

Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia, December 2011)

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3MTM AvagardTM Antiseptic Surgical Hand Scrub (Chlorhexidine Gluconate 4% w/w)

Product Identification Numbers

AH-0106-1541-9 AH-1000-1319-4 AH-1000-1320-2

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

For antiseptic hand scrubbing - Topical Antiseptic Solution with Moisturiser and Emollient

For Professional use only.

1.3. Supplier's details

Address: 3M Australia - Building A, 1 Rivett Road, North Ryde NSW 2113

Telephone: 136 136

E Mail: productinfo.au@mmm.com

Website: www.3m.com.au

1.4. Emergency telephone number

EMERGENCY: 1800 097 146 (Australia only)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

This product is classified as a hazardous chemical according to the Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, 2011, in accordance with applicable State and Territory legislation.

Refer to Section 14 of this Safety Data Sheets for product Dangerous Goods Classification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquid: Category 3.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 1.

2.2. Label elements

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with the Code of Practice on Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals (Safe Work Australia, December 2011). This information may be different from the actual product

label.

Signal word

Danger

Symbols

Flame |Corrosion |

Pictograms





Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P280E Wear protective gloves.

Response:

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water or shower.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry

chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

Storage:

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable

local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3. Other assigned/identified product hazards

None known.

2.4. Other hazards which do not result in classification

Very toxic to aquatic life.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Weight
Water	7732-18-5	60 - 100
Chlorhexidine Digluconate	18472-51-0	3 - 7
Propan-1-ol	71-23-8	3 - 7
D-Glucopyranose, Oligomeric, C10-16-	110615-47-9	1 - 5
Alkyl Glycosides		
2-Phenoxyethanol	122-99-6	0.1 - 3
Coconut Oil Diethanolamide	8051-30-7	1 - 3
Glycerol	56-81-5	0.1 - 3
Diethanolamine	111-42-2	0.05 - 0.15

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Skin contact

No need for first aid is anticipated. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

Eve contact

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

If swallowed

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Serious damage to the eyes (corneal cloudiness, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, and significantly impaired or loss of vision).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

SubstanceConditionHydrocarbons.During combustion.Carbon monoxide.During combustion.Carbon dioxide.During combustion.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure

demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. WARNING! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapours in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid eye contact. For industrial/occupational use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapour accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidising agents.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Diethanolamine		ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction and	A3: Confirmed animal
			vapour):1 mg/m3	carcinogen. Danger of
				cutaneous absorption.
Diethanolamine		Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours): 13 mg/m3 (3	
			ppm)	

Glycerol	A	Australia OELs	TWA(Inspirable dust)(8	
			hours):10 mg/m3	
Propan-1-ol	A	ACGIH	TWA:100 ppm	A4: Not class. as human
				carcin
Propan-1-ol	A	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours): 492 mg/m3	SKIN
			(200 ppm); STEL(15	
			minutes): 614 mg/m3 (250	
			ppm)	

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

Australia OELs: Australia. Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling Sen: Sensitiser

Sk: Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Full face shield.

Indirect vented goggles.

Select and use eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1336. Eye protection should comply with the performance specifications of AS/NZS 1337.

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. No chemical protective gloves are required.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Butyl rubber.

Nitrile rubber.

Select and use gloves according to AS/NZ 2161.

Respiratory protection

Under normal use conditions, airborne exposures are not expected to be significant enough to require respiratory protection. An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer. Select and use respirators according to AS/NZS 1715. Respirators should comply with AS/NZS 1716 performance

specifications. For information about respirators, call 3M on 1800 024 464.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties				
Physical state	Liquid.			
Specific Physical Form:	Viscous.			
Colour	Pink			
Odour	Fresh Odour			
Odour threshold	No data available.			
рН	4 - 7 Units not available or not applicable.			
Melting point/Freezing point	No data available.			
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	Approximately 212 °C [Details:By Distillation]			
Flash point	53.9 °C [Test Method:Pensky-Martens Closed Cup] [Details:No			
	sustained combustion]			
Evaporation rate	No data available.			
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.			
Flammable Limits(LEL)	No data available.			
Flammable Limits(UEL)	No data available.			
Vapour pressure	No data available.			
Vapor Density and/or Relative Vapor Density	No data available.			
Density	No data available.			
Relative density	0.98 - 1.04 [<i>Ref Std:</i> WATER=1]			
Water solubility	No data available.			
Solubility- non-water	No data available.			
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available.			
Autoignition temperature	No data available.			
Decomposition temperature	No data available.			
Viscosity/Kinematic Viscosity	500 - 1,500 mPa-s			
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	No data available.			
Percent volatile	No data available.			
VOC less H2O & exempt solvents	No data available.			
Kinematic Viscosity	No data available.			

Nanoparticles

This material does not contain nanoparticles.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material is considered to be non reactive under normal use conditions

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Conditions to avoid

Heat.

Light.

Sparks and/or flames.

10.4. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong acids.

Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Substance

Condition

None known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation

Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Skin contact

Contact with the skin during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced) in sensitive people: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Eve contact

Corrosive (eye burns): Signs/symptoms may include cloudy appearance of the cornea, chemical burns, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, significantly impaired vision or complete loss of vision.

Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Additional Health Effects:

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-Vapour(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l

Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Propan-1-ol	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 4,000 mg/kg
Propan-1-ol	Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 34 mg/l
Propan-1-ol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Chlorhexidine Digluconate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Chlorhexidine Digluconate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 2,000 mg/kg
D-Glucopyranose, Oligomeric, C10-16-Alkyl Glycosides	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 1,000 mg/kg
D-Glucopyranose, Oligomeric, C10-16-Alkyl Glycosides	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,500 mg/kg
Glycerol	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Glycerol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
2-Phenoxyethanol	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
2-Phenoxyethanol	Inhalation-Dust/Mist	Rat	LC50 > 1.5 mg/l
2-Phenoxyethanol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,394 mg/kg
Diethanolamine	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 8,180 mg/kg
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,410 mg/kg

 \overline{ATE} = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Propan-1-ol	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Chlorhexidine Digluconate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
D-Glucopyranose, Oligomeric, C10-16-Alkyl	Rabbit	Irritant
Glycosides		
Glycerol	Rabbit	No significant irritation
2-Phenoxyethanol	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Diethanolamine	Rabbit	Mild irritant

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Serious Lye Damage II Hadion				
Name	Species	Value		
	P			
Propan-1-ol	Rabbit	Severe irritant		
Chlorhexidine Digluconate	Rabbit	Corrosive		
D-Glucopyranose, Oligomeric, C10-16-Alkyl	Rabbit	Corrosive		
Glycosides				
Glycerol	Rabbit	No significant irritation		
2-Phenoxyethanol	Rabbit	Corrosive		
Diethanolamine	Rabbit	Severe irritant		

Skin Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
Propan-1-ol	Guinea pig	Not classified
Chlorhexidine Digluconate	Human and animal	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
D-Glucopyranose, Oligomeric, C10-16-Alkyl Glycosides	Guinea pig	Not classified
Glycerol	Guinea pig	Not classified
2-Phenoxyethanol	Guinea pig	Not classified
Diethanolamine	Human and animal	Not classified

Respiratory Sensitisation

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Propan-1-ol	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Chlorhexidine Digluconate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Chlorhexidine Digluconate	In vivo	Not mutagenic
D-Glucopyranose, Oligomeric, C10-16-Alkyl	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Glycosides		
D-Glucopyranose, Oligomeric, C10-16-Alkyl	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Glycosides		
2-Phenoxyethanol	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
2-Phenoxyethanol	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Diethanolamine	In Vitro	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Propan-1-ol	Ingestion	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Chlorhexidine Digluconate	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Glycerol	Ingestion	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
2-Phenoxyethanol	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Diethanolamine	Dermal	Mouse	Carcinogenic.

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Propan-1-ol	Inhalation	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 8.6	6 weeks
		male reproduction		mg/l	
Propan-1-ol	Inhalation	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 8.6	during gestation
		development		mg/l	
Chlorhexidine	Ingestion	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 30	during gestation
Digluconate		development		mg/kg/day	
Glycerol	Ingestion	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL	2 generation
•		female reproduction		2,000	
				mg/kg/day	
Glycerol	Ingestion	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL	2 generation
•		male reproduction		2,000	
				mg/kg/day	
Glycerol	Ingestion	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL	2 generation
		development		2,000	
		_		mg/kg/day	
2-Phenoxyethanol	Ingestion	Not classified for	Mouse	NOAEL	2 generation
		female reproduction		3,700	
				mg/kg/day	
2-Phenoxyethanol	Ingestion	Not classified for	Mouse	NOAEL	2 generation
		male reproduction		3,700	
				mg/kg/day	
2-Phenoxyethanol	Dermal	Not classified for	Rabbit	NOAEL 600	during
		development		mg/kg/day	organogenesis
2-Phenoxyethanol	Ingestion	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL	during gestation
-		development		1,000	
				mg/kg/day	
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 97	13 weeks

		male reproduction		mg/kg/day	
Diethanolamine	Dermal	Not classified for	Rabbit	NOAEL 100	during
		development		mg/kg/day	organogenesis
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 50	during
		development		mg/kg/day	organogenesis

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Propan-1-ol	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Mouse	NOAEL 5 mg/l	4 hours
Propan-1-ol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL Not available	
Propan-1-ol	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
Chlorhexidine Digluconate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
D- Glucopyranos e, Oligomeric, C10-16-Alkyl Glycosides	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL not available	
2- Phenoxyethan ol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	official classification	NOAEL Not available	
Diethanolami ne	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL not available	
Diethanolami ne	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	May cause damage to organs	Rat	NOAEL 200 mg/kg	not applicable
Diethanolami ne	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 200 mg/kg	not applicable
Diethanolami ne	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg	not applicable

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure
		Organ(s)		_		Duration
Propan-1-ol	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 70 mg/kg/day	83 weeks
Propan-1-ol	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 70 mg/kg/day	83 weeks
Chlorhexidine Digluconate	Ingestion	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not	Dog	NOAEL 0.89 mg/kg/day	1 years

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			sufficient for classification			
Chlorhexidine Digluconate	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL 71 mg/kg/day	2 years
Chlorhexidine Digluconate	Ingestion	hematopoietic system kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 71 mg/kg/day	2 years
D- Glucopyranos e, Oligomeric, C10-16-Alkyl Glycosides	Ingestion	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 250 mg/kg/day	90 days
D- Glucopyranos e, Oligomeric, C10-16-Alkyl Glycosides	Ingestion	endocrine system liver immune system nervous system hematopoietic system eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	90 days
Glycerol	Inhalation	respiratory system heart liver kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3.91 mg/l	14 days
Glycerol	Ingestion	endocrine system hematopoietic system liver kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 10,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
2- Phenoxyethan ol	Dermal	skin hematopoietic system liver eyes	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
2- Phenoxyethan ol	Ingestion	heart endocrine system hematopoietic system liver immune system nervous system kidney and/or bladder respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,514 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolami ne	Dermal	hematopoietic system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 32 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolami ne	Dermal	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 8 mg/kg/day	2 years
Diethanolami ne	Dermal	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolami ne	Inhalation	liver kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.03 mg/l	13 weeks
Diethanolami ne	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	NOAEL 14 mg/kg/day	13 weeks

Diethanolami	Ingestion	nervous system	Some positive	Rat	NOAEL 57	13 weeks
ne			data exist, but the		mg/kg/day	
			data are not			
			sufficient for			
			classification			
Diethanolami	Ingestion	kidney and/or	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL not	13 weeks
ne		bladder			available	
Diethanolami	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 436	13 weeks
ne					mg/kg/day	

Aspiration Hazard

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Exposure Levels

Refer Section 8.1 Control Parameters of this Safety Data Sheet.

Interactive Effects

Not determined.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic hazard:

GHS Acute 1: Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic hazard:

GHS Chronic 2: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Number	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Chlorhexidine		Activated	Experimental	3 hours	EC50	25 mg/l
Digluconate		sludge				
Chlorhexidine		Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	0.081 mg/l
Digluconate						
Chlorhexidine		Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	0.087 mg/l
Digluconate						
Chlorhexidine		Zebra Fish	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	2.08 mg/l
Digluconate						
Chlorhexidine		Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	0.007 mg/l
Digluconate						
Chlorhexidine		Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	0.021 mg/l
Digluconate						
Propan-1-ol		Activated	Experimental	3 hours	IC50	>1,000 mg/l
		sludge				
Propan-1-ol		Algae other	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	4,480 mg/l
Propan-1-ol		Fathead	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	4,555 mg/l
		minnow				_

Propan-1-ol		Fish	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	3,000 mg/l
Propan-1-ol		Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	3,642 mg/l
Propan-1-ol		Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	100 mg/l
D- Glucopyranose, Oligomeric, C10- 16-Alkyl Glycosides	110615-47-9	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	NOEC	5,000 mg/l
D- Glucopyranose, Oligomeric, C10- 16-Alkyl Glycosides	110615-47-9	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	12.5 mg/l
D- Glucopyranose, Oligomeric, C10- 16-Alkyl Glycosides		Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	7 mg/l
D- Glucopyranose, Oligomeric, C10- 16-Alkyl Glycosides		Zebra Fish	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	2.95 mg/l
D- Glucopyranose, Oligomeric, C10- 16-Alkyl Glycosides	110615-47-9	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC10	4.15 mg/l
D-Glucopyranose, Oligomeric, C10- 16-Alkyl Glycosides	110615-47-9	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	2 mg/l
D-Glucopyranose, Oligomeric, C10- 16-Alkyl Glycosides	110615-47-9	Zebra Fish	Experimental	28 days	NOEC	1.8 mg/l
2- Phenoxyethano		Activated sludge	Experimental	30 minutes	EC50	>1,000 mg/l
2- Phenoxyethano 1		Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	344 mg/l
2- Phenoxyethano 1		Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
2- Phenoxyethano 1		Scud	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	357 mg/l
2- Phenoxyethano 1		Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	>500 mg/l
2- Phenoxyethano 1		Fathead minnow	Experimental	34 days	NOEC	24 mg/l
2- Phenoxyethano		Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	46 mg/l

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2- Phenoxyethano	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	9.43 mg/l
Coconut Oil Diethanolamid e	Bacteria	Estimated	30 minutes	NOEC	1,000 mg/l
Coconut Oil Diethanolamid e	Green algae	Estimated	96 hours	EC50	2.2 mg/l
Coconut Oil Diethanolamid e	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EC50	2.39 mg/l
Coconut Oil Diethanolamid e	Zebra Fish	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	3.6 mg/l
Coconut Oil Diethanolamid e	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEC	0.32 mg/l
Coconut Oil Diethanolamid e	Water flea	Estimated	21 days	NOEC	0.07 mg/l
Glycerol	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	NOEC	10,000 mg/l
Glycerol	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	54,000 mg/l
Glycerol	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	1,955 mg/l
Diethanolamin e	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	100 mg/l
Diethanolamin e	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	9.5 mg/l
Diethanolamin e	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	2.15 mg/l
Diethanolamin e	 Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	0.6 mg/l
Diethanolamin e	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	0.78 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Chlorhexidin		Experimental	28 days	Dissolv.	71 % weight	OECD 301A - DOC
e		Biodegradation		Organic		Die Away Test
Digluconate				Carbon Deplet		
Propan-1-ol		Experimental	20 days	BOD	73 %	OECD 301D - Closed
		Biodegradation	-		BOD/ThOD	bottle test
D-	110615-47-9	Experimental	28 days	BOD	88 % weight	OECD 301D - Closed
Glucopyranose		Biodegradation	-		_	bottle test
, Oligomeric,						
C10-16-Alkyl						
Glycosides				_		
2-		1	28 days	BOD	90 %	OECD 301F -
Phenoxyetha		Biodegradation			BOD/ThOD	Manometric
nol						respirometry
Coconut Oil		Estimated	28 days	BOD	71 % weight	OECD 301D - Closed
Diethanolami		Biodegradation	-			bottle test
de		_				

Glycerol	Experimental	14 days	BOD	63 %	OECD 301C - MITI
	Biodegradation			BOD/ThOD	test (I)
Diethanolami	Experimental	10 days	BOD	72 % weight	OECD 301D - Closed
ne	Biodegradation				bottle test

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Chlorhexidine Digluconate		Experimental Bioconcentrati on		Log Kow	-1.81	Non-standard method
Propan-1-ol		Experimental Bioconcentrati on		Log Kow	0.2	Non-standard method
D- Glucopyranose, Oligomeric, C10- 16-Alkyl Glycosides	110615-47-9	Estimated Bioconcentrati on		Log Kow	≤0.07	Estimated: Octanol- water partition coefficient
2- Phenoxyethano		Experimental Bioconcentrati on		Log Kow	1.2	EC A.8 Partition Coefficient
Coconut Oil Diethanolamid e		Estimated Bioconcentrati on		Bioaccumulatio n factor	5.8	Estimated: Bioconcentration factor
Glycerol		Experimental Bioconcentrati on		Log Kow	-1.76	Non-standard method
Diethanolamin e		Experimental Bioconcentrati on		Log Kow	-2.18	Non-standard method

12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG) - Road/Rail Transport

UN No.: Not applicable.

Proper shipping name: Not applicable.

Class/Division: Not applicable. Sub Risk: Not applicable. Packing Group: Not applicable.

Special Instructions: Not restricted as per ADG Code 2.3.1.3 (a). This product is not classified as a flammable liquid as the product has a flash point of more than 35°C and does not sustain combustion when tested according to the UN Manual of

Tests and Criteria, Part III, subsection 35.5.2 Sustained Combustibility Test.

Hazchem Code: Not applicable

IERG: Not applicable.

International Air Transport Association (IATA) - Air Transport

UN No.: Not applicable.

Proper shipping name: Not applicable.

Class/Division: Not applicable. Sub Risk: Not applicable. Packing Group: Not applicable.

Special Instructions: Not restricted as per IATA 3.3.1.3 (a). This product is not classified as a flammable liquid as the product has a flash point of more than 35°C and does not sustain combustion when tested according to the UN Manual of

Tests and Criteria, Part III, subsection 35.5.2 Sustained Combustibility Test.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)- Marine Transport

UN No.: Not applicable.

Proper shipping name: Not applicable.

Class/Division: Not applicable.
Sub Risk: Not applicable.
Packing Group: Not applicable.
Marine Pollutant: Not applicable.

Special Instructions: Not restricted per IMDG Code 2.3.1.3.1. This product is not classified as a flammable liquid as the product has a flash point of more than 35°C and does not sustain combustion when tested according to the UN Manual of

Tests and Criteria, Part III, subsection 35.5.2 Sustained Combustibility Test.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Australian Inventory Status:

This product is regulated by the Therapeutics Goods Administration and is exempt from compliance with the Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989 as amended.

Poison Schedule: This product is intended for Industrial or Professional Use only and therefore is not packaged and labelled in accordance with the requirements of the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision information:

Complete document review.

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Safety Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.

Greenguard ® is a United States based program. The 'Low VOC' reference related to United States Federal and State regulations exemptions for some solvents.

3M Australia SDSs are available at www.3m.com.au