

# **Safety Data Sheet**

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# **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M<sup>™</sup> Compound and Finishing Material, 36044, 36045, 36046

### **Product Identification Numbers**

LB-K100-1504-8, 60-4550-8106-1, 60-4550-8107-9, 60-4550-8111-1 7100074511, 7100142862

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

#### Recommended use

Used for enhancement of gelcoat surface primarily Marine., Marine

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER: 3M

**DIVISION:** Automotive Aftermarket

ADDRESS: 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA

**Telephone:** 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

# **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. This information may be different from the actual product label information for labels regulated by other agencies.

### 2.1. Hazard classification

Flammable Liquid: Category 3.

Skin Sensitizer: Category 1B.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1.

#### 2.2. Label elements

# Signal word

Danger

#### **Symbols**

Flame | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

# **Pictograms**







#### **Hazard Statements**

Flammable liquid and vapor.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: nervous system

#### **Precautionary Statements**

#### General:

Keep out of reach of children.

#### **Prevention:**

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Keep container tightly closed.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

# **Response:**

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

#### Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Keep cool.

Store locked up.

#### Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

1% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

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| Ingredient                              | C.A.S. No.    | % by Wt                |
|---|---------------|------------------------|
| Stoddard Solvent                        | 8052-41-3     | 15 - 40 Trade Secret * |
| Water                                   | 7732-18-5     | 15 - 40 Trade Secret * |
| Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)            | 1344-28-1     | < 27 Trade Secret *    |
| Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate | 9005-65-6     | 3 - 7 Trade Secret *   |
| White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)           | 8042-47-5     | 1 - 5 Trade Secret *   |
| NONANE                                  | 111-84-2      | 0.1 - 2 Trade Secret * |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene                  | 95-63-6       | < 1.5 Trade Secret *   |
| Alkyloammonium Salt                     | Trade Secret* | <= 1 Trade Secret *    |
| Naphthalene                             | 91-20-3       | < 0.07 Trade Secret *  |

<sup>\*</sup>The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### **Skin Contact:**

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

#### **Eye Contact:**

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

#### If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Allergic skin reaction (redness, swelling, blistering, and itching). Central nervous system depression (headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness). Target organ effects following prolonged or repeated exposure. See Section 11 for additional details.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

#### **Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products**

SubstanceConditionHydrocarbonsDuring CombustionCarbon monoxideDuring CombustionCarbon dioxideDuring Combustion

## 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

# 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Cover spill area with a fire extinguishing foam that is resistant to polar solvents. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with detergent and water. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapor accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

# 8.1. Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

| Ingredient                   | C.A.S. No. | Agency | Limit type            | Additional Comments |
|------------------------------|------------|--------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| NONANE                       | 111-84-2   | ACGIH  | TWA:200 ppm           |                     |
| Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous) | 1344-28-1  | OSHA   | TWA(as total dust):15 |                     |

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|                                       |           |       | mg/m3;TWA(respirable fraction):5 mg/m3 |  |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|-------|--|--|
| Aluminum, insoluble compounds         | 1344-28-1 | ACGIH | TWA(respirable fraction):1 mg/m3       | A4: Not class. as human carcin                               |
| MINERAL OILS, HIGHLY-<br>REFINED OILS | 8042-47-5 | ACGIH | TWA(inhalable fraction):5 mg/m3        | A4: Not class. as human carcin                               |
| Paraffin oil                          | 8042-47-5 | OSHA  | TWA(as mist):5 mg/m3                   |  |
| Stoddard Solvent                      | 8052-41-3 | ACGIH | TWA:100 ppm                            |  |
| Stoddard Solvent                      | 8052-41-3 | OSHA  | TWA:2900 mg/m3(500 ppm)                |  |
| Naphthalene                           | 91-20-3   | ACGIH | TWA:10 ppm                             | A3: Confirmed animal carcin., Danger of cutaneous absorption |
| Naphthalene                           | 91-20-3   | OSHA  | TWA:50 mg/m3(10 ppm)                   |  |
| Benzene, trimethyl-                   | 95-63-6   | ACGIH | TWA:25 ppm                             |  |

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA: United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

### 8.2. Exposure controls

## 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

## 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Safety Glasses with side shields

# Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron - polymer laminate

#### Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical stateLiquidColorOff-White

**Specific Physical Form:** Paste **Odor** Solvent

**Odor threshold**No Data Available

**pH** 7.3 - 7.9

Melting point No Data Available

**Boiling Point** 95 °F

Flash Point 135 °F [Test Method: Tagliabue Closed Cup]

Evaporation rateNo Data AvailableFlammability (solid, gas)Not ApplicableFlammable Limits(LEL)No Data AvailableFlammable Limits(UEL)No Data Available

 Vapor Pressure
 1.6 mmHg [Ref Std: AIR=1]

 Vapor Density
 1 [Ref Std: AIR=1]

 Density
 9.2 - 9.41 lb/gal

Specific Gravity 1.12 [Ref Std:WATER=1]

Solubility in WaterAppreciableSolubility- non-waterNo Data AvailablePartition coefficient: n-octanol/ waterNo Data AvailableAutoignition temperatureNo Data AvailableDecomposition temperatureNo Data AvailableViscosity35,000 - 45,000 centipoise

Hazardous Air Pollutants0.022 lb HAPS/lb solids [Test Method: Calculated]Volatile Organic Compounds30.6 % weight [Test Method: calculated per CARB title 2]Volatile Organic Compounds343 g/l [Test Method: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

**Percent volatile** 63.4 % weight

VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents 543 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat

Sparks and/or flames

# 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

Strong acids

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

**Substance** 

**Condition** 

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

#### 11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

### Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

#### Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### **Skin Contact:**

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

#### **Eve Contact:**

Dust created by cutting, grinding, sanding, or machining may cause eye irritation. Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

#### Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

## **Additional Health Effects:**

#### Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

### Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central Neuropathy: Signs/symptoms may include irritability, memory impairment, personality changes, sleep disorders, and decreased ability to concentrate.

### Carcinogenicity:

| Ingredient  | CAS No. | Class Description             | Regulation                                  |
|-------------|---------|-------------------------------|---|
| Naphthalene | 91-20-3 | Grp. 2B: Possible human carc. | International Agency for Research on Cancer |
| Naphthalene | 91-20-3 | Anticipated human carcinogen  | National Toxicology Program Carcinogens     |

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# **Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Acute Toxicity** 

| Name                                    | Route                                 | Species                      | Value  |
|---|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Overall product                         | Dermal                                |                              | No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg |
| Overall product                         | Inhalation-<br>Vapor(4 hr)            |                              | No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l     |
| Overall product                         | Ingestion                             |                              | No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg |
| Stoddard Solvent                        | Dermal                                | Rat                          | LD50 > 3,400 mg/kg                             |
| Stoddard Solvent                        | Inhalation-<br>Vapor (4<br>hours)     | Rat                          | LC50 > 16.2 mg/l                               |
| Stoddard Solvent                        | Ingestion                             | Rat                          | LD50 > 15,000 mg/kg                            |
| Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)            | Dermal                                |                              | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg             |
| Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)            | Inhalation-<br>Dust/Mist<br>(4 hours) | Rat                          | LC50 > 2.3 mg/l                                |
| Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)            | Ingestion                             | Rat                          | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg                             |
| Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate | Dermal                                | Not<br>available             | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg                             |
| Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate | Inhalation-<br>Dust/Mist<br>(4 hours) | Rat                          | LC50 > 5.1 mg/l                                |
| Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate | Ingestion                             | Rat                          | LD50 20,000 mg/kg                              |
| White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)           | Dermal                                | Rabbit                       | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg                             |
| White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)           | Ingestion                             | Rat                          | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg                             |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene                  | Dermal                                | Rabbit                       | LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg                             |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene                  | Inhalation-<br>Vapor (4<br>hours)     | Rat                          | LC50 18 mg/l                                   |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene                  | Ingestion                             | Rat                          | LD50 3,400 mg/kg                               |
| Alkyloammonium Salt                     | Ingestion                             | Rat                          | LD50 > 5,385 mg/kg                             |
| Alkyloammonium Salt                     | Dermal                                | similar<br>health<br>hazards | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg             |
| Naphthalene                             | Dermal                                | Human                        | LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg       |
| Naphthalene                             | Inhalation-<br>Vapor                  | Human                        | LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l              |
| Naphthalene                             | Ingestion                             | Human                        | LD50 estimated to be 300 - 2,000 mg/kg         |

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

## Skin Corrosion/Irritation

| Name                                    | Species | Value                     |
|---|---------|---------------------------|
|   |         |                           |
| Stoddard Solvent                        | Rabbit  | Minimal irritation        |
| Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)            | Rabbit  | No significant irritation |
| Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate | Rabbit  | No significant irritation |
| White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)           | Rabbit  | No significant irritation |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene                  | Rabbit  | Irritant                  |
| Alkyloammonium Salt                     | Rabbit  | No significant irritation |
| Naphthalene                             | Rabbit  | Minimal irritation        |

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

| Name                                    | Species | Value                     |
|---|---------|---------------------------|
|   |         |                           |
| Stoddard Solvent                        | Rabbit  | No significant irritation |
| Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)            | Rabbit  | No significant irritation |
| Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate | Rabbit  | No significant irritation |
| White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)           | Rabbit  | Mild irritant             |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene                  | Rabbit  | Mild irritant             |

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| Alkyloammonium Salt | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
|---------------------|--------|---------------------------|
| Naphthalene         | Rabbit | No significant irritation |

# **Skin Sensitization**

| Name                                    | Species | Value          |
|---|---------|----------------|
| Stoddard Solvent                        | Guinea  | Not classified |
|   | pig     |                |
| Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate | Guinea  | Not classified |
|   | pig     |                |
| White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)           | Guinea  | Not classified |
|   | pig     |                |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene                  | Guinea  | Not classified |
|   | pig     |                |
| Alkyloammonium Salt                     | Mouse   | Sensitizing    |

# **Respiratory Sensitization**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity** 

| <u></u>                                 |          |               |
|---|----------|---------------|
| Name                                    | Route    | Value         |
|   |          |               |
| Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)            | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)           | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene                  | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Alkyloammonium Salt                     | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |

Carcinogenicity

| Name                                    | Route      | Species                       | Value  |
|---|------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)            | Inhalation | Rat                           | Not carcinogenic   |
| Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate | Ingestion  | Rat                           | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)           | Dermal     | Mouse                         | Not carcinogenic   |
| White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)           | Inhalation | Multiple<br>animal<br>species | Not carcinogenic   |
| Naphthalene                             | Inhalation | Multiple<br>animal<br>species | Carcinogenic   |

# **Reproductive Toxicity**

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

| Name                                    | Route      | Value                                  | Species | Test Result              | Exposure<br>Duration        |
|---|------------|--|---------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate | Ingestion  | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat     | NOAEL 6,666<br>mg/kg/day | 3 generation                |
| Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate | Ingestion  | Not classified for male reproduction   | Rat     | NOAEL 6,666<br>mg/kg/day | 3 generation                |
| Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate | Ingestion  | Not classified for development         | Rat     | NOAEL 5,000<br>mg/kg/day | during<br>organogenesi<br>s |
| White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)           | Ingestion  | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat     | NOAEL 4,350<br>mg/kg/day | 13 weeks                    |
| White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)           | Ingestion  | Not classified for male reproduction   | Rat     | NOAEL 4,350<br>mg/kg/day | 13 weeks                    |
| White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)           | Ingestion  | Not classified for development         | Rat     | NOAEL 4,350<br>mg/kg/day | during<br>gestation         |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene                  | Inhalation | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat     | NOAEL 1.2<br>mg/l        | 3 months                    |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene                  | Inhalation | Not classified for male reproduction   | Rat     | NOAEL 1.2<br>mg/l        | 3 months                    |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene                  | Inhalation | Not classified for development         | Rat     | NOAEL 1.5                | during                      |

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|                     |           |  |     | mg/l        | gestation      |
|---------------------|-----------|--|-----|-------------|----------------|
| Alkyloammonium Salt | Ingestion | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 1,000 | premating      |
|                     |           |  |     | mg/kg/day   | into lactation |
| Alkyloammonium Salt | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction   | Rat | NOAEL 1,000 | 28 days        |
| -                   |           | _                                      |     | mg/kg/day   | -              |
| Alkyloammonium Salt | Ingestion | Not classified for development         | Rat | NOAEL 1,000 | gestation      |
|                     |           | _                                      |     | mg/kg/day   | into lactation |

# Target Organ(s)

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure** 

| Name                   | Route      | Target Organ(s)                      | Value                             | Species                           | Test Result            | Exposure<br>Duration      |
|------------------------|------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Stoddard Solvent       | Inhalation | central nervous<br>system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | similar<br>compoun<br>ds          | NOAEL not available    |                           |
| Stoddard Solvent       | Ingestion  | central nervous<br>system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | similar<br>compoun<br>ds          | NOAEL not available    |                           |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | Inhalation | central nervous<br>system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human<br>and<br>animal            | NOAEL Not available    |                           |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | Inhalation | respiratory irritation               | May cause respiratory irritation  | official<br>classifica<br>tion    | NOAEL Not<br>available |                           |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | Ingestion  | central nervous<br>system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Professio<br>nal<br>judgeme<br>nt | NOAEL Not<br>available |                           |
| Naphthalene            | Ingestion  | blood                                | Causes damage to organs           | Human                             | NOAEL Not available    | poisoning<br>and/or abuse |

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure** 

| Name                                       | Route      | Target Organ(s)   | Value  | Species | Test Result                 | Exposure<br>Duration  |
|--|------------|---|--|---------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Stoddard Solvent                           | Inhalation | central nervous<br>system   | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure               | Human   | NOAEL not available         | occupational exposure |
| Aluminum Oxide (non-<br>fibrous)           | Inhalation | pneumoconiosis  | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human   | NOAEL Not<br>available      | occupational exposure |
| Aluminum Oxide (non-<br>fibrous)           | Inhalation | pulmonary fibrosis  | Not classified   | Human   | NOAEL Not available         | occupational exposure |
| Polyethylene Glycol<br>Sorbitan Monooleate | Ingestion  | heart   endocrine<br>system  <br>gastrointestinal tract<br>  bone, teeth, nails,<br>and/or hair  <br>hematopoietic<br>system   liver  <br>immune system  <br>nervous system  <br>kidney and/or<br>bladder   respiratory<br>system | Not classified   | Rat     | NOAEL<br>4,132<br>mg/kg/day | 90 days               |
| White Mineral Oil<br>(Petroleum)           | Ingestion  | hematopoietic<br>system   | Not classified   | Rat     | NOAEL<br>1,381<br>mg/kg/day | 90 days               |
| White Mineral Oil<br>(Petroleum)           | Ingestion  | liver   immune<br>system  | Not classified   | Rat     | NOAEL<br>1,336<br>mg/kg/day | 90 days               |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene                     | Inhalation | hematopoietic<br>system   | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat     | NOAEL 0.5<br>mg/l           | 3 months              |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene                     | Inhalation | nervous system  | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat     | LOAEL 0.1<br>mg/l           | 3 months              |

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| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | Inhalation | respiratory system  | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human  | NOAEL Not<br>available      | occupational exposure     |
|------------------------|------------|---|--|--------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | Inhalation | liver   kidney and/or<br>bladder   heart  <br>endocrine system  <br>gastrointestinal tract<br>  immune system   | Not classified   | Rat    | NOAEL 1.2<br>mg/l           | 3 months                  |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | Ingestion  | hematopoietic<br>system   | Not classified   | Rat    | NOAEL 600<br>mg/kg/day      | 14 days                   |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | Ingestion  | liver   immune<br>system   kidney<br>and/or bladder   | Not classified   | Rat    | NOAEL<br>1,000<br>mg/kg/day | 28 days                   |
| Alkyloammonium Salt    | Ingestion  | hematopoietic system   heart   endocrine system   gastrointestinal tract   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   liver   immune system   muscles   nervous system   eyes   kidney and/or bladder   respiratory system | Not classified   | Rat    | NOAEL<br>1,000<br>mg/kg/day | 35 days                   |
| Naphthalene            | Dermal     | blood   | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure               | Human  | NOAEL Not<br>available      | poisoning<br>and/or abuse |
| Naphthalene            | Dermal     | eyes  | Not classified   | Human  | NOAEL Not available         | occupational exposure     |
| Naphthalene            | Inhalation | respiratory system  | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure               | Rat    | LOAEL 0.01<br>mg/l          | 13 weeks                  |
| Naphthalene            | Inhalation | blood   | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure               | Human  | NOAEL Not available         | poisoning<br>and/or abuse |
| Naphthalene            | Inhalation | eyes  | Not classified   | Human  | NOAEL Not available         | occupational exposure     |
| Naphthalene            | Ingestion  | blood   | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure               | Human  | NOAEL Not available         | poisoning<br>and/or abuse |
| Naphthalene            | Ingestion  | eyes  | May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure             | Rabbit | LOAEL 500<br>mg/kg/day      | 15 days                   |

**Aspiration Hazard** 

| Name                          | Value             |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| Stoddard Solvent              | Aspiration hazard |  |  |  |
| White Mineral Oil (Petroleum) | Aspiration hazard |  |  |  |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene        | Aspiration hazard |  |  |  |

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# **Ecotoxicological information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

#### **Chemical fate information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

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## 13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

# **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

#### **EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:**

| Ρŀ | iysica | ıl Haz | zards |
|----|--------|--------|-------|
|----|--------|--------|-------|

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

## **Health Hazards**

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

### Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

| <u>Ingredient</u>            | <u>C.A.S. No</u> | <u>% by Wt</u>     |
|------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous) | 1344-28-1        | Trade Secret < 27  |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene       | 95-63-6          | Trade Secret < 1.5 |

This material contains a chemical which requires export notification under TSCA Section 12[b]:

| Ingredient (Category if applicable) | C.A.S. No | <b>Regulation</b>                     | <b>Status</b> |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| NONANE (Nonane)                     | 111-84-2  | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) 4 | Applicable    |
|                                     |           | Test Rule Chemicals                   |               |
| NONANE                              | 111-84-2  | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) 4 | Applicable    |
|                                     |           | Test Rule Chemicals                   |               |

## 15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

## 15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Contact 3M for more information.

# 15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

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This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 2 Flammability: 2 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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