-28-1	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l

oxide						
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	>100 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EL50	>1,000 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LL50	>1,000 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EL50	>1,000 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEL	1,000 mg/l
Glycerol	56-81-5	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	NOEC	10,000 mg/l
Glycerol	56-81-5	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	54,000 mg/l
Glycerol	56-81-5	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	1,955 mg/l
Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate	9005-65-6	Copepod	Estimated	48 hours	LL50	>10,000 mg/l
Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate	9005-65-6	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	EL50	58.84 mg/l
Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate	9005-65-6	Zebra Fish	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate	9005-65-6	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC10	19.05 mg/l
Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate	9005-65-6	Water flea	Estimated	21 days	NOEL	10 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	64742-46-7		Data not available or insufficient for classification			N/A
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EL50	>100 mg/l
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Bluegill	Experimental	96 hours	LL50	>100 mg/l
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEL	100 mg/l
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Water flea	Estimated	21 days	NOEL	>100 mg/l
D-Glucopyranose, oligomers,	68515-73-1	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	27.22 mg/l

decyl octyl glycosides						
D-Glucopyranose, oligomers, decyl octyl glycosides	68515-73-1	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
D-Glucopyranose, oligomers, decyl octyl glycosides	68515-73-1	Zebra Fish	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	101 mg/l
D-Glucopyranose, oligomers, decyl octyl glycosides	68515-73-1	Water flea	Estimated	21 days	NOEC	2 mg/l
D-Glucopyranose, oligomers, decyl octyl glycosides	68515-73-1	Zebra Fish	Estimated	28 days	NOEC	1.8 mg/l
D-Glucopyranose, oligomers, decyl octyl glycosides	68515-73-1	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC10	6.25 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Activated sludge	Experimental	3 hours	IC50	>1,000 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	11,800 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	512 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	609.98 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC10	26 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	16 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Data not available-insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Estimated Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	69 %BOD/ThBOD	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
Glycerol	56-81-5	Experimental Biodegradation	14 days	BOD	63 %BOD/ThBOD	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate	9005-65-6	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	61 % weight	Non-standard method

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	64742-46-7	Estimated Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	<2.45 days (t 1/2)	Non-standard method
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	0 % weight	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2
D-Glucopyranose, oligomers, decyl octyl glycosides	68515-73-1	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	Dissolv. Organic Carbon Deplet	100 % weight	OECD 301E - Modif. OECD Screen
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Experimental Biodegradation	19 days	Dissolv. Organic Carbon Deplet	96 % weight	Non-standard method

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Glycerol	56-81-5	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	-1.76	Non-standard method
Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate	9005-65-6	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	64742-46-7	Estimated Bioconcentration		Log Kow	>4.61	Estimated: Octanol-water partition coefficient
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
D-Glucopyranose, oligomers, decyl octyl glycosides	68515-73-1	Estimated Bioconcentration		Log Kow	1.72	Non-standard method
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Experimental BCF - Carp	42 days	Bioaccumulation factor	<3.9	Non-standard method

12.4. Mobility in soil
Please contact manufacturer for more details

12.5 Other adverse effects
No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods
Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG) - Road/Rail Transport
UN No.: Not applicable.
Proper shipping name: Not applicable.
Class/Division: Not applicable.
Sub Risk: Not applicable.
Packing Group: Not applicable.

Hazchem Code: Not applicable
IERG: Not applicable.

International Air Transport Association (IATA) - Air Transport
UN No.: Not applicable.
Proper shipping name: Not applicable.
Class/Division: Not applicable.
Sub Risk: Not applicable.
Packing Group: Not applicable.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)- Marine Transport
UN No.: Not applicable.
Proper shipping name: Not applicable.
Class/Division: Not applicable.
Sub Risk: Not applicable.
Packing Group: Not applicable.
Marine Pollutant: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Australian Inventory Status:
All components of this product are listed on or exempt from the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC). Conditions may apply prior to introduction for direct importers of this product, Please contact 3M Australia on 136 136 for further details.

Poison Schedule: This product is intended for Industrial or Professional Use only and therefore is not packaged and labelled in accordance with the requirements of the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision information:
Initial issue.

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use

(except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Safety Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.
Greenguard ® is a United States based program. The 'Low VOC' reference related to United States Federal and State regulations exemptions for some solvents.

3M Australia SDSs are available at www.3m.com.au