Safety Data Sheet

Document Group:	31-3955-7	**Version Number:**	4.00
Issue Date:	06/05/24	**Supercedes Date:**	10/22/18

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier
3M™ High Productivity Floor Stripper

Product Identification Numbers
70-0715-9479-3, 70-0716-8369-5
7010385382

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use
Hard Floor Maintenance

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER:	3M
DIVISION:	Commercial Branding and Transportation Division
ADDRESS:	3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA
Telephone:	1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number
1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Hazard classification
Acute Toxicity (oral): Category 4.
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3.

2.2. Label elements
Signal word
Warning

Symbols
Exclamation mark |

Pictograms

Hazard Statements
Harmful if swallowed.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:
Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Wear eye/face protection.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response:
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Rinse mouth.
IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Storage:
Keep cool.
Keep container tightly closed.
Store locked up in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal:
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

78% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute dermal toxicity.
89% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
BENZYL ALCOHOL	100-51-6	60 - 90 Trade Secret *
ETHOXYLATED C12-C15 ALCOHOLS	68131-39-5	7 - 13 Trade Secret *
PROPYL ALCOHOL	71-23-8	3 - 7 Trade Secret *
ALCOHOLS, C12-14-SECONDARY, ETHOXYLATED	84133-50-6	2 - 3 Trade Secret *
SODIUM DI(2-ETHYLHEXYL) SULFOSUCCINATE	577-11-7	< 3 Trade Secret *

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:
Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:
Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:
Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

If Swallowed:
Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Central nervous system depression (headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required
Not applicable.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media
In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
None inherent in this product.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance	Condition
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters
Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions
Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with detergent and water. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.)

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight. Store away from oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
BENZYL ALCOHOL	100-51-6	AIHA	TWA:44.2 mg/m3(10 ppm)	
PROPYL ALCOHOL	71-23-8	ACGIH	TWA:100 ppm	A4: Not class. as human carcin
PROPYL ALCOHOL	71-23-8	OSHA	TWA:500 mg/m3(200 ppm)	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association
CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines
OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration
TWA: Time-Weighted-Average
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls
Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:
Full Face Shield
Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection
Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.
Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:
Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors
Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid
Color	Colorless
Odor	Strong Alcohol
Odor threshold	*No Data Available*
pH	6 - 8.4
Melting point	*Not Applicable*
Boiling Point	392 ºF
Flash Point	> 200 ºF [*Test Method:*Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	*No Data Available*
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Applicable
Flammable Limits(LEL)	*No Data Available*
Flammable Limits(UEL)	*No Data Available*
Vapor Pressure	<=14 mmHg [@ 68 ºF]
Vapor Density	*No Data Available*
Density	1.02 1.03 g/ml
Specific Gravity	1.02 - 1.03 [*Ref Std:*WATER=1]
Solubility in Water	Appreciable
Solubility- non-water	*No Data Available*
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	*No Data Available*
Autoignition temperature	*No Data Available*
Decomposition temperature	*No Data Available*
Viscosity	4 centipoise - 10 centipoise [@ 25 ºC]
Volatile Organic Compounds	3 - 7 %
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	854.1 g/l

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity
This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability
Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid
Sparks and/or flames

10.5. Incompatible materials
Strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance	Condition
None known.	

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:
Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:
Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

Eye Contact:
Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Ingestion:
Harmful if swallowed. Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:
Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Toxicological Data
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-Vapor(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >300 - =2,000

			mg/kg
BENZYL ALCOHOL	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 8.8 mg/l
BENZYL ALCOHOL	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,230 mg/kg
ETHOXYLATED C12-C15 ALCOHOLS	Ingestion	similar compounds	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
ETHOXYLATED C12-C15 ALCOHOLS	Dermal	similar health hazards	LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
PROPYL ALCOHOL	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 4,000 mg/kg
PROPYL ALCOHOL	Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 34 mg/l
PROPYL ALCOHOL	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
ALCOHOLS, C12-14-SECONDARY, ETHOXYLATED	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
ALCOHOLS, C12-14-SECONDARY, ETHOXYLATED	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
SODIUM DI(2-ETHYLHEXYL) SULFOSUCCINATE	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
SODIUM DI(2-ETHYLHEXYL) SULFOSUCCINATE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,100 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
BENZYL ALCOHOL	Multiple animal species	Mild irritant
ETHOXYLATED C12-C15 ALCOHOLS	Rabbit	Mild irritant
PROPYL ALCOHOL	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
ALCOHOLS, C12-14-SECONDARY, ETHOXYLATED	Professional judgement	Mild irritant
SODIUM DI(2-ETHYLHEXYL) SULFOSUCCINATE	Rabbit	Irritant

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
BENZYL ALCOHOL	Rabbit	Severe irritant
ETHOXYLATED C12-C15 ALCOHOLS	similar compounds	No significant irritation
PROPYL ALCOHOL	Rabbit	Severe irritant
ALCOHOLS, C12-14-SECONDARY, ETHOXYLATED	Professional judgement	Mild irritant
SODIUM DI(2-ETHYLHEXYL) SULFOSUCCINATE	Rabbit	Corrosive

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
BENZYL ALCOHOL	Human and animal	Not classified
ETHOXYLATED C12-C15 ALCOHOLS	similar compounds	Not classified
PROPYL ALCOHOL	Guinea pig	Not classified
SODIUM DI(2-ETHYLHEXYL) SULFOSUCCINATE	Human	Not classified

Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
BENZYL ALCOHOL	In vivo	Not mutagenic
BENZYL ALCOHOL	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
ETHOXYLATED C12-C15 ALCOHOLS	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
PROPYL ALCOHOL	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
SODIUM DI(2-ETHYLHEXYL) SULFOSUCCINATE	In vivo	Not mutagenic
SODIUM DI(2-ETHYLHEXYL) SULFOSUCCINATE	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
BENZYL ALCOHOL	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
PROPYL ALCOHOL	Ingestion	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
BENZYL ALCOHOL	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Mouse	NOAEL 550 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
ETHOXYLATED C12-C15 ALCOHOLS	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
ETHOXYLATED C12-C15 ALCOHOLS	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	29 days
ETHOXYLATED C12-C15 ALCOHOLS	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
PROPYL ALCOHOL	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 8.6 mg/l	6 weeks
PROPYL ALCOHOL	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 8.6 mg/l	during gestation
SODIUM DI(2-ETHYLHEXYL) SULFOSUCCINATE	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	3 generation
SODIUM DI(2-ETHYLHEXYL) SULFOSUCCINATE	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	3 generation
SODIUM DI(2-ETHYLHEXYL) SULFOSUCCINATE	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,074 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
BENZYL ALCOHOL	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness		NOAEL Not available	
BENZYL ALCOHOL	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
BENZYL ALCOHOL	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness		NOAEL Not available	
ETHOXYLATED C12-C15 ALCOHOLS	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not Available	

PROPYL ALCOHOL	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Mouse	NOAEL 5 mg/l	4 hours
PROPYL ALCOHOL	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL Not available	
PROPYL ALCOHOL	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
ALCOHOLS, C12-14-SECONDARY, ETHOXYLATED	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
SODIUM DI(2-ETHYLHEXYL) SULFOSUCCINATE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
BENZYL ALCOHOL	Ingestion	endocrine system | muscles | kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 400 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
BENZYL ALCOHOL	Ingestion	nervous system | respiratory system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 645 mg/kg/day	8 days
ETHOXYLATED C12-C15 ALCOHOLS	Ingestion	endocrine system | gastrointestinal tract | liver | kidney and/or bladder | hematopoietic system | nervous system | eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
PROPYL ALCOHOL	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 70 mg/kg/day	83 weeks
PROPYL ALCOHOL	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 70 mg/kg/day	83 weeks
SODIUM DI(2-ETHYLHEXYL) SULFOSUCCINATE	Ingestion	liver | heart | skin | endocrine system | gastrointestinal tract | bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair | hematopoietic system | immune system | muscles | nervous system | eyes | kidney and/or bladder | respiratory system | vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	90 days

Aspiration Hazard
For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material

and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods
Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): Not regulated

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations
Contact 3M for more information.

EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:

Physical Hazards
Not applicable

Health Hazards
Acute toxicity
Serious eye damage or eye irritation
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

15.2. State Regulations
Contact 3M for more information.

15.3. Chemical Inventories
The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Australia National Industrial Chemical Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS). Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information.

The components of this product are in compliance with the new substance notification requirements of CEPA.

The components of this material are in compliance with the China "Measures on Environmental Management of New Chemical Substance". Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information.

The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of the Korean Toxic Chemical Control Law. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information.

The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Japan Chemical Substance Control Law. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information.

The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Philippines RA 6969 requirements. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information.

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification
Health: 3 **Flammability:** 1 **Instability:** 0 **Special Hazards:** None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

Document Group:	31-3955-7	**Version Number:**	4.00
Issue Date:	06/05/24	**Supercedes Date:**	10/22/18

DISCLAIMER: The information in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is believed to be correct as of the date issued. 3M MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR COURSE OF PERFORMANCE OR USAGE OF TRADE. User is responsible for determining whether the 3M product is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application. Given the variety of factors that can affect the use and application of a 3M product, some of which are uniquely within the user's knowledge and control, it is essential that the user evaluate the 3M product to determine whether it is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application.

3M provides information in electronic form as a service to its customers. Due to the remote possibility that electronic transfer may have resulted in errors, omissions or alterations in this information, 3M makes no representations as to its completeness or accuracy. In addition, information obtained from a database may not be as current as the information in the SDS available directly from 3M.

3M USA SDSs are available at www.3M.com