

Safety Data Sheet

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SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3M[™] Piezo Inkjet Ink 1595v2 Black

Product Identification Numbers 75-3472-5460-1 7100033119

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use Ink

1.3. Supplier's details3MMANUFACTURER:3MDIVISION:Commercial Solutions DivisionADDRESS:3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USATelephone:1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number 1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Hazard classification

Flammable Liquid: Category 4. Acute Toxicity (inhalation): Category 4. Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 1. Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2. Reproductive Toxicity: Category 2. Carcinogenicity: Category 2. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 2.

2.2. Label elements Signal word

Danger

Symbols

Corrosion | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

Pictograms



Hazard Statements Combustible liquid.

Causes serious eye damage. Causes skin irritation. Harmful if inhaled. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: blood or blood-forming organs

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response:

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

Storage:

Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

4% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE	112-07-2	70 - 90 Trade Secret *
CYCLOHEXANONE	108-94-1	5 - 15 Trade Secret *
ETHYL LACTATE	97-64-3	1 - 10 Trade Secret *
CARBON BLACK	1333-86-4	0.1 - 5 Trade Secret *
STABILIZER	Trade Secret*	0.1 - 5 Trade Secret *
TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE	1330-78-5	0.1 - 2 Trade Secret *

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and

prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with detergent and water. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from strong bases. Store away from oxidizing agents.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from strong bases. Store away from oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
CYCLOHEXANONE	108-94-1	OSHA	TWA:200 mg/m3(50 ppm)	
CYCLOHEXANONE	108-94-1	ACGIH	TWA:20 ppm;STEL:50 ppm	A3: Confirmed animal carcin., SKIN
2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE	112-07-2	ACGIH	TWA:20 ppm	A3: Confirmed animal carcin.

CARBON BLACK	1333-86-4	OSHA	TWA:3.5 mg/m3	
CARBON BLACK	1333-86-4	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):3	A3: Confirmed animal
			mg/m3	carcin.

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended: Full Face Shield Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Butyl Rubber Polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Liquid
Black
Liquid
Solvent
No Data Available
Not Applicable
Not Applicable

Boiling Point	> 380 °F
Flash Point	142 °F [<i>Test Method</i> :Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	No Data Available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Applicable
Flammable Limits(LEL)	0.88 %
Flammable Limits(UEL)	12.75 %
Vapor Pressure	No Data Available
Vapor Density	No Data Available
Density	0.968 g/ml
Specific Gravity	0.968 [<i>Ref Std</i> :WATER=1]
Solubility in Water	Moderate
Solubility- non-water	No Data Available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	No Data Available
Autoignition temperature	> 600 °F
Decomposition temperature	No Data Available
Viscosity	No Data Available
Volatile Organic Compounds	880 g/l
Percent volatile	85 - 95 %
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	880 g/l

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Sparks and/or flames Heat

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents Strong bases Strong acids Reducing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>

None known.

Condition

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be

present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Harmful if inhaled.

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:

May be harmful in contact with skin.

Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking, blistering, and pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Eye Contact:

Corrosive (Eye Burns): Signs/symptoms may include cloudy appearance of the cornea, chemical burns, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, significantly impaired vision or complete loss of vision.

Ingestion:

May be harmful if swallowed.

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Blood Effects: Signs/symptoms may include generalized weakness and fatigue, skin pallor, changes in blood clotting time, internal bleeding, and/or hemoglobinemia.

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

Ingredient	CAS No.	Class Description	Regulation
CARBON BLACK	1333-86-4	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation- Vapor(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE10 - 20 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg

2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE	Inhalation-	official	LC50 estimated to be 10 - 20 mg/l
	Vapor	classifica	
		tion	
2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 4,766 mg/kg
2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 2,400 mg/kg
CYCLOHEXANONE	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 >794, <3160 mg/kg
CYCLOHEXANONE	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 6.2 mg/l
	Vapor (4		
	hours)		
CYCLOHEXANONE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,296 mg/kg
ETHYL LACTATE	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
ETHYL LACTATE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
CARBON BLACK	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
CARBON BLACK	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 8,000 mg/kg
STABILIZER	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
STABILIZER	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 3,700 mg/kg
TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 5.2 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 15,750 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
CYCLOHEXANONE	Rabbit	Irritant
CARBON BLACK	Rabbit	No significant irritation
STABILIZER	Rabbit	No significant irritation
TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE	Rabbit	Mild irritant
CYCLOHEXANONE	Rabbit	Severe irritant
CARBON BLACK	Rabbit	No significant irritation
STABILIZER	Rabbit	No significant irritation
TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
CYCLOHEXANONE	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
STABILIZER	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE	Professio	Not classified
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	

Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
CYCLOHEXANONE	In vivo	Not mutagenic
CYCLOHEXANONE	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		sufficient for classification
CARBON BLACK	In Vitro	Not mutagenic

CARBON BLACK	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
STABILIZER	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
STABILIZER	In vivo	Not mutagenic
TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE	In vivo	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
CYCLOHEXANONE	Ingestion	Multiple	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		animal	sufficient for classification
		species	
CARBON BLACK	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
CARBON BLACK	Ingestion	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
CARBON BLACK	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic
TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE	Ingestion	Multiple	Not carcinogenic
		animal	
		species	

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
CYCLOHEXANONE	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4 mg/l	2 generation
CYCLOHEXANONE	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2 mg/l	2 generation
CYCLOHEXANONE	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Mouse	LOAEL 1,100 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
CYCLOHEXANONE	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 2 mg/l	2 generation
STABILIZER	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	during gestation
TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 400 mg/kg/day	during gestation
TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE	Ingestion	Toxic to female reproduction	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	premating into lactation
TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE	Ingestion	Toxic to male reproduction	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	premating into lactation

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE	Dermal	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL Not available	24 hours
2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE	Dermal	blood	Not classified	Rabbit	LOAEL 3,191 mg/kg	24 hours
2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE	Dermal	heart endocrine system hematoppoitic system liver nervous system	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL 10,000 mg/kg	24 hours
2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar compoun ds	NOAEL Not available	
2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE	Inhalation	blood heart endocrine system hematoppoitic system liver	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 2.6 mg/l	4 hours

		nervous system kidney and/or bladder respiratory system				
2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE	Ingestion	blood	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 2,400 mg/kg	not applicable
2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE	Ingestion	hematoppoitic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,400 mg/kg	not applicable
2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 2,400 mg/kg	not applicable
2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE	Ingestion	heart liver nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3,000 mg/kg	not applicable
CYCLOHEXANONE	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Guinea pig	LOAEL 16.1 mg/l	6 hours
CYCLOHEXANONE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
CYCLOHEXANONE	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE	Ingestion	peripheral nervous system	Not classified	Chicken	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE	Inhalation	blood	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.7 mg/l	10 months
2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Multiple animal species	LOAEL 0.7 mg/l	10 months
2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE	Inhalation	heart endocrine system hematopoietic system liver nervous system respiratory system	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.7 mg/l	10 months
CYCLOHEXANONE	Inhalation	liver kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL 0.76 mg/l	50 days
CYCLOHEXANONE	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 4,800 mg/kg/day	90 days
CARBON BLACK	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
STABILIZER	Ingestion	liver nervous system respiratory system heart endocrine system gastrointestinal tract bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system immune system eyes kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 230 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE	Ingestion	endocrine system liver heart skin gastrointestinal tract bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	13 weeks

hematopoietic system immune system nervous		
system respiratory		
system		

Aspiration Hazard

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): Not regulated

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:

Physical Hazards

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Health Hazards

Acute toxicity

Varcinogenicity	
eproductive toxicity	
erious eye damage or eye irritation	
kin Corrosion or Irritation	
pecific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)	

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

Ingredient	<u>C.A.S. No</u>	<u>% by Wt</u>
2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE (GLYCOL	112-07-2	70 - 90
ETHERS)		

15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 3 Flammability: 2 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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