Safety Data Sheet

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Issue Date: 02/20/19
Version Number: 4.01
Supercedes Date: 02/14/19

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier
Curos™ Disinfecting Port Protectors CM5-200, CFJ1-270, CFJ5-250, CSA1-270, CSA1-270R, CSA5-250, CSV1-270, CSV5-250

Product Identification Numbers
7100069150, 7100102598, 7100085563, 7100102601, 7100102602, 7100102603, 7100102604, 7100104336, 7100104567, 7100101993, 7100101994, 7100101997, 7100141836

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use
Port Protector, Industrial use

1.3. Supplier’s details
MANUFACTURER: 3M
DIVISION: Medical Solutions Division
ADDRESS: 3M Center, St. Paul, MN  55144-1000, USA
Telephone: 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number
1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Hazard classification
Flammable Liquid: Category 2.
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3.

2.2. Label elements
Signal word
Danger

Symbols
Curos™ Disinfecting Port Protectors CM5-200, CFJ1-270, CFJ5-250, CSA1-270, CSA1-270R, CSA5-250, CSV1-270, CSV5-250

Flame | Exclamation mark |

Pictograms

Hazard Statements
Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
Use only non-sparking tools.
Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.
Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Wear eye/face protection.
Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response:
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

Storage:
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Keep cool.
Store locked up.

Disposal:
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>C.A.S. No.</th>
<th>% by Wt</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl Alcohol</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>65 - 75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water</td>
<td>7732-18-5</td>
<td>25 - 35</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4: First aid measures
4.1. Description of first aid measures

**Inhalation:**
Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

**Skin Contact:**
Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

**Eye Contact:**
Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

**If Swallowed:**
Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required
Not applicable

**SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media
In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Condition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon monoxide</td>
<td>During Combustion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon dioxide</td>
<td>During Combustion</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters
Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

**SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions
Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or
bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam designed for use on solvents, such as alcohols and acetone, that can dissolve in water. An AR - AFFF type foam is recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with water. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Keep away from reactive metals (eg. Aluminum, zinc etc.) to avoid the formation of hydrogen gas that could create an explosion hazard. Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapor accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>C.A.S. No.</th>
<th>Agency</th>
<th>Limit type</th>
<th>Additional Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl Alcohol</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>TWA:200 ppm; STEL:400 ppm</td>
<td>A4: Not class. as human carcin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl Alcohol</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>OSHA</td>
<td>TWA:980 mg/m3(400 ppm)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association
CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines
OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration
TWA: Time-Weighted-Average
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls
Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume GAS/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)
Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:
Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection
No chemical protective gloves are required.

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:
Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

- **General Physical Form:** Liquid
- **Odor, Color, Grade:** Plastic cap with IPA. IPA is clear and colorless with solvent odor.
- **Odor threshold:** No Data Available
- **pH:** No Data Available
- **Melting point:** Not Applicable
- **Boiling Point:** 181 °F [Details: for IPA]
- **Flash Point:** 64.9 °F [Test Method: Closed Cup] [Details: for IPA]
- **Evaporation rate:** 1.7 [Ref Std: BUOAC=1] [Details: for IPA]
- **Flammability (solid, gas):** Not Applicable
- **Flammable Limits(LEL):** 2 % [Details: for IPA]
- **Flammable Limits(UEL):** 12.7 % [Details: for IPA]
- **Vapor Pressure:** 32.4 mmHg [@ 68 °F] [Details: for IPA]
- **Vapor Density:** 2.1 [Ref Std: AIR=1] [Details: for IPA]
- **Density:** 0.877 g/ml [Details: for IPA]
- **Solubility in Water:** Complete
- **Solubility- non-water:** Moderate [Details: for IPA]
- **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water:** 0.05
- **Autoignition temperature:** 750 °F [Details: for IPA]
- **Decomposition temperature:** No Data Available
- **Viscosity:** 2.2 mPa-s [Details: for IPA]
- **EU Volatile Organic Compounds:** No Data Available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity
This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability
Stable.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid
Sparks and/or flames

10.5. Incompatible materials
Reactive metals
Strong acids
Strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Condition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>None known.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:
May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:
Contact with the skin during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

Eye Contact:
Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Ingestion:
May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:
Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Toxicological Data
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or
the data are not sufficient for classification.

### Acute Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Overall product</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>No data available; calculated ATE &gt;5,000 mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl Alcohol</td>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>LD50 12,870 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl Alcohol</td>
<td>Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>LC50 72.6 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl Alcohol</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>LD50 4,710 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

### Skin Corrosion/Irritation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl Alcohol</td>
<td>Multiple animal species</td>
<td>No significant irritation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl Alcohol</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>Severe irritant</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Skin Sensitization

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl Alcohol</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

### Germ Cell Mutagenicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl Alcohol</td>
<td>In Vitro</td>
<td>Not mutagenic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl Alcohol</td>
<td>In vivo</td>
<td>Not mutagenic</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Carcinogenicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl Alcohol</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Reproductive Toxicity

### Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Result</th>
<th>Exposure Duration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl Alcohol</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Not classified for development</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>NOAEL 400 mg/kg/day</td>
<td>during organogenesis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl Alcohol</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Not classified for development</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>LOAEL 9 mg/l</td>
<td>during gestation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Target Organ(s)

### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Target Organ(s)</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Result</th>
<th>Exposure Duration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Page 7 of 10
Isopropyl Alcohol  | Inhalation  | central nervous system depression  | May cause drowsiness or dizziness  | Human  | NOAEL Not available
--- | --- | --- | --- | --- | ---
Isopropyl Alcohol  | Inhalation  | respiratory irritation  | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification  | Human  | NOAEL Not available
Isopropyl Alcohol  | Inhalation  | auditory system  | Not classified  | Guinea pig  | NOAEL 13.4 mg/l  | 24 hours
Isopropyl Alcohol  | Ingestion  | central nervous system depression  | May cause drowsiness or dizziness  | Human  | NOAEL Not available  | poisoning and/or abuse

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Target Organ(s)</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Result</th>
<th>Exposure Duration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl Alcohol</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>kidney and/or bladder</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>NOAEL 12.3 mg/l</td>
<td>24 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl Alcohol</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>nervous system</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>NOAEL 12 mg/l</td>
<td>13 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl Alcohol</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>kidney and/or bladder</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>NOAEL 400 mg/kg/day</td>
<td>12 weeks</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Aspiration Hazard
For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information
Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information
Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): D001 (Ignitable)

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information
15.1. US Federal Regulations
Contact 3M for more information.

EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Physical Hazards</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health Hazards</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Serious eye damage or eye irritation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

15.2. State Regulations
Contact 3M for more information.

15.3. Chemical Inventories
Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations
Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification
Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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