

## **Safety Data Sheet**

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## **SECTION 1: Identification**

### 1.1. Product identifier

3M<sup>TM</sup> Scotch<sup>TM</sup> Protected Graphics Primer Solution Y-122

### **Product Identification Numbers**

70-0706-0114-4, 70-0706-0115-1 7010067432

### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

**Recommended use** Primer, Primer

1.3. Supplier's details<br/>MANUFACTURER:3MDIVISION:Industrial Adhesives and Tapes DivisionADDRESS:3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USATelephone:1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

**1.4. Emergency telephone number** 1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

## **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

### 2.1. Hazard classification

Flammable Liquid: Category 2. Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 1. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3.

**2.2. Label elements Signal word** Danger

Symbols Flame | Corrosion | Exclamation mark |

### Pictograms



#### Hazard Statements Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes serious eye damage. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### **Precautionary Statements**

### **Prevention:**

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

### **Response:**

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

### Storage:

Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up in a well-ventilated place.

### **Disposal:**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

### 2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

11% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute oral toxicity.

17% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
N-PROPYL ACETATE	109-60-4	60 - 100 Trade Secret *
Proprietary Polymer	Trade Secret*	7 - 13 Trade Secret *
GAMMA-BUTYROLACTONE	96-48-0	1 - 10 Trade Secret *

\*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

### Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

### **Skin Contact:**

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

### Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

### If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

## **SECTION 5:** Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

### Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion

### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for

information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

### **6.2.** Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire extinguishing foam that is resistant to polar solvents. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with detergent and water. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial/occupational use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapor accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Store away from heat. Store away from oxidizing agents.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1. Control parameters

### **Occupational exposure limits**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
N-PROPYL ACETATE	109-60-4	ACGIH	TWA:100 ppm;STEL:150 ppm	
N-PROPYL ACETATE	109-60-4	OSHA	TWA:840 mg/m3(200 ppm)	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

### 8.2. Exposure controls

### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended: Full Face Shield Indirect Vented Goggles

### **Skin/hand protection**

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Butyl Rubber

### **Respiratory protection**

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid
Color	Colorless
Odor	Ester
Odor threshold	No Data Available
рН	Not Applicable
Melting point	Not Applicable
Boiling Point	102 °C
Flash Point	55 °F [Test Method:Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	No Data Available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Applicable
Flammable Limits(LEL)	1.7 % volume
Flammable Limits(UEL)	7.95 % volume
Vapor Pressure	2.3 mmHg [@ 68 °F]
Vapor Density	3.5 [ <i>Ref Std</i> :AIR=1]
Density	0.886 g/ml
Specific Gravity	0.886 [ <i>Ref Std</i> :WATER=1]
Solubility in Water	Moderate
Solubility- non-water	No Data Available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	No Data Available
Autoignition temperature	457 °C
Decomposition temperature	No Data Available
Viscosity	200 - 300 centipoise [@ 73.4 °F ]
Hazardous Air Pollutants	0 % weight [ <i>Test Method:</i> Calculated]

**Volatile Organic Compounds** 

<=811 g/l [*Test Method*:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] [Details: low solids less exempts] <=91.5 % [Test Method:calculated per CARB title 2]

**VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents** 

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability Stable.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid Heat Sparks and/or flames

## **10.5.** Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

### Inhalation:

May be harmful if inhaled.

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

### **Skin Contact:**

Dermal Defatting: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, itching, drying and cracking of skin.

### **Eye Contact:**

Corrosive (Eye Burns): Signs/symptoms may include cloudy appearance of the cornea, chemical burns, severe pain, tearing,

### Condition

ulcerations, significantly impaired vision or complete loss of vision.

### **Ingestion:**

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

### **Additional Health Effects:**

### Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

### **Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

### **Acute Toxicity**

Route	Species	Value
Inhalation-		No data available; calculated ATE20 - 50 mg/l
Vapor(4 hr)		
Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 17,756 mg/kg
Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 >16.7, < 33.4 mg/l
Vapor (4		
hours)		
Ingestion	Rat	LD50 8,700 mg/kg
Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 5.1  mg/l
Dust/Mist		
(4 hours)		
Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,920 mg/kg
	Inhalation- Vapor(4 hr) Ingestion Dermal Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours) Ingestion Dermal Inhalation- Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Inhalation- Vapor(4 hr)   Ingestion   Dermal Rabbit   Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours) Rat   Ingestion Rat   Dermal Rabbit   Inhalation- Dust/Mist (4 hours) Rat

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

### **Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Name	Species	Value
N-PROPYL ACETATE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
GAMMA-BUTYROLACTONE	Rabbit	No significant irritation

### Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
N-PROPYL ACETATE	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
GAMMA-BUTYROLACTONE	Rabbit	Corrosive

### **Skin Sensitization**

Name	Species	Value
N-PROPYL ACETATE	similar	Not classified
	compoun	
	ds	

### **Respiratory Sensitization**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

### Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
N-PROPYL ACETATE	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not

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	sufficient for classification

### Carcinogenicity

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

### **Reproductive Toxicity**

### **Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects**

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
N-PROPYL ACETATE	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	during gestation

### Target Organ(s)

### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
N-PROPYL ACETATE	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Cat	NOAEL NA	
N-PROPYL ACETATE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL Not available	
N-PROPYL ACETATE	Inhalation	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL NA	4 hours
GAMMA- BUTYROLACTONE	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Rat	NOAEL Not available	4 hours
GAMMA- BUTYROLACTONE	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse

### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
N-PROPYL ACETATE	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.6 mg/l	90 days
N-PROPYL ACETATE	Inhalation	heart   skin   endocrine system   gastrointestinal tract   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   hematopoietic system   liver   immune system   muscles   nervous system   eyes   kidney and/or bladder   vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 6.4 mg/l	90 days

### **Aspiration Hazard**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

# Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### **Ecotoxicological information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

### **Chemical fate information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): D001 (Ignitable)

## **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### **15.1. US Federal Regulations**

Contact 3M for more information.

### EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:

### Physical Hazards

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

### Health Hazards

Hazard Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC) Serious eye damage or eye irritation Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

### **15.2. State Regulations**

Contact 3M for more information.

### **15.3.** Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Contact 3M for more information.

## 15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

### **NFPA Hazard Classification**

### Health: 3 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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