



## Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the SS586 Specification for Hazard Communication for Hazardous Chemicals and Dangerous Goods.

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### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M™ Scotch-Weld™ Rubber and Gasket Adhesive EC-847

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

##### Recommended use

Adhesive

#### 1.3. Supplier's details

**Address:** 3M Technologies (S) Pte Ltd, 10 Ang Mo Kio Street 65, Singapore 569059  
**Telephone:** +65 6450 8888  
**Website:** www.3m.com.sg

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

+65 6591 6601 (8.15am - 5.00pm, Monday - Friday)

### SECTION 2: Hazard identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable Liquid: Category 2.  
 Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A  
 Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1B.  
 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3.  
 Chronic Aquatic Toxicity: Category 2.

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### SIGNAL WORD

DANGER!

##### Symbols

Flame | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard | Environment |

##### Pictograms

**HAZARD STATEMENTS**

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS****Prevention:**

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P280E	Wear protective gloves.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.

**Response:**

P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P370 + P378G	In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

**Disposal:**

P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.
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**2.3. Other hazards**

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Wt
Acetone	67-64-1	40 - 70
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	9003-18-3	10 - 30
Glycerol Esters of Rosin Acids	8050-31-5	7 - 13
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with phenol	25085-50-1	5 - 10
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	< 4
Salicylic acid	69-72-7	< 3
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	< 2
Xylene	1330-20-7	< 1
Antioxidant	68411-46-1	0.1 - 1
MEK	78-93-3	<= 0.99
p-Tert-Butylphenol	98-54-4	< 0.5

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### Skin contact

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

#### Eye contact

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

#### If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Central nervous system depression (headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness).

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

### Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
Hydrocarbons.	During combustion.
Carbon monoxide.	During combustion.
Carbon dioxide.	During combustion.
Oxides of nitrogen.	During combustion.

### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

**6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

**SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

**7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

For industrial/occupational use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Use personal protective equipment (eg. gloves, respirators...) as required. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapor accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

**7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities**

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidising agents.

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

**8.1 Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	ACGIH	TWA:100 ppm	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Singapore PELs	TWA(8 hours):1030 mg/m3(300 ppm)	
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):2 mg/m3;STEL(respirable fraction):10 mg/m3	
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	Singapore PELs	TWA(as fume)(8 hours):5 mg/m3;TWA(as dust)(8 hours):10 mg/m3;STEL(as fume)(15 minutes):10 mg/m3	
Xylene	1330-20-7	ACGIH	TWA:20 ppm	A4: Not class. as human carcin
Xylene	1330-20-7	Singapore PELs	TWA(8 hours):434 mg/m3(100 ppm);STEL(15 minutes):651 mg/m3(150 ppm)	

Acetone	67-64-1	ACGIH	TWA:250 ppm;STEL:500 ppm	A4: Not class. as human carcin
Acetone	67-64-1	Singapore PELs	TWA(8 hours):1780 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (750 ppm);STEL(15 minutes):2380 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (1000 ppm)	
MEK	78-93-3	ACGIH	TWA:200 ppm;STEL:300 ppm	
MEK	78-93-3	Singapore PELs	TWA(8 hours):590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (200 ppm);STEL(15 minutes):885 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (300 ppm)	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

Singapore PELs : Singapore. Workplace Safety and Health (Permissible Exposure Levels of Toxic Substances) Order

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

## 8.2. Exposure controls

### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:  
Indirect vented goggles.

#### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Butyl rubber.

#### Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

Organic vapor cartridges may have short service life.

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.
Color	Dark Brown

Odor	Sharp Solvent
Odour threshold	No data available.
pH	Not applicable.
Melting point/Freezing point	Not applicable.
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	>=56 °C [Details:Acetone]
Flash point	-20 °C [Test Method:Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	1.9 [Ref.Std:ETHER=1]
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Flammable Limits(LEL)	2.6 %
Flammable Limits(UEL)	12.8 %
Vapour pressure	<=24,664.6 Pa [@ 20 °C ]
Vapor Density and/or Relative Vapor Density	2 [Ref.Std:AIR=1]
Density	0.91 g/ml
Relative density	0.91 [Ref.Std:WATER=1]
Water solubility	Slight (less than 10%)
Solubility- non-water	No data available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available.
Autoignition temperature	465 °C
Decomposition temperature	No data available.
Viscosity/Kinematic Viscosity	1,500 - 3,200 mPa-s [@ 23 °C ]
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	<=150 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
Percent volatile	<=5 % weight
VOC less H2O & exempt solvents	<=40 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
Molecular weight	No data available.
Solids content	>=37.4 % volume

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat.

Sparks and/or flames.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidising agents.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

#### Substance

None known.

#### Condition

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient

classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

## 11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

### Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

#### Inhalation

Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### Skin contact

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause: Dermal Defatting: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, itching, drying and cracking of skin. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced) in sensitive people: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

#### Eye contact

Severe eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

#### Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### Additional Health Effects:

##### Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central nervous system (CNS) depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

##### Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

#### Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

#### Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-Vapor(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Acetone	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,688 mg/kg
Acetone	Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 76 mg/l
Acetone	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,800 mg/kg
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,000 mg/kg
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 30,000 mg/kg
Glycerol Esters of Rosin Acids	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Glycerol Esters of Rosin Acids	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with phenol	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg

Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with phenol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,660 mg/kg
Cyclohexane	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Cyclohexane	Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 32.9 mg/l
Cyclohexane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 6,200 mg/kg
Salicylic acid	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Salicylic acid	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 891 mg/kg
Zinc oxide	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Zinc oxide	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 5.7 mg/l
Zinc oxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
MEK	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 8,050 mg/kg
MEK	Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 34.5 mg/l
MEK	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 2,737 mg/kg
Antioxidant	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Antioxidant	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 2,318 mg/kg
Xylene	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 4,200 mg/kg
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 5.6 mg/l
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 4,000 mg/kg
Xylene	Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 29 mg/l
Xylene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 3,523 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

**Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Name	Species	Value
Acetone	Mouse	Minimal irritation
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Glycerol Esters of Rosin Acids	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Cyclohexane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Salicylic acid	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Zinc oxide	Human and animal	No significant irritation
MEK	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Antioxidant	Rabbit	Mild irritant
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Rabbit	Irritant
Xylene	Rabbit	Mild irritant

**Serious Eye Damage/Irritation**

Name	Species	Value
Acetone	Rabbit	Severe irritant
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Glycerol Esters of Rosin Acids	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Cyclohexane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Salicylic acid	Rabbit	Corrosive
Zinc oxide	Rabbit	Mild irritant
MEK	Rabbit	Severe irritant



Antioxidant	Rabbit	Mild irritant
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Rabbit	Corrosive
Xylene	Rabbit	Mild irritant

**Sensitization:****Skin Sensitisation**

Name	Species	Value
Glycerol Esters of Rosin Acids	Guinea pig	Not classified
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with phenol	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Salicylic acid	Mouse	Not classified
Zinc oxide	Guinea pig	Not classified
Antioxidant	Guinea pig	Not classified
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Human and animal	Not classified

**Photosensitisation**

Name	Species	Value
Salicylic acid	Mouse	Not sensitizing

**Respiratory Sensitisation**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

Name	Route	Value
Acetone	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Acetone	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Glycerol Esters of Rosin Acids	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Cyclohexane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Cyclohexane	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Salicylic acid	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Salicylic acid	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Zinc oxide	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Zinc oxide	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
MEK	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Antioxidant	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
p-Tert-Butylphenol	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Xylene	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Xylene	In vivo	Not mutagenic

**Carcinogenicity**

Name	Route	Species	Value
Acetone	Not specified.	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
MEK	Inhalation	Human	Not carcinogenic
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Xylene	Dermal	Rat	Not carcinogenic
Xylene	Ingestion	Multiple	Not carcinogenic

		animal species	
Xylene	Inhalation	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

## Reproductive Toxicity

### Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Acetone	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,700 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Acetone	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 5.2 mg/l	during organogenesis
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	2 generation
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	2 generation
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 6.9 mg/l	2 generation
Salicylic acid	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 75 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
Zinc oxide	Ingestion	Not classified for reproduction and/or development	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 125 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
MEK	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	LOAEL 8.8 mg/l	during gestation
Antioxidant	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 54 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Antioxidant	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 18 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Antioxidant	Ingestion	Toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 54 mg/kg/day	2 generation
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	2 generation
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 70 mg/kg/day	2 generation
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Ingestion	Toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Xylene	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Xylene	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Mouse	NOAEL Not available	during organogenesis
Xylene	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	during gestation

## Lactation

Name	Route	Species	Value
Xylene	Ingestion	Mouse	Not classified for effects on or via lactation

## Target Organ(s)

### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Acetone	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Acetone	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Acetone	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 1.19 mg/l	6 hours

Acetone	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	
Acetone	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Cyclohexane	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
MEK	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	official classification	NOAEL Not available	
MEK	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
MEK	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
MEK	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	not applicable
MEK	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 1,080 mg/kg	not applicable
Antioxidant	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL not available	
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Rat	LOAEL 5.6 mg/l	4 hours
Xylene	Inhalation	auditory system	Causes damage to organs	Rat	LOAEL 6.3 mg/l	8 hours
Xylene	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Inhalation	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3.5 mg/l	not available
Xylene	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 250 mg/kg	not applicable

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure**

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Acetone	Dermal	eyes	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	3 weeks
Acetone	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 3 mg/l	6 weeks
Acetone	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 1.19 mg/l	6 days
Acetone	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL 119 mg/l	not available
Acetone	Inhalation	heart   liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 45 mg/l	8 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL	13 weeks

					2,500 mg/kg/day	
Acetone	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 3,896 mg/kg/day	14 days
Acetone	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3,400 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg	13 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	skin   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 11,298 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Glycerol Esters of Rosin Acids	Ingestion	liver   heart   skin   endocrine system   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   blood   bone marrow   hematopoietic system   immune system   muscles   nervous system   eyes   kidney and/or bladder   respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 5,000 mg/kg/day	90 days
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	90 days
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	auditory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1.7 mg/l	90 days
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL 2.7 mg/l	10 weeks
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 24 mg/l	14 weeks
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	peripheral nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 8.6 mg/l	30 weeks
Salicylic acid	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	3 days
Zinc oxide	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	10 days
Zinc oxide	Ingestion	endocrine system   hematopoietic system   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Other	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	6 months
MEK	Dermal	nervous system	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	31 weeks
MEK	Inhalation	liver   kidney and/or bladder   heart   endocrine system   gastrointestinal tract   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   hematopoietic system   immune system   muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 14.7 mg/l	90 days
MEK	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	7 days
MEK	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 173 mg/kg/day	90 days
Antioxidant	Ingestion	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 54 mg/kg/day	98 days
Antioxidant	Ingestion	endocrine system   liver   kidney and/or	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 225 mg/kg/day	28 days

		bladder   heart   gastrointestinal tract   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   hematopoietic system   immune system   muscles   eyes   respiratory system				
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Ingestion	endocrine system   liver   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	2 generation
p-Tert-Butylphenol	Ingestion	blood	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 200 mg/kg	6 weeks
Xylene	Inhalation	nervous system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 0.4 mg/l	4 weeks
Xylene	Inhalation	auditory system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 7.8 mg/l	5 days
Xylene	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Inhalation	heart   endocrine system   gastrointestinal tract   hematopoietic system   muscles   kidney and/or bladder   respiratory system	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 3.5 mg/l	13 weeks
Xylene	Ingestion	auditory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day	2 weeks
Xylene	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,500 mg/kg/day	90 days
Xylene	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Ingestion	heart   skin   endocrine system   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   hematopoietic system   immune system   nervous system   respiratory system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	103 weeks

**Aspiration Hazard**

Name	Value
Cyclohexane	Aspiration hazard
Xylene	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

## 12.1. Toxicity

### Acute aquatic hazard:

GHS Acute 2: Toxic to aquatic life.

### Chronic aquatic hazard:

GHS Chronic 2: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Nbr	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Acetone	67-64-1	Algae or other aquatic plants	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	11,493 mg/l
Acetone	67-64-1	Invertebrate	Experimental	24 hours	LC50	2,100 mg/l
Acetone	67-64-1	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	5,540 mg/l
Acetone	67-64-1	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	1,000 mg/l
Acetone	67-64-1	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	NOEC	1,700 mg/l
Acetone	67-64-1	Redworm	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	>100
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	9003-18-3	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
Glycerol Esters of Rosin Acids	8050-31-5	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	No tox obs at lmt of water sol	>100 mg/l
Glycerol Esters of Rosin Acids	8050-31-5	Rainbow trout	Estimated	96 hours	No tox obs at lmt of water sol	>100 mg/l
Glycerol Esters of Rosin Acids	8050-31-5	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	No tox obs at lmt of water sol	>100 mg/l
Glycerol Esters of Rosin Acids	8050-31-5	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	No tox obs at lmt of water sol	>100 mg/l
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with phenol	25085-50-1	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Bacteria	Experimental	24 hours	IC50	97 mg/l
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	4.53 mg/l
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	0.9 mg/l
Salicylic acid	69-72-7	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
Salicylic acid	69-72-7	Medaka	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
Salicylic acid	69-72-7	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	870 mg/l
Salicylic acid	69-72-7	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	10 mg/l
Salicylic acid	69-72-7	Activated sludge	Experimental	3 hours	EC50	>3,200
Salicylic acid	69-72-7	Bacteria	Experimental	18 hours	EC10	465
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	Activated sludge	Estimated	3 hours	EC50	6.5 mg/l
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC50	0.052 mg/l
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	Rainbow trout	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	0.21 mg/l
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EC50	0.07 mg/l
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEC	0.006 mg/l
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	Water flea	Estimated	7 days	NOEC	0.02 mg/l
Antioxidant	68411-46-1	Water flea	Experimental	24 hours	EC50	0.82 mg/l
Antioxidant	68411-46-1	Zebra Fish	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>47.05 mg/l
Xylene	1330-20-7	Activated sludge	Estimated	3 hours	NOEC	157 mg/l
Xylene	1330-20-7	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC50	4.36 mg/l
Xylene	1330-20-7	Rainbow trout	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	2.6 mg/l
Xylene	1330-20-7	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EC50	3.82 mg/l
Xylene	1330-20-7	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEC	0.44 mg/l
Xylene	1330-20-7	Water flea	Estimated	7 days	NOEC	0.96 mg/l
Xylene	1330-20-7	Rainbow trout	Experimental	56 days	NOEC	>1.3 mg/l
MEK	78-93-3	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	2,993 mg/l
MEK	78-93-3	Green algae	Experimental	96 hours	ErC50	2,029 mg/l
MEK	78-93-3	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	308 mg/l
MEK	78-93-3	Green algae	Experimental	96 hours	ErC10	1,289 mg/l
MEK	78-93-3	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	100 mg/l
MEK	78-93-3	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	LOEC	1,150 mg/l

p-Tert-Butylphenol	98-54-4	Ciliated protozoa	Experimental	60 hours	IC50	18.4 mg/l
p-Tert-Butylphenol	98-54-4	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	ErC50	14 mg/l
p-Tert-Butylphenol	98-54-4	Invertebrate	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	1.9 mg/l
p-Tert-Butylphenol	98-54-4	Medaka	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	5.1 mg/l
p-Tert-Butylphenol	98-54-4	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	3.9 mg/l
p-Tert-Butylphenol	98-54-4	Fathead minnow	Experimental	128 days	NOEC	0.01 mg/l
p-Tert-Butylphenol	98-54-4	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	0.32 mg/l
p-Tert-Butylphenol	98-54-4	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	0.73 mg/l

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Nbr	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Acetone	67-64-1	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	78 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301D - Closed bottle test
Acetone	67-64-1	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	147 days (t 1/2)	
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	9003-18-3	Data not available-insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Glycerol Esters of Rosin Acids	8050-31-5	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	0 %CO2 evolution/THCO2 evolution	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with phenol	25085-50-1	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	0 %CO2 evolution/THCO2 evolution	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	77 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	4.1 days (t 1/2)	
Salicylic acid	69-72-7	Experimental Biodegradation	14 days	BOD	88.1 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	Data not available-insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Antioxidant	68411-46-1	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	<=1 %CO2 evolution/THCO2 evolution	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2
Xylene	1330-20-7	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	90-98 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
Xylene	1330-20-7	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	1.4 days (t 1/2)	
MEK	78-93-3	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	98 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301D - Closed bottle test
p-Tert-Butylphenol	98-54-4	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	Dissolv. Organic Carbon Deplet	98 %removal of DOC	EC C.4.A. DOC Die-Away Test

## 12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Nbr	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Acetone	67-64-1	Experimental BCF - Other		Bioaccumulation factor	0.65	
Acetone	67-64-1	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	-0.24	
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	9003-18-3	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Glycerol Esters of Rosin Acids	8050-31-5	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Formaldehyde,	25085-50-1	Estimated		Bioaccumulation	7.4	

oligomeric reaction products with phenol		Bioconcentration		factor		
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental BCF - Fish	56 days	Bioaccumulation factor	129	OECD305-Bioconcentration
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	3.44	
Salicylic acid	69-72-7	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	2.26	
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	Experimental BCF - Fish	56 days	Bioaccumulation factor	≤217	OECD305-Bioconcentration
Antioxidant	68411-46-1	Analogous Compound BCF - Fish	42 days	Bioaccumulation factor	1730	
Xylene	1330-20-7	Experimental BCF - Fish	56 days	Bioaccumulation factor	25.9	
MEK	78-93-3	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	0.3	OECD 117 log Kow HPLC method
p-Tert-Butylphenol	98-54-4	Experimental BCF - Fish	56 days	Bioaccumulation factor	88	OECD305-Bioconcentration
p-Tert-Butylphenol	98-54-4	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	3	OECD 117 log Kow HPLC method

**12.4. Mobility in soil**

Please contact manufacturer for more details

**12.5 Other adverse effects**

No information available.

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

**13.1. Disposal methods**

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

**SECTION 14: Transport Information**

**International Regulations**

UN No.: UN1133

UN Proper shipping name: Adhesives

Transportation Class (IMO): 3-3 Flammable liquid

Transportation Class (IATA): 3-3 Flammable liquid

Other Dangerous Goods Descriptions (IMO): None assigned

Other Dangerous Goods Descriptions (IATA): None assigned

Packing Group: II

Marine pollutant: None assigned

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**



**Global inventory status**

Contact 3M for more information. The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of the Korea Chemical Control Act. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information. The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Australia National Industrial Chemical Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS). Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information. The components of this product are in compliance with the new substance notification requirements of CEPA. This product complies with Measures on Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances. All ingredients are listed on or exempt from on China IECSC inventory. The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

**SECTION 16: Other information**

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.

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