

Safety Data Sheet

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SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3M[™] Scotch-Weld[™] Structural Void Filling Compound 3460 HT FST

Product Identification Numbers

LC-B100-0991-3, LC-B100-0991-4, FS-9100-5291-9, FS-9100-5292-7, FS-9100-5388-3, FS-9100-5389-1 7000080375, 7000080374

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Low Density Void Filler

1.3. Supplier's details	
MANUFACTURER:	3M
DIVISION:	Automotive and Aerospace Solutions Division 3M France
ADDRESS: Telephone:	3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Hazard classification

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 1. Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2. Respiratory Sensitizer: Category 1. Skin Sensitizer: Category 1A. Reproductive Toxicity: Category 2.

2.2. Label elements Signal word Danger

Symbols Corrosion | Health Hazard | Pictograms



Hazard Statements Causes serious eye damage. Causes skin irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response:

IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage:

Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

40% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
METHYLHEXAHYDROPHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE	25550-51-0	15 - 35 Trade Secret *
Alumina Trihydrate	21645-51-2	10 - 30
Glass Bubbles	65997-17-3	10 - 30
PHENOLIC POLYMER	28064-14-4	15 - 30 Trade Secret *
HEXAHYDROPHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE	85-42-7	1 - 10 Trade Secret *
Zinc Borate	1332-07-6	1 - 10 Trade Secret *
4-METHYLTETRAHYDROPHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE	34090-76-1	0 - 5 Trade Secret *

Epoxy Resin	25068-38-6	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
Red Phosphorus	7723-14-0	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
AMORPHOUS SILICA	67762-90-7	< 3
Boron, trichloro(N,N-dimethyl-1-octanamine)-, (T-4)-	34762-90-8	0.1 - 0.3

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No critical symptoms or effects. See Section 11.1, information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance	<u>Condition</u>
Aldehydes	During Combustion
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion
Hydrogen Chloride	During Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for

information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with detergent and water. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid skin contact with hot material. For industrial/occupational use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Store away from heat. Store away from axidizing agents. Store away from amines.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
Aluminum, insoluble compounds	21645-51-2	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):1	A4: Not class. as human
			mg/m3	carcin
1,3-Isobenzofurandione,	34090-76-1	ACGIH	TWA:0.00007	Dermal/Respiratory
tetrahydromethyl-			ppm;STEL:0.0003 ppm;TLV-	Sensitizer, SKIN;
			Surface Limit:0.7 mg/100 cm2	Resp+Dermal sensitizer
Glass Bubbles	65997-17-3	Manufacturer	TWA(as non-fibrous,	
		determined	respirable)(8 hours):3	
			mg/m3;TWA(as non-fibrous,	
			inhalable fraction)(8 hours):10	
			mg/m3	
SILICA, AMORPHOUS	67762-90-7	OSHA	TWA:20 millions of	
			particles/cu. ft.;TWA	
			concentration:0.8 mg/m3	
Red Phosphorus	7723-14-0	OSHA	TWA:0.1 mg/m3	
HEXAHYDROPHTHALIC	85-42-7	ACGIH	CEIL(inhalable fraction and	Respiratory Sensitizer
ANHYDRIDE			vapor):0.005 mg/m3	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Provide appropriate local exhaust ventilation for cutting, grinding, sanding or machining. Provide appropriate local exhaust when product is heated.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended: Full Face Shield Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron - polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Thermal hazards

Wear heat insulating gloves when handling hot material to prevent thermal burns.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Solid
Color	Brown
Specific Physical Form:	Paste
Odor	Low Odor
Odor threshold	No Data Available
рН	Not Applicable
Melting point	Not Applicable

Boiling Point	No Data Available	
Flash Point	>=150 °C [<i>Test Method</i> :Closed Cup]	
Evaporation rate	Not Applicable	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Classified	
Flammable Limits(LEL)	No Data Available	
Flammable Limits(UEL)	No Data Available	
Vapor Pressure	No Data Available	
Vapor Density	No Data Available	
Density	0.7 - 0.78 g/ml	
Specific Gravity	0.7 - 0.78 [<i>Ref Std</i> :WATER=1]	
Solubility In Water	1 - 10 % [@ 20 °C]	
Solubility- non-water	No Data Available	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	No Data Available	
Autoignition temperature	No Data Available	
Decomposition temperature	No Data Available	
Viscosity	No Data Available	
Volatile Organic Compounds	Not Applicable	
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	Not Applicable	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid Heat

10.5. Incompatible materials Amines

Strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance None known. **Condition**

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Allergic Respiratory Reaction: Signs/symptoms may include difficulty breathing, wheezing, cough, and tightness of chest.

Dust from cutting, grinding, sanding or machining may cause irritation of the respiratory system. Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Skin Contact:

Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking, blistering, and pain. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

Eye Contact:

Corrosive (Eye Burns): Signs/symptoms may include cloudy appearance of the cornea, chemical burns, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, significantly impaired vision or complete loss of vision.

Dust created by cutting, grinding, sanding, or machining may cause eye irritation. Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Inhalation-		No data available; calculated ATE >12.5 mg/l
-	Dust/Mist(4		
	hr)		
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
METHYLHEXAHYDROPHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE	Dermal		estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
METHYLHEXAHYDROPHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE	Inhalation-		estimated to be > 12.5 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
METHYLHEXAHYDROPHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE	Ingestion		estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
PHENOLIC POLYMER	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 6,000 mg/kg
PHENOLIC POLYMER	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 1.7 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
PHENOLIC POLYMER	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 4,000 mg/kg
Glass Bubbles	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Glass Bubbles	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Alumina Trihydrate	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Alumina Trihydrate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
HEXAHYDROPHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg

HEXAHYDROPHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE	Inhalation- Dust/Mist	Rat	LC50 > 1.1 mg/l
	(4 hours)		
HEXAHYDROPHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 2,700 mg/kg
4-METHYLTETRAHYDROPHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE	Dermal		estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
4-METHYLTETRAHYDROPHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE	Inhalation- Dust/Mist		estimated to be > 12.5 mg/l
4-METHYLTETRAHYDROPHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE	Ingestion		estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Zinc Borate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Zinc Borate	Inhalation- Dust/Mist	Rat	LC50 > 4.95 mg/l
Zinc Borate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Epoxy Resin	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 1,600 mg/kg
Epoxy Resin	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 1,000 mg/kg
Red Phosphorus	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Red Phosphorus	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 1.1 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
Red Phosphorus	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 15,000 mg/kg
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 0.691 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,110 mg/kg
Boron, trichloro(N,N-dimethyl-1-octanamine)-, (T-4)-	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,870 mg/kg
Boron, trichloro(N,N-dimethyl-1-octanamine)-, (T-4)-	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
PHENOLIC POLYMER	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Glass Bubbles	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
Alumina Trihydrate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
HEXAHYDROPHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Zinc Borate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Epoxy Resin	Rabbit	Mild irritant
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Boron, trichloro(N,N-dimethyl-1-octanamine)-, (T-4)-	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
PHENOLIC POLYMER	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Glass Bubbles	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
Alumina Trihydrate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
HEXAHYDROPHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE	Rabbit	Corrosive
Zinc Borate	Rabbit	Severe irritant
Epoxy Resin	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Boron, trichloro(N,N-dimethyl-1-octanamine)-, (T-4)-	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
PHENOLIC POLYMER	Human	Sensitizing
	and	-
	animal	

Alumina Trihydrate	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
HEXAHYDROPHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE	Guinea	Sensitizing
	pig	
Zinc Borate	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Epoxy Resin	Human	Sensitizing
	and	
	animal	
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Human	Not classified
	and	
	animal	
Boron, trichloro(N,N-dimethyl-1-octanamine)-, (T-4)-	Mouse	Sensitizing

Respiratory Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
HEXAHYDROPHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE	Human	Sensitizing
Epoxy Resin	Human	Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value		
PHENOLIC POLYMER	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		
Glass Bubbles	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		
HEXAHYDROPHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic		
Zinc Borate	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		
Epoxy Resin	In vivo	Not mutagenic		
Epoxy Resin	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		
AMORPHOUS SILICA	In Vitro	Not mutagenic		
Boron, trichloro(N,N-dimethyl-1-octanamine)-, (T-4)-	In Vitro	Not mutagenic		

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Glass Bubbles	Inhalation	Multiple	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		animal	sufficient for classification
		species	
Alumina Trihydrate	Not	Multiple	Not carcinogenic
	Specified	animal	
		species	
Epoxy Resin	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
			sufficient for classification
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Not	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
	Specified		sufficient for classification

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Alumina Trihydrate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 768 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
Zinc Borate	Ingestion	Toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	92 days
Zinc Borate	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	LOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Epoxy Resin	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Epoxy Resin	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750	2 generation

				mg/kg/day	
Epoxy Resin	Dermal	Not classified for development	Rabbit	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
Epoxy Resin	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 509 mg/kg/day	1 generation
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 497 mg/kg/day	1 generation
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,350 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
Boron, trichloro(N,N-dimethyl-1- octanamine)-, (T-4)-	Ingestion	Toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
Boron, trichloro(N,N-dimethyl-1- octanamine)-, (T-4)-	Ingestion	Toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	43 days
Boron, trichloro(N,N-dimethyl-1- octanamine)-, (T-4)-	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
HEXAHYDROPHTHALI C ANHYDRIDE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Zinc Borate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Glass Bubbles	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL not available	occupational exposure
Zinc Borate	Inhalation	immune system respiratory system heart endocrine system hematopoietic system liver nervous system kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.15 mg/l	2 weeks
Zinc Borate	Ingestion	endocrine system liver kidney and/or bladder heart skin bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system immune system nervous system nervous system eyes respiratory system vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 375 mg/kg/day	92 days
Epoxy Resin	Dermal	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
Epoxy Resin	Dermal	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Epoxy Resin	Ingestion	auditory system heart endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days

		hematopoietic system liver eyes kidney and/or bladder				
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Inhalation	respiratory system silicosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Boron, trichloro(N,N- dimethyl-1-octanamine)-, (T-4)-	Ingestion	endocrine system liver heart skin gastrointestinal tract bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system immune system muscles nervous system eyes kidney and/or bladder respiratory system vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	43 days

Aspiration Hazard

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of completely cured (or polymerized) material in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Combustion products will include halogen acid (HCl/HF/HBr). Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:

1 CKA 511/512 Hazard Classifications.
hysical Hazards
fot applicable
lealth Hazards
eproductive toxicity
espiratory or Skin Sensitization
erious eye damage or eye irritation

Skin Corrosion or Irritation

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

Ingredient	C.A.S. No	<u>% by Wt</u>
Red Phosphorus	7723-14-0	Trade Secret 1 - 5

15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 3 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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