

Safety Data Sheet

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Document Group:	31-3201-6	Version Number:	3.00
Issue Date:	09/20/23	Supercedes Date:	04/18/23

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3M[™] Diamond Compound OS-55

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Abrasive polishing paste, For industrial/occupational use only. Not for consumer sale or use.

1.3. Supplier's details	
MANUFACTURER:	3M
DIVISION:	Abrasive Systems Division
ADDRESS:	3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA
Telephone:	1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number 1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Hazard classification

Skin Sensitizer: Category 1B. Reproductive Toxicity: Category 2. Carcinogenicity: Category 2.

2.2. Label elements Signal word Warning

Symbols Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

Pictograms



Hazard Statements

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Wear protective gloves. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response:

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage:

Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

69% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute oral toxicity.69% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Diisopropyl Adipate	6938-94-9	50 - 75 Trade Secret *
Stearic Acid	57-11-4	10 - 20 Trade Secret *
Diamond	7782-40-3	< 10 Trade Secret *
Fumed Silica, Crystalline Free	112945-52-5	< 5 Trade Secret *
Oleic Acid	112-80-1	< 5 Trade Secret *
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	< 5 Trade Secret *
Phosphoric acid, butyl ester, compds. with branched dodecylbenzenamine	1412893-78-7	< 2 Trade Secret *
Phosphoric acid, methyl ester, compds. with branched dodecylbenzenamine	1412893-77-6	< 2 Trade Secret *
Solvent	64742-52-5	< 1 Trade Secret *
Diethanolamine	111-42-2	< 0.5 Trade Secret *

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Allergic skin reaction (redness, swelling, blistering, and itching).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial/occupational use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Avoid breathing of dust created by sanding, grinding or machining. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store away from heat. Store away from oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	ACGIH	TWA:5 mg/m3	
Diethanolamine	111-42-2	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction and vapor):1 mg/m3	A3: Confirmed animal carcin., Danger of cutaneous absorption
SILICA, AMORPHOUS	112945-52- 5	OSHA	TWA:20 millions of particles/cu. ft.;TWA concentration:0.8 mg/m3	
STEARATES	57-11-4	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):3 mg/m3;TWA(inhalable fraction):10 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin
Paraffin oil	64742-52-5	OSHA	TWA(as mist):5 mg/m3	
PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	64742-52-5	OSHA	TWA:2000 mg/m3(500 ppm)	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Provide appropriate local exhaust ventilation for sanding, grinding or machining. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended: Safety Glasses with side shields

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron - polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

Appearance

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid
Color	White
Odor	Fatty Acid
Odor threshold	No Data Available
рН	Not Applicable
Melting point	No Data Available
Boiling Point	507 °F [Details: Estimated]
Flash Point	279 °F [Test Method:Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	No Data Available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Applicable
Flammable Limits(LEL)	No Data Available
Flammable Limits(UEL)	No Data Available
Vapor Pressure	>=0.01 mm [@ 68 °F]
Vapor Density	No Data Available
Density	No Data Available
Specific Gravity	>=1
Solubility in Water	Slight (less than 10%)
Solubility- non-water	No Data Available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	No Data Available
Autoignition temperature	685 °F [Details: Estimated]
Decomposition temperature	No Data Available
Viscosity	No Data Available
Bulk density	No Data Available
Hazardous Air Pollutants	No Data Available
Molecular weight	No Data Available
Volatile Organic Compounds	0 g/l
Percent volatile	0 %
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	0 g/l
-	-

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Sparks and/or flames Heat

10.5. Incompatible materials

Alkali and alkaline earth metals Strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance None known. **Condition**

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Dust from grinding, sanding or machining may cause irritation of the respiratory system. Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Skin Contact:

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness. Mechanical Skin irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abrasion, redness, pain, and itching.

Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Eye Contact:

Mechanical eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include pain, redness, tearing and corneal abrasion.

Dust created by grinding, sanding, or machining may cause eye irritation. Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

Ingredient	CAS No.	Class Description	Regulation
Diethanolamine	111-42-2	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Stearic Acid	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Stearic Acid	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Diamond	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Diamond	Inhalation- Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 5.2 mg/l
Diamond	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Oleic Acid	Dermal	Guinea pig	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Oleic Acid	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 57,000 mg/kg
Fumed Silica, Crystalline Free	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Fumed Silica, Crystalline Free	Inhalation- Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 0.691 mg/l
Fumed Silica, Crystalline Free	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,110 mg/kg
Triethanolamine	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 9,000 mg/kg
Solvent	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Solvent	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Diethanolamine	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 8,180 mg/kg
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,410 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Stearic Acid	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Diamond	Professio nal judgeme nt	No significant irritation

Oleic Acid	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Fumed Silica, Crystalline Free	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Triethanolamine	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Solvent	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Diethanolamine	Rabbit	Irritant

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Stearic Acid	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Diamond	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
Oleic Acid	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Fumed Silica, Crystalline Free	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Triethanolamine	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Solvent	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Diethanolamine	Rabbit	Corrosive

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Diamond	Professio	Not classified
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
Fumed Silica, Crystalline Free	Human	Not classified
	and	
	animal	
Triethanolamine	Human	Not classified
Solvent	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Diethanolamine	Human	Not classified
	and	
	animal	

Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Stearic Acid	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Diamond	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Oleic Acid	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Fumed Silica, Crystalline Free	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Triethanolamine	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Triethanolamine	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Diethanolamine	In Vitro	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Stearic Acid	Ingestion	Rat	Not carcinogenic
Oleic Acid	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
Oleic Acid	Ingestion	Rat	Not carcinogenic
Oleic Acid	Not Specified	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Fumed Silica, Crystalline Free	Not Specified	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Triethanolamine	Dermal	Multiple animal	Not carcinogenic

		species	
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Solvent	Ingestion	Rat	Not carcinogenic
Solvent	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Diethanolamine	Dermal	Mouse	Carcinogenic

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Fumed Silica, Crystalline Free	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 509 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Fumed Silica, Crystalline Free	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 497 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Fumed Silica, Crystalline Free	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,350 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Mouse	NOAEL 1,125 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 128 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Diethanolamine	Dermal	Not classified for development	Rabbit	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
Diethanolamine	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 0.05 mg/l	during organogenesi s
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	Toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 38 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 38 mg/kg/day	1 generation

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Stearic Acid	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Solvent	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Diethanolamine	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL not available	
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	May cause damage to organs	Rat	NOAEL 200 mg/kg	not applicable
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 200 mg/kg	not applicable
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg	not applicable

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Stearic Acid	Ingestion	blood	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	6 weeks
Oleic Acid	Ingestion	liver immune	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL	108 weeks

		system			2,250	
				1	mg/kg/day	
Oleic Acid	Ingestion	hematopoietic	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL	108 weeks
		system			2,550	
					mg/kg/day	
Fumed Silica, Crystalline	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not	occupational
Free		silicosis			available	exposure
Triethanolamine	Dermal	kidney and/or	Not classified	Multiple	NOAEL	2 years
		bladder		animal	2,000	
				species	mg/kg/day	
Triethanolamine	Dermal	liver	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL	13 weeks
					4,000	
					mg/kg/day	
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	kidney and/or	Some positive data exist, but the	Rat	LOAEL	2 years
		bladder	data are not sufficient for		1,000	
			classification		mg/kg/day	
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Guinea	NOAEL	24 weeks
	_			pig	1,600	
					mg/kg/day	
Diethanolamine	Dermal	hematopoietic	May cause damage to organs	Rat	LOAEL 32	13 weeks
		system	though prolonged or repeated		mg/kg/day	
			exposure			
Diethanolamine	Dermal	kidney and/or	Some positive data exist, but the	Rat	LOAEL 8	2 years
		bladder	data are not sufficient for		mg/kg/day	-
			classification			
Diethanolamine	Dermal	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 500	13 weeks
					mg/kg/day	
Diethanolamine	Inhalation	liver kidney and/or	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.03	13 weeks
		bladder			mg/l	
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	hematopoietic	May cause damage to organs	Rat	NOAEL 14	13 weeks
	U	system	though prolonged or repeated		mg/kg/day	
		5	exposure		005	
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the	Rat	NOAEL 57	13 weeks
	Ũ	5	data are not sufficient for		mg/kg/day	
			classification		0 0	
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	kidney and/or	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL not	13 weeks
	0	bladder			available	
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 436	13 weeks
					mg/kg/day	

Aspiration Hazard

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): Not regulated

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:

Physical Hazards		
Not applicable		
Health Hazards		
^C arcinogenicity		

Carcinogenicity	
Reproductive toxicity	
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	

15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

Document Group:	31-3201-6	Version Number:	3.00
Issue Date:	09/20/23	Supercedes Date:	04/18/23

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