



Safety Data Sheet

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Document Group:	41-8535-1	Version Number:	2.03
Issue Date:	09/24/21	Supersedes Date:	06/24/21

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3M™ Ionomer 800EW HD

Product Identification Numbers

UU-0114-4008-6, UU-0114-4009-4
7100253720, 7100253835

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Industrial use

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER:	3M
DIVISION:	Advanced Materials Division
ADDRESS:	3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA
Telephone:	1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Hazard classification

Not classified as hazardous according to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Not applicable.

Symbols

Not applicable.

Pictograms

Not applicable.

Notes to Physician:

This product contains or can produce hydrofluoric acid (HF). HF is highly corrosive and its exposure can lead to severe local

damage, hypocalcemia, hypomagnesemia and the development of cardiac arrhythmias, which are the primary cause of death in HF exposures. To significantly reduce or prevent HF dermal absorption, immediate irrigation of the affected area with copious amounts of either water or saline followed by the application of a calcium gluconate-containing gel is recommended. Intravenous (IV) access, serum electrolyte concentrations, an electrocardiogram, and cardiac monitoring should be obtained in patients exposed to HF. Patients with inhalation injuries are treated with oxygen and nebulized calcium gluconate (4 mL of 2.5-5%). Succinylcholine is best avoided if rapid sequence intubation must be performed in the setting of HF exposure due to the possibility of hyperkalemia. If systemic toxicity is suspected (due to QTc prolongation, cardiac arrhythmia, or obvious systemic illness), calcium is administered intravenously as part of the medical management.

Supplemental Information:

The health hazards of this material are not completely known. See the SDS.

99% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute oral toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Fluorosulfonic Acid Polymer	Trade Secret*	90 - 99
Water	7732-18-5	1 - 10

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No critical symptoms or effects. See Section 11.1, information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

This product contains or can produce hydrofluoric acid (HF). HF is highly corrosive and its exposure can lead to severe local damage, hypocalcemia, hypomagnesemia and the development of cardiac arrhythmias, which are the primary cause of death in HF exposures. To significantly reduce or prevent HF dermal absorption, immediate irrigation of the affected area with copious amounts of either water or saline followed by the application of a calcium gluconate-containing gel is recommended. Intravenous (IV) access, serum electrolyte concentrations, an electrocardiogram, and cardiac monitoring should be obtained in patients exposed to HF. Patients with inhalation injuries are treated with oxygen and nebulized calcium gluconate (4 mL of 2.5-5%). Succinylcholine is best avoided if rapid sequence intubation must be performed in the setting of HF exposure due to the possibility of hyperkalemia. If systemic toxicity is suspected (due to QTc prolongation, cardiac arrhythmia, or obvious systemic illness), calcium is administered intravenously as part of the medical management.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

Material will not burn. Use a fire fighting agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Exposure to extreme heat can give rise to thermal decomposition.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

When fire fighting conditions are severe and total thermal decomposition of the product is possible, wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Observe precautions from other sections.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid eye contact. Avoid skin contact. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep away from reactive metals (eg. Aluminum, zinc etc.) to avoid the formation of hydrogen gas that could create an explosion hazard. Solids can generate static electricity charges when transferred and in mixing operations sufficient to be an ignition source. Evaluate the need for precautions, such as grounding and bonding, low energy transfer of material (e.g. low speed, short distance), or inert atmospheres.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store away from heat. Store away from strong bases.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

No occupational exposure limit values exist for any of the components listed in Section 3 of this SDS.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

For those situations where the material might be exposed to extreme overheating due to misuse or equipment failure, use with appropriate local exhaust ventilation sufficient to maintain levels of thermal decomposition products below their exposure guidelines. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Safety Glasses with side shields

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state

Solid

Color

Off-White

Specific Physical Form:

Coarse Powder

Odor

Slight Hydrogen fluoride

Odor threshold

No Data Available

pH

1 - 2 Units not avail. or not appl. [Details:5 - 20% Solution]

Melting point

No Data Available

Boiling Point

Not Applicable

Flash Point

No flash point

Evaporation rate

Not Applicable

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not Classified

Flammable Limits(LEL)

Not Applicable

Flammable Limits(UEL)

Not Applicable

Vapor Pressure

Not Applicable

Vapor Density

Not Applicable

Density

1.9 g/cm³

Specific Gravity

1.9 [Ref Std:WATER=1]

Solubility In Water

20 % [@ 25 °C]

Solubility- non-water

No Data Available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water

No Data Available

Autoignition temperature

No Data Available

Decomposition temperature

No Data Available

Viscosity

Not Applicable

Molecular weight

Not Applicable

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None known.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Alkali and alkaline earth metals

Aluminum

Finely divided active metals

Metal powder

Reactive metals

Strong bases

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
Tetrafluoroethylene	Oxidation, heat or reaction
Carbon monoxide	Oxidation, heat or reaction
Carbon dioxide	Oxidation, heat or reaction
Hydrogen Fluoride	Oxidation, heat or reaction
Oxides of Sulfur	Oxidation, heat or reaction
Toxic Vapor, Gas, Particulate	Oxidation, heat or reaction

Extreme heat arising from situations such as misuse or equipment failure can generate hydrogen fluoride as a decomposition product.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Skin Contact:

Mechanical Skin irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abrasion, redness, pain, and itching.

Eye Contact:

Mechanical eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include pain, redness, tearing and corneal abrasion.

Ingestion:

No information available.

Additional Information:

The health hazards of this material are not completely known. Conservative safe handling measures should be followed (as described in sections 7 and 8), and appropriate first aid measures (as described in section 4) should be taken if exposure occurs.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Skin Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Carcinogenicity

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Reproductive Toxicity**Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Target Organ(s)**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Aspiration Hazard

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Combustion products will include HF. Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): Not regulated

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit <http://3M.com/Transportinfo> or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:

Physical Hazards
Not applicable

Health Hazards
Not applicable

15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

15.3. Chemical Inventories

This material is not listed on the TSCA inventory and should be used for research and development purposes only under the direct supervision of a technically qualified individual.

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 3 **Flammability:** 1 **Instability:** 0 **Special Hazards:** None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

The NFPA Health code of 3 is due to emergency situations where the material may thermally decompose and release Hydrogen Fluoride. During normal use conditions, please reference Section 2 and Section 11 of the SDS for additional health hazard information.

HMIS Hazard Classification

Health: 0 **Flammability:** 1 **Physical Hazard:** 0 **Personal Protection:** X - See PPE section.

Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS® IV) hazard ratings are designed to inform employees of chemical hazards in the workplace. These ratings are based on the inherent properties of the material under expected conditions of normal use and are not intended for use in emergency situations. HMIS® IV ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® IV program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the American Coatings Association (ACA).

Document Group:	41-8535-1	Version Number:	2.03
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