

Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia, December 2011)

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3M[™] Scotch-Weld[™] Rubber and Gasket Adhesive EC-847

Product Identification Numbers 62-0847-6540-3

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Adhesive

For Industrial or Professional use only.

1.3. Supplier's details

Address:	3M Australia - Building A, 1 Rivett Road, North Ryde NSW 2113
Telephone:	136 136
E Mail:	productinfo.au@mmm.com
Website:	www.3m.com.au

1.4. Emergency telephone number EMERGENCY: 1800 097 146 (Australia only)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

This product is classified as a hazardous chemical according to the Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, 2011, in accordance with applicable State and Territory legislation.

Refer to Section 14 of this Safety Data Sheets for product Dangerous Goods Classification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable Liquid: Category 2. Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2. Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3

2.2. Label elements

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with the Code of Practice on Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals (Safe Work Australia, December 2011). This information may be different from the actual product label.

Signal word

Danger

Symbols

Flame |Exclamation mark |Health Hazard |

Pictograms



Hazard statements

H225

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:	
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.
	No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.
P242	Use non-sparking tools.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280F	Wear respiratory protection.
Response:	
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P337 + P313	IF eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry
	chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.
Storage:	
P403 + P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405	Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3. Other assigned/identified product hazards

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

2.4. Other hazards which do not result in classification

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Weight	
Acetone	67-64-1	40 - 70	
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	9003-18-3	10 - 30	
Glycerol Esters of Rosin Acids	8050-31-5	7 - 13	
Phenol-Formaldehyde Polymer	25085-50-1	5 - 10	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	< 4	
Salicylic acid	69-72-7	< 3	
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	< 2	
Xylene	1330-20-7	< 1	
Antioxidant	68411-46-1	0.1 - 1	
MEK	78-93-3	<= 0.99	
Toluene	108-88-3	<= 0.99	
p-Tert-Butylphenol	98-54-4	< 0.5	

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin contact

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye contact

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Central nervous system depression (headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
Hydrocarbons.	During combustion.
Carbon monoxide.	During combustion.
Carbon dioxide.	During combustion.
Oxides of nitrogen.	During combustion.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

Hazchem Code: •3YE

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. WARNING ! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapours in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial/occupational use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Use personal protective equipment (eg. gloves, respirators...) as required. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapour accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation

during transfer.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Store away from heat. Store away from oxidising agents.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Toluene	108-88-3	ACGIH	TWA:20 ppm	A4: Not class. as human
				carcinogen, Ototoxicant
Toluene	108-88-3	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):191 mg/m3(50	SKIN
			ppm);STEL(15 minutes):574	
			mg/m3(150 ppm)	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	ACGIH	TWA:100 ppm	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):350	
			mg/m3(100 ppm);STEL(15	
			minutes):1050 mg/m3(300	
			ppm)	
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):2	
			mg/m3;STEL(respirable	
			fraction):10 mg/m3	
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	Australia OELs	TWA(Inspirable dust)(8	
			hours):10 mg/m3;TWA(as	
			fume)(8 hours):5	
			mg/m3;STEL(as fume)(15	
			minutes):10 mg/m3	
Xylene	1330-20-7	ACGIH	TWA:20 ppm;STEL:150 ppm	A4: Not class. as human
				carcin
Xylene	1330-20-7	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):350 mg/m3(80	
			ppm);STEL(15 minutes):655	
			mg/m3(150 ppm)	
Acetone	67-64-1	ACGIH	TWA:250 ppm;STEL:500 ppm	A4: Not class. as human
				carcin
Acetone	67-64-1	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):1185	
			mg/m3(500 ppm);STEL(15	
			minutes):2375 mg/m3(1000	
			ppm)	
MEK	78-93-3	ACGIH	TWA:200 ppm;STEL:300 ppm	
MEK	78-93-3	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours): 445 mg/m3	
			(150 ppm); STEL(15	
			minutes): 890 mg/m3 (300	
			ppm)	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

Australia OELs : Australia. Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit CEIL: Ceiling

Sen: Sensitiser

Sk: Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Indirect vented goggles.

Select and use eve protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1336. Eye protection should comply with the performance specifications of AS/NZS 1337.

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Butyl rubber.

Select and use gloves according to AS/NZ 2161.

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates Organic vapour respirators may have short service life.

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer. Select and use respirators according to AS/NZS 1715. Respirators should comply with AS/NZS 1716 performance specifications. For information about respirators, call 3M on 1800 024 464.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

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Physical state	Liquid.
Colour	Dark Brown
Odour	Sharp Solvent
Odour threshold	No data available.
рН	Not applicable.
Melting point/Freezing point	Not applicable.
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	>=56 °C [Details: Acetone]
Flash point	-20 °C [Test Method:Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	1.9 [<i>Ref Std</i> :ETHER=1]
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.

Flammable Limits(LEL)	2.6 %
Flammable Limits(UEL)	12.8 %
Vapour pressure	<=24,664.6 Pa [@ 20 °C]
Vapor Density and/or Relative Vapor Density	2 [<i>Ref Std</i> :AIR=1]
Density	0.91 g/ml
Relative density	0.91 [<i>Ref Std</i> :WATER=1]
Water solubility	Slight (less than 10%)
Solubility- non-water	No data available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/waterNo data available.	
Autoignition temperature	465 °C
Decomposition temperature	No data available.
Viscosity/Kinematic Viscosity	1,500 - 3,200 mPa-s [@ 23 °C]
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	<=150 g/l [<i>Test Method</i> :calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
Percent volatile	<=5 % weight
VOC less H2O & exempt solvents	<=40 g/l [<i>Test Method</i> :calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
Molecular weight	No data available.
Solids content	>=37.4 % volume

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

10.2 Chemical stability Stable.

10.3. Conditions to avoid Heat. Sparks and/or flames.

10.4. Possibility of hazardous reactions Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>

None known.

Condition

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation

Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin contact

Dermal Defatting Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause: Dermal Defatting: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, itching, drying and cracking of skin. Dermal Defatting: Signs/symptoms may include localised redness, itching, drying and cracking of skin. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced) in sensitive people: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

Eye contact

Severe eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central nervous system (CNS) depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicit	y
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Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-Vapour(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Acetone	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,688 mg/kg
Acetone	Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 76 mg/l
Acetone	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,800 mg/kg
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,000 mg/kg
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 30,000 mg/kg
Glycerol Esters of Rosin Acids	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Glycerol Esters of Rosin Acids	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Phenol-Formaldehyde Polymer	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be $> 5,000 \text{ mg/kg}$
Phenol-Formaldehyde Polymer	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,660 mg/kg
Cyclohexane	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Cyclohexane	Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 32.9 mg/l
Cyclohexane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 6,200 mg/kg
Salicylic acid	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Salicylic acid	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 891 mg/kg
Zinc Oxide	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Zinc Oxide	Inhalation-Dust/Mist	Rat	LC50 > 5.7 mg/l

	(4 hours)		
Zinc Oxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Toluene	Dermal	Rat	LD50 12,000 mg/kg
Toluene	Inhalation-Vapour (4	Rat	LC50 30 mg/l
	hours)		
Toluene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,550 mg/kg
MEK	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 8,050 mg/kg
MEK	Inhalation-Vapour (4	Rat	LC50 34.5 mg/l
	hours)		
MEK	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 2,737 mg/kg
Antioxidant	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Antioxidant	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 2,318 mg/kg
Xylene	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 4,200 mg/kg
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Inhalation-Dust/Mist	Rat	LC50 > 5.6 mg/l
	(4 hours)		
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 4,000 mg/kg
Xylene	Inhalation-Vapour (4	Rat	LC50 29 mg/l
	hours)		
Xylene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 3,523 mg/kg

 $\overline{\text{ATE}}$ = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Acetone	Mouse	Minimal irritation
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Glycerol Esters of Rosin Acids	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Cyclohexane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Salicylic acid	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Zinc Oxide	Human and animal	No significant irritation
Toluene	Rabbit	Irritant
MEK	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Antioxidant	Rabbit	Mild irritant
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Rabbit	Irritant
Xylene	Rabbit	Mild irritant

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Acetone	Rabbit	Severe irritant
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Glycerol Esters of Rosin Acids	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Cyclohexane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Salicylic acid	Rabbit	Corrosive
Zinc Oxide	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Toluene	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
MEK	Rabbit	Severe irritant
Antioxidant	Rabbit	Mild irritant
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Rabbit	Corrosive
Xylene	Rabbit	Mild irritant

Skin Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
Glycerol Esters of Rosin Acids	Guinea pig	Not classified
Phenol-Formaldehyde Polymer	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not

	sufficient for classif	
Salicylic acid	Mouse	Not classified
Zinc Oxide	Guinea pig	Not classified
Toluene	Guinea pig	Not classified
Antioxidant	Guinea pig	Not classified
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Human and animal	Not classified

Photosensitisation

Name	Species	Value
Salicylic acid	Mouse	Not sensitizing

Respiratory Sensitisation

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Acetone	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Acetone	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Glycerol Esters of Rosin Acids	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Cyclohexane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Cyclohexane	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Salicylic acid	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Salicylic acid	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Zinc Oxide	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Zinc Oxide	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Toluene	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Toluene	In vivo	Not mutagenic
MEK	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Antioxidant	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
p-Tert-Butylphenol	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Xylene	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Xylene	In vivo	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Acetone	Not specified.	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Toluene	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Toluene	Ingestion	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Toluene	Inhalation	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
MEK	Inhalation	Human	Not carcinogenic
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Xylene	Dermal	Rat	Not carcinogenic
Xylene	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Xylene	Inhalation	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Acetone	Ingestion	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL	13 weeks
		male reproduction		1,700	
				mg/kg/day	
Acetone	Inhalation	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 5.2	during
				mg/l	organogenesis
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 24	2 generation
-		female reproduction		mg/l	
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 24	2 generation
		male reproduction		mg/l	
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 6.9	2 generation
		development		mg/l	C C
Salicylic acid	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 75	during
5	C	1		mg/kg/day	organogenesis
Zinc Oxide	Ingestion	Not classified for	Multiple animal	NOAEL 125	premating & during
	0	reproduction and/or	species	mg/kg/day	gestation
		development	1	000	C
Toluene	Inhalation	Not classified for	Human	NOAEL Not	occupational
		female reproduction		available	exposure
Toluene	Inhalation	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 2.3	1 generation
		male reproduction		mg/l	C
Toluene	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	LOAEL 520	during gestation
	C	*		mg/kg/day	00
Toluene	Inhalation	Toxic to development	Human	NOAEL Not	poisoning and/or
		1		available	abuse
MEK	Inhalation	Not classified for	Rat	LOAEL 8.8	during gestation
		development		mg/l	00
Antioxidant	Ingestion	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 54	2 generation
	C	male reproduction		mg/kg/day	C
Antioxidant	Ingestion	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 18	2 generation
	C	development		mg/kg/day	C
Antioxidant	Ingestion	Toxic to female	Rat	NOAEL 54	2 generation
	C	reproduction		mg/kg/day	C
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Ingestion	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 600	2 generation
	C	male reproduction		mg/kg/day	C
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Ingestion	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 70	2 generation
	C	development		mg/kg/day	C
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Ingestion	Toxic to female	Rat	NOAEL 200	2 generation
1 51	C	reproduction		mg/kg/day	C
Xylene	Inhalation	Not classified for	Human	NOAEL Not	occupational
<i>.</i>		female reproduction		available	exposure
Xylene	Ingestion	Not classified for	Mouse	NOAEL Not	during
J	-8	development		available	organogenesis
Xylene	Inhalation	Not classified for	Multiple animal	NOAEL Not	during gestation
,		development	species	available	

Lactation

Name	Route	Species	Value
Xylene	Ingestion	Mouse	Not classified for effects on or via lactation

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure						
Name	Route	Target	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure

		Organ(s)				Duration
Acetone	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Acetone	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Acetone	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 1.19 mg/l	6 hours
Acetone	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	
Acetone	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Cyclohexane	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
Toluene	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Toluene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Toluene	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 0.004 mg/l	3 hours
Toluene	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
MEK	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	official classification	NOAEL Not available	
MEK	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
MEK	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
MEK	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	not applicable
MEK	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 1,080 mg/kg	not applicable
Antioxidant	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL not available	
p-Tert-	Inhalation	respiratory	May cause	Rat	LOAEL 5.6 mg/l	4 hours

Butylphenol		irritation	respiratory irritation			
Xylene	Inhalation	auditory system	Causes damage to organs	Rat	LOAEL 6.3 mg/l	8 hours
Xylene	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Inhalation	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3.5 mg/l	not available
Xylene	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 250 mg/kg	not applicable

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Acetone	Dermal	eyes	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	3 weeks
Acetone	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 3 mg/l	6 weeks
Acetone	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 1.19 mg/l	6 days
Acetone	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL 119 mg/l	not available
Acetone	Inhalation	heart liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 45 mg/l	8 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 3,896 mg/kg/day	14 days
Acetone	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3,400 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg	13 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	skin bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 11,298 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Glycerol Esters of Rosin Acids	Ingestion	liver heart skin endocrine system bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair blood bone marrow hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 5,000 mg/kg/day	90 days

	Г		1	1		1
		immune system				
		nervous system				
		eyes kidney				
		and/or bladder				
		respiratory				
		system				
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	90 days
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	auditory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1.7 mg/l	90 days
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL 2.7 mg/l	10 weeks
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 24 mg/l	14 weeks
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	peripheral nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 8.6 mg/l	30 weeks
Salicylic acid	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	3 days
Zinc Oxide	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	10 days
Zinc Oxide	Ingestion	endocrine	Not classified	Other	NOAEL 500	6 months
	0	system			mg/kg/day	
		hematopoietic				
		system kidney				
Toluene	Inhalation	and/or bladder auditory system	Causes damage to	Human	NOAEL Not	poisoning and/or
Toluelle	matation	eyes olfactory	organs through	пишан	available	abuse
		system	prolonged or		avanable	abuse
		5)500111	repeated exposure			
Toluene	Inhalation	nervous system	May cause	Human	NOAEL Not	poisoning and/or
			damage to organs		available	abuse
			though prolonged			
			or repeated			
Toluene	Inhalation	respiratory	exposure Some positive	Rat	LOAEL 2.3	15 months
Tordene	mulation	system	data exist, but the	Tut	mg/l	15 months
		- J	data are not		0	
			sufficient for			
			classification			
Toluene	Inhalation	heart liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 11.3	15 weeks
		kidney and/or bladder			mg/l	
Toluene	Inhalation	endocrine	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1.1	4 weeks
Toluene	Inhalation	system immune system	Not classified	Mouse	mg/l NOAEL Not	20 days
				Mouse	available	20 days
Toluene	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	8 weeks
Toluene	Inhalation	hematopoietic	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not	occupational
		system			available	exposure
		vascular system				*
Toluene	Inhalation	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 11.3 mg/l	15 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	nervous system	Some positive	Rat	NOAEL 625	13 weeks
			data exist, but the		mg/kg/day	
			data are not			
			sufficient for classification			
Toluene	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500	13 weeks
					mg/kg/day	
Toluene	Ingestion	liver kidney	Not classified	Multiple	NOAEL 2,500	13 weeks

		and/or bladder		animal species	mg/kg/day	
Toluene	Ingestion	hematopoietic	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 600	14 days
		system			mg/kg/day	
Toluene	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 105 mg/kg/day	28 days
Toluene	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 105 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
MEK	Dermal	nervous system	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	31 weeks
MEK	Inhalation	liver kidney and/or bladder heart endocrine system gastrointestinal tract bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system immune system muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 14.7 mg/l	90 days
MEK	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	7 days
MEK	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 173 mg/kg/day	90 days
Antioxidant	Ingestion	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 54 mg/kg/day	98 days
Antioxidant	Ingestion	endocrine system liver kidney and/or bladder heart gastrointestinal tract bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system immune system muscles eyes respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 225 mg/kg/day	28 days
p-Tert- Butylphenol	Ingestion	endocrine system liver kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	2 generation
p-Tert- Butylphenol	Ingestion	blood	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 200 mg/kg	6 weeks
Xylene	Inhalation	nervous system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 0.4 mg/l	4 weeks
Xylene	Inhalation	auditory system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 7.8 mg/l	5 days
Xylene	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	

Xylene	Inhalation	heart endocrine system gastrointestinal tract hematopoietic system muscles kidney and/or bladder respiratory system	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 3.5 mg/l	13 weeks
Xylene	Ingestion	auditory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day	2 weeks
Xylene	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,500 mg/kg/day	90 days
Xylene	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Ingestion	heart skin endocrine system bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system immune system nervous system respiratory system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	103 weeks

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
Cyclohexane	Aspiration hazard
Toluene	Aspiration hazard
Xylene	Aspiration hazard

Exposure Levels

Refer Section 8.1 Control Parameters of this Safety Data Sheet.

Interactive Effects

Not determined.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic hazard: GHS Acute 2: Toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic hazard:

GHS Chronic 2: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Number	Organism	Туре	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Acetone	67-64-1	Algae or other	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	11,493 mg/l
		aquatic plants				
Acetone	67-64-1	Invertebrate	Experimental	24 hours	LC50	2,100 mg/l
Acetone	67-64-1	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	5,540 mg/l
Acetone	67-64-1	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	1,000 mg/l
Acetone	67-64-1	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	NOEC	1,700 mg/l
Acetone	67-64-1	Redworm	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	>100
Acrylonitrile- Butadiene Polymer	9003-18-3	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
Glycerol Esters of Rosin Acids	8050-31-5	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	No tox obs at lmt of water sol	>100 mg/l
Glycerol Esters of Rosin Acids	8050-31-5	Rainbow trout	Estimated	96 hours	No tox obs at lmt of water sol	>100 mg/l
Glycerol Esters of Rosin Acids	8050-31-5	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	No tox obs at lmt of water sol	>100 mg/l
Glycerol Esters of Rosin Acids	8050-31-5	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	No tox obs at lmt of water sol	>100 mg/l
Phenol- Formaldehyde Polymer	25085-50-1	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Bacteria	Experimental	24 hours	IC50	97 mg/l
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	4.53 mg/l
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	0.9 mg/l
Salicylic acid	69-72-7	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
Salicylic acid	69-72-7	Medaka	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
Salicylic acid	69-72-7	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	870 mg/l
Salicylic acid	69-72-7	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	10 mg/l
Salicylic acid	69-72-7	Activated sludge	Experimental	3 hours	EC50	>3,200
Salicylic acid	69-72-7	Bacteria	Experimental	18 hours	EC10	465
Zinc Oxide Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2 1314-13-2	Activated sludge Green algae	Estimated Estimated	3 hours 72 hours	EC50 EC50	6.5 mg/l 0.052 mg/l
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	Rainbow trout	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	0.21 mg/l
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EC50	0.07 mg/l
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEC	0.006 mg/l
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	Water flea	Estimated	7 days	NOEC	0.02 mg/l
Antioxidant	68411-46-1	Water flea	Experimental	24 hours	EC50	0.82 mg/l
Antioxidant	68411-46-1	Zebra Fish	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>47.05 mg/l
Xylene	1330-20-7	Activated sludge	Estimated	3 hours	NOEC	157 mg/l
Xylene	1330-20-7	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC50	4.36 mg/l
Xylene	1330-20-7	Rainbow trout	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	2.6 mg/l
Xylene	1330-20-7	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EC50	3.82 mg/l
Xylene	1330-20-7	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEC	0.44 mg/l
Xylene	1330-20-7	Water flea	Estimated	7 days	NOEC	0.96 mg/l
Xylene	1330-20-7	Rainbow trout	Experimental	56 days	NOEC	>1.3 mg/l
MEK	78-93-3	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	2,993 mg/l
MEK	78-93-3	Green algae	Experimental	96 hours	ErC50	2,029 mg/l
MEK	78-93-3	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	308 mg/l
MEK MEK	78-93-3 78-93-3	Green algae Water flea	Experimental Experimental	96 hours 21 days	ErC10 NOEC	1,289 mg/l 100 mg/l
MEK	78-93-3	Bacteria	Experimental	21 days 16 hours	LOEC	1,150 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Coho Salmon	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	5.5 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Grass Shrimp	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	9.5 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	12.5 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Leopard frog	Experimental	9 days	LC50	0.39 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Pink Salmon	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	6.41 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	3.78 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Coho Salmon	Experimental	40 days	NOEC	1.39 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Diatom	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	10 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Water flea	Experimental	7 days	NOEC	0.74 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Activated sludge	Experimental	12 hours	IC50	292 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	NOEC	29 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Bacteria	Experimental	24 hours	EC50	84 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Redworm	Experimental	28 days	LC50	>150 mg per kg of

						bodyweight
Toluene	108-88-3	Soil microbes	Experimental	28 days	NOEC	<26 mg/kg (Dry Weight)
p-Tert-Butylphenol	98-54-4	Ciliated protozoa	Experimental	60 hours	IC50	18.4 mg/l
p-Tert-Butylphenol	98-54-4	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	ErC50	14 mg/l
p-Tert-Butylphenol	98-54-4	Invertebrate	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	1.9 mg/l
p-Tert-Butylphenol	98-54-4	Medaka	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	5.1 mg/l
p-Tert-Butylphenol	98-54-4	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	3.9 mg/l
p-Tert-Butylphenol	98-54-4	Fathead minnow	Experimental	128 days	NOEC	0.01 mg/l
p-Tert-Butylphenol	98-54-4	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	0.32 mg/l
p-Tert-Butylphenol	98-54-4	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	0.73 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Acetone	67-64-1	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	78 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301D - Closed bottle test
Acetone	67-64-1	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	147 days (t 1/2)	
Acrylonitrile- Butadiene Polymer	9003-18-3	Data not available- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Glycerol Esters of Rosin Acids	8050-31-5	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	0 %CO2 evolution/THCO2 evolution	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2
Phenol- Formaldehyde Polymer	25085-50-1	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	0 %CO2 evolution/THCO2 evolution	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	77 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	4.1 days (t 1/2)	
Salicylic acid	69-72-7	Experimental Biodegradation	14 days	BOD	88.1 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	Data not available- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Antioxidant	68411-46-1	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	<=1 %CO2 evolution/THCO2 evolution	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2
Xylene	1330-20-7	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	90- 98 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
Xylene	1330-20-7	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	1.4 days (t 1/2)	
MEK	78-93-3	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	98 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301D - Closed bottle test
Toluene	108-88-3	Experimental Biodegradation	20 days	BOD	80 %BOD/ThOD	APHA Std Meth Water/Wastewater
Toluene	108-88-3	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	5.2 days (t 1/2)	
p-Tert-Butylphenol	98-54-4	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	Dissolv. Organic Carbon Deplet	98 %removal of DOC	EC C.4.A. DOC Die-Away Test

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Acetone	67-64-1	Experimental BCF		Bioaccumulation	0.65	
		- Other		factor		
Acetone	67-64-1	Experimental		Log Kow	-0.24	
		Bioconcentration				
Acrylonitrile-	9003-18-3	Data not available	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Butadiene Polymer		or insufficient for				

		classification				
Glycerol Esters of Rosin Acids	8050-31-5	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Phenol- Formaldehyde Polymer	25085-50-1	Estimated Bioconcentration		Bioaccumulation factor	7.4	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental BCF - Fish	56 days	Bioaccumulation factor	129	OECD305-Bioconcentration
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	3.44	
Salicylic acid	69-72-7	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	2.26	
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	Experimental BCF - Fish	56 days	Bioaccumulation factor	≤217	OECD305-Bioconcentration
Antioxidant	68411-46-1	Analogous Compound BCF - Fish	42 days	Bioaccumulation factor	1730	
Xylene	1330-20-7	Experimental BCF - Fish	56 days	Bioaccumulation factor	25.9	
MEK	78-93-3	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	0.3	OECD 117 log Kow HPLC method
Toluene	108-88-3	Experimental BCF - Other	72 hours	Bioaccumulation factor	90	
Toluene	108-88-3	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	2.73	
p-Tert-Butylphenol	98-54-4	Experimental BCF - Fish	56 days	Bioaccumulation factor	88	OECD305-Bioconcentration
p-Tert-Butylphenol	98-54-4	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	3	OECD 117 log Kow HPLC method

12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG) - Road/Rail Transport UN No.: UN1133 Proper shipping name: ADHESIVES Class/Division: 3 Sub Risk: Not applicable. Packing Group: II Special Instructions: Limited quantity may apply Hazchem Code: •3YE IERG: 14

International Air Transport Association (IATA) - Air Transport UN No.: UN1133 Proper shipping name: ADHESIVES Class/Division: 3 Sub Risk: Not applicable. Packing Group: II

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)- Marine Transport

UN No.: UN1133 Proper shipping name: ADHESIVES Class/Division: 3 Sub Risk: Not applicable. Packing Group: II Marine Pollutant: Not applicable. Special Instructions: Limited quantity may apply

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Australian Inventory Status:

The chemical components contained within this product are listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances and are in compliance with the requirements of the Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989 as amended.

Poison Schedule: This product is intended for Industrial or Professional Use only and therefore is not packaged and labelled in accordance with the requirements of the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision information:

Complete document review.

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Safety Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.

Greenguard ® is a United States based program. The 'Low VOC' reference related to United States Federal and State regulations exemptions for some solvents.

3M Australia SDSs are available at www.3m.com.au