

Safety Data Sheet

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SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3M BRAND PRIMER V-700

Product Identification Numbers

70-0704-3012-2, 70-0704-3013-0, 70-0704-3024-7, 70-0704-3025-4, 70-0704-3029-6, JT-2400-0067-2, JT-2800-3590-1

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use Primer

| 1.3. Supplier's details | |
|-------------------------|---|
| MANUFACTURER: | 3M |
| DIVISION: | 3M Japan |
| | Automotive and Aerospace Solutions Division |
| ADDRESS: | 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA |
| Telephone: | 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577) |

1.4. Emergency telephone number 1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Hazard classification

Flammable Liquid: Category 2.
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A.
Respiratory Sensitizer: Category 1.
Skin Sensitizer: Category 1.
Aspiration Hazard: Category 1.
Carcinogenicity: Category 2.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 1.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1.

2.2. Label elements Signal word

Danger

Symbols

Flame | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

Pictograms



Hazard Statements Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer.

Causes damage to organs: sensory organs |

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: nervous system

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: sensory organs |

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response:

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

Storage: Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

Supplemental Information:

Persons previously sensitized to isocyanates may develop a cross-sensitization reaction to other isocyanates.

2% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute oral toxicity.2% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient | C.A.S. No. | % by Wt |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 30 - 60 Trade Secret * |
| XYLENE | 1330-20-7 | 30 - 60 Trade Secret * |
| ACETONE | 67-64-1 | 5 - 10 Trade Secret * |
| ACRYLIC TERPOLYMER | Trade Secret* | 1 - 5 |
| P,P'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate) | 101-68-8 | < 1 Trade Secret * |
| POLYMETHYLENE POLYPHENYLENE | 9016-87-9 | < 1 Trade Secret * |
| ISOCYANATE | | |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | 109-99-9 | < 1 Trade Secret * |

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

| <u>Substance</u> | <u>Condition</u> |
|--------------------|-------------------------|
| Isocyanates | During Combustion |
| Carbon monoxide | During Combustion |
| Carbon dioxide | During Combustion |
| Hydrogen Cyanide | During Combustion |
| Oxides of Nitrogen | During Combustion |

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. An appropriate aqueous film forming foam (AFFF) is recommended. Pour isocyanate decontaminant solution (90% water, 8% concentrated ammonia, 2% detergent) on spill and allow to react for 10 minutes. Or pour water on spill and allow to react for more than 30 minutes. Cover with absorbent material. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow

safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial or professional use only. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapor accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

| Ingredient | C.A.S. No. | Agency | Limit type | Additional Comments |
|--------------------------------------|------------|--------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | ACGIH | TWA:20 ppm | A3: Confirmed animal carcin. |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | OSHA | TWA:435 mg/m3(100 ppm) | |
| P,P'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate) | 101-68-8 | ACGIH | TWA:0.005 ppm | |
| P,P'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate) | 101-68-8 | OSHA | CEIL:0.2 mg/m3(0.02 ppm) | |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | 109-99-9 | ACGIH | TWA:50 ppm;STEL:100 ppm | A3: Confirmed animal carcin., SKIN |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | 109-99-9 | OSHA | TWA:590 mg/m3(200 ppm) | |
| XYLENE | 1330-20-7 | ACGIH | TWA:100 ppm;STEL:150 ppm | A4: Not class. as human carcin |
| XYLENE | 1330-20-7 | OSHA | TWA:435 mg/m3(100 ppm) | |
| ACETONE | 67-64-1 | ACGIH | TWA:250 ppm;STEL:500 ppm | A4: Not class. as human carcin |
| ACETONE | 67-64-1 | OSHA | TWA:2400 mg/m3(1000 ppm) | |

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Provide ventilated enclosure for heat curing. Curing enclosures must be exhausted to outdoors or to a suitable emission control device. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended: Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron - polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| General Physical Form: | Liquid | |
|---------------------------|---|--|
| Specific Physical Form: | Liquid | |
| Odor, Color, Grade: | Solvent odor, tan to yellow. | |
| Odor threshold | No Data Available | |
| рН | Not Applicable | |
| Melting point | No Data Available | |
| Boiling Point | 140 °C | |
| Flash Point | 17.5 °C [<i>Test Method:</i> Tagliabue Closed Cup] | |
| Evaporation rate | No Data Available | |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not Applicable | |
| Flammable Limits(LEL) | No Data Available | |
| Flammable Limits(UEL) | No Data Available | |
| Vapor Pressure | No Data Available | |
| Vapor Density | No Data Available | |
| Density | 0.90 g/cm3 | |
| Specific Gravity | 0.900 [<i>Ref Std</i> :WATER=1] | |
| Solubility in Water | Nil | |

| Solubility- non-water |
|---|
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water |
| Autoignition temperature |
| Decomposition temperature |
| Viscosity |
| Volatile Organic Compounds |
| Percent volatile |
| VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents |
| VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents |

No Data Available No Data Available No Data Available 10 centipoise No Data Available 96.00 % No Data Available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat Sparks and/or flames Temperatures above the boiling point

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

May be harmful if inhaled.

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Condition

Allergic Respiratory Reaction: Signs/symptoms may include difficulty breathing, wheezing, cough, and tightness of chest.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

Eye Contact:

Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Ingestion:

May be harmful if swallowed.

Chemical (Aspiration) Pneumonitis: Signs/symptoms may include coughing, gasping, choking, burning of the mouth, difficulty breathing, bluish colored skin (cyanosis), and may be fatal.

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Auditory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include hearing impairment, balance dysfunction and ringing in the ears.

Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Auditory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include hearing impairment, balance dysfunction and ringing in the ears.

Neurological Effects: Signs/symptoms may include personality changes, lack of coordination, sensory loss, tingling or numbness of the extremities, weakness, tremors, and/or changes in blood pressure and heart rate.

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

| Ingredient | CAS No. | Class Description | Regulation |
|-----------------|----------|-------------------------------|---|
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | Grp. 2B: Possible human carc. | International Agency for Research on Cancer |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | 109-99-9 | Grp. 2B: Possible human carc. | International Agency for Research on Cancer |

Additional Information:

Persons previously sensitized to isocyanates may develop a cross-sensitization reaction to other isocyanates.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|-----------------|----------------------------|---------|--|
| Overall product | Dermal | | No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg |
| Overall product | Inhalation- Vapor(4 hr) | | No data available; calculated ATE20 - 50 mg/l |
| Overall product | Ingestion | | No data available; calculated ATE2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg |

| Ethylbenzene | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 15,433 mg/kg |
|--|-------------|--------|---------------------|
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation- | Rat | LC50 17.4 mg/l |
| | Vapor (4 | | |
| | hours) | | |
| Ethylbenzene | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 4,769 mg/kg |
| XYLENE | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 4,200 mg/kg |
| XYLENE | Inhalation- | Rat | LC50 29 mg/l |
| | Vapor (4 | | |
| | hours) | | |
| XYLENE | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 3,523 mg/kg |
| ACETONE | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 15,688 mg/kg |
| ACETONE | Inhalation- | Rat | LC50 76 mg/l |
| | Vapor (4 | | |
| | hours) | | |
| ACETONE | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 5,800 mg/kg |
| P,P'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate) | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| POLYMETHYLENE POLYPHENYLENE ISOCYANATE | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| P,P'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate) | Inhalation- | Rat | LC50 0.368 mg/l |
| | Dust/Mist | | |
| | (4 hours) | | |
| P,P'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate) | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 31,600 mg/kg |
| POLYMETHYLENE POLYPHENYLENE ISOCYANATE | Inhalation- | Rat | LC50 0.368 mg/l |
| | Dust/Mist | | |
| | (4 hours) | | |
| POLYMETHYLENE POLYPHENYLENE ISOCYANATE | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 31,600 mg/kg |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | Dermal | Rat | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | Inhalation- | Rat | LC50 54 mg/l |
| | Vapor (4 | | |
| | hours) | | |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 3,180 mg/kg |

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|--|------------|--------------------|
| | | |
| Ethylbenzene | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| XYLENE | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| ACETONE | Mouse | Minimal irritation |
| P,P'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate) | official | Irritant |
| | classifica | |
| | tion | |
| POLYMETHYLENE POLYPHENYLENE ISOCYANATE | official | Irritant |
| | classifica | |
| | tion | |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | Rabbit | Minimal irritation |

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|--|------------|-------------------|
| | | |
| Ethylbenzene | Rabbit | Moderate irritant |
| XYLENE | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| ACETONE | Rabbit | Severe irritant |
| P,P'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate) | official | Severe irritant |
| | classifica | |
| | tion | |
| POLYMETHYLENE POLYPHENYLENE ISOCYANATE | official | Severe irritant |
| | classifica | |
| | tion | |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | Rabbit | Corrosive |

Skin Sensitization

| Name | Species | Value |
|--------------------------------------|----------|----------------|
| Ethylbenzene | Human | Not classified |
| P,P'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate) | official | Sensitizing |

| | classifica tion | |
|--|--------------------------------|----------------|
| POLYMETHYLENE POLYPHENYLENE ISOCYANATE | official classifica tion | Sensitizing |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | Human and animal | Not classified |

Respiratory Sensitization

| Name | Species | Value |
|--|---------|-------------|
| P,P'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate) | Human | Sensitizing |
| POLYMETHYLENE POLYPHENYLENE ISOCYANATE | Human | Sensitizing |

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

| Name | Route | Value |
|--|----------|--|
| | | |
| Ethylbenzene | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Ethylbenzene | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| XYLENE | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| XYLENE | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| ACETONE | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| ACETONE | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| P,P'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate) | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| POLYMETHYLENE POLYPHENYLENE ISOCYANATE | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | In vivo | Not mutagenic |

Carcinogenicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|--|------------|----------|--|
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | Multiple | Carcinogenic |
| | | animal | |
| | | species | |
| XYLENE | Dermal | Rat | Not carcinogenic |
| XYLENE | Ingestion | Multiple | Not carcinogenic |
| | | animal | |
| | | species | |
| XYLENE | Inhalation | Human | Some positive data exist, but the data are not |
| | | | sufficient for classification |
| ACETONE | Not | Multiple | Not carcinogenic |
| | Specified | animal | |
| | | species | |
| P,P'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate) | Inhalation | Rat | Some positive data exist, but the data are not |
| | | | sufficient for classification |
| POLYMETHYLENE POLYPHENYLENE ISOCYANATE | Inhalation | Rat | Some positive data exist, but the data are not |
| | | | sufficient for classification |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | Inhalation | Multiple | Carcinogenic |
| | | animal | |
| | | species | |

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

| Name | Route | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure Duration |
|--------------|------------|--|---------|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 4.3 mg/l | premating & during gestation |
| XYLENE | Inhalation | Not classified for female reproduction | Human | NOAEL Not | occupational |

| | | | | available | exposure |
|---|------------|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| XYLENE | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Mouse | NOAEL Not available | during organogenesi s |
| XYLENE | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Multiple animal species | NOAEL Not available | during gestation |
| ACETONE | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 1,700 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| ACETONE | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 5.2 mg/l | during organogenesi s |
| P,P'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate) | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 0.004 mg/l | during organogenesi s |
| POLYMETHYLENE POLYPHENYLENE ISOCYANATE | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 0.004 mg/l | during organogenesi s |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | Ingestion | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 782 mg/kg/day | 2 generation |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 782 mg/kg/day | 2 generation |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 305 mg/kg/day | 2 generation |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Mouse | NOAEL 1.8 mg/l | during gestation |

Lactation

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|--------|-----------|---------|--|
| XYLENE | Ingestion | Mouse | Not classified for effects on or via lactation |

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure Duration |
|--------------|------------|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human and animal | NOAEL Not available | |
| Ethylbenzene | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Professio nal judgeme nt | NOAEL Not available | |
| XYLENE | Inhalation | auditory system | Causes damage to organs | Rat | LOAEL 6.3 mg/l | 8 hours |
| XYLENE | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| XYLENE | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| XYLENE | Inhalation | eyes | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 3.5 mg/l | not available |
| XYLENE | Inhalation | liver | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL Not available | |
| XYLENE | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Multiple animal species | NOAEL Not available | |
| XYLENE | Ingestion | eyes | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 250 mg/kg | not applicable |
| ACETONE | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | NOAEL Not available | |

| ACETONE | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
|--|------------|--------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| ACETONE | Inhalation | immune system | Not classified | Human | NOAEL 1.19 mg/l | 6 hours |
| ACETONE | Inhalation | liver | Not classified | Guinea pig | NOAEL Not available | |
| ACETONE | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | NOAEL Not available | poisoning and/or abuse |
| P,P'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate) | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | May cause respiratory irritation | official classifica tion | NOAEL Not available | |
| POLYMETHYLENE POLYPHENYLENE ISOCYANATE | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | May cause respiratory irritation | official classifica tion | NOAEL Not available | |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | May cause respiratory irritation | | NOAEL Not available | |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | Inhalation | respiratory system | Not classified | Rabbit | NOAEL 2.9 mg/l | 4 hours |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Rat | NOAEL 180 mg/kg | not applicable |

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure Duration |
|--------------|------------|--|--|-------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 1.1 mg/l | 2 years |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | liver | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Mouse | NOAEL 1.1 mg/l | 103 weeks |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | hematopoietic system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 3.4 mg/l | 28 days |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | auditory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 2.4 mg/l | 5 days |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | endocrine system | Not classified | Mouse | NOAEL 3.3 mg/l | 103 weeks |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | gastrointestinal tract | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 3.3 mg/l | 2 years |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair muscles | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 4.2 mg/l | 90 days |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | heart immune system respiratory system | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 3.3 mg/l | 2 years |
| Ethylbenzene | Ingestion | liver kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 680 mg/kg/day | 6 months |
| XYLENE | Inhalation | nervous system | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure | Rat | LOAEL 0.4 mg/l | 4 weeks |
| XYLENE | Inhalation | auditory system | May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure | Rat | LOAEL 7.8 mg/l | 5 days |
| XYLENE | Inhalation | liver | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL Not available | |
| XYLENE | Inhalation | heart endocrine system gastrointestinal tract hematopoietic system muscles kidney and/or bladder respiratory system | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 3.5 mg/l | 13 weeks |
| XYLENE | Ingestion | auditory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day | 2 weeks |

| XYLENE | Ingestion | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 1,500 | 90 days |
|--|------------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| XYLENE | Ingestion | liver | Not classified | Multiple animal species | mg/kg/day NOAEL Not available | |
| XYLENE | Ingestion | heart skin endocrine system bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system immune system nervous system respiratory system | Not classified | Mouse | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | 103 weeks |
| ACETONE | Dermal | eyes | Not classified | Guinea pig | NOAEL Not available | 3 weeks |
| ACETONE | Inhalation | hematopoietic system | Not classified | Human | NOAEL 3 mg/l | 6 weeks |
| ACETONE | Inhalation | immune system | Not classified | Human | NOAEL 1.19 mg/l | 6 days |
| ACETONE | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Guinea pig | NOAEL 119 mg/l | not available |
| ACETONE | Inhalation | heart liver | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 45 mg/l | 8 weeks |
| ACETONE | Ingestion | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| ACETONE | Ingestion | heart | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| ACETONE | Ingestion | hematopoietic system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| ACETONE | Ingestion | liver | Not classified | Mouse | NOAEL 3,896 mg/kg/day | 14 days |
| ACETONE | Ingestion | eyes | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 3,400 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| ACETONE | Ingestion | respiratory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| ACETONE | Ingestion | muscles | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg | 13 weeks |
| ACETONE | Ingestion | skin bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair | Not classified | Mouse | NOAEL 11,298 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| P,P'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate) | Inhalation | respiratory system | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure | Rat | LOAEL 0.004 mg/l | 13 weeks |
| POLYMETHYLENE POLYPHENYLENE ISOCYANATE | Inhalation | respiratory system | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure | Rat | LOAEL 0.004 mg/l | 13 weeks |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | Inhalation | liver | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 0.6 mg/l | 12 weeks |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | Inhalation | respiratory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 2.9 mg/l | 12 weeks |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 0.6 mg/l | 105 weeks |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | Ingestion | liver | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL Not available | 2 weeks |

Aspiration Hazard

| Name | Value |
|--------------|-------------------|
| Ethylbenzene | Aspiration hazard |
| XYLENE | Aspiration hazard |

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): D001 (Ignitable)

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:

Physical Hazards

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Health Hazards

Aspiration Hazard

Carcinogenicity

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

Ingredient

C.A.S. No % by Wt

| XYLENE XYLENE (Benzene, dimethyl-) | 1330-20-7 1330-20-7 | Trade Secret 30 - 60 | 30 - | 60 |
|---|------------------------|-------------------------|------|----|
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | Trade Secret | 30 - | 60 |
| P,P'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate) (Benzene, 1,1'- methylenebis[4-isocyanato-) | 101-68-8 | < 1 | | |
| P,P'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate) (DIISOCYANATES (CERTAIN CHEMICALS ONLY)) | 101-68-8 | < 1 | | |
| POLYMETHYLENE POLYPHENYLENE ISOCYANATE (DIISOCYANATES (CERTAIN CHEMICALS ONLY)) | 9016-87-9 | < 1 | | |

15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Australia National Industrial Chemical Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS). Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information.

The components of this product are in compliance with the new substance notification requirements of CEPA.

The components of this material are in compliance with the China "Measures on Environmental Management of New Chemical Substance". Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information.

The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Japan Industrial Safety and Health Law. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information.

The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Japan Chemical Substance Control Law. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information.

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Instability: 1 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

| Document Group: | 11-7760-9 | Version Number: | 23.00 |
|-----------------|-----------|------------------|----------|
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