



## Safety Data Sheet

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### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M™ Scotchcast™ Electrical Resin 255 Part A

#### Product Identification Numbers

LH-A100-0612-6, 80-7002-5504-7  
7010351943

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

##### Recommended use

Electrical, Part A of two part resin

#### 1.3. Supplier's details

<b>MANUFACTURER:</b>	3M
<b>DIVISION:</b>	Electrical Markets Division
<b>ADDRESS:</b>	3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA
<b>Telephone:</b>	1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

### SECTION 2: Hazard identification

#### 2.1. Hazard classification

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2B.

Skin Sensitizer: Category 1.

Carcinogenicity: Category 2.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1.

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### Signal word

Danger

##### Symbols

Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

##### Pictograms

**Hazard Statements**

Causes eye irritation.  
May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
Suspected of causing cancer.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure:  
skin |

**Precautionary Statements****Prevention:**

Obtain special instructions before use.  
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.  
Wear protective gloves.  
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
Wash thoroughly after handling.  
Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

**Response:**

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.  
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.  
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.  
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

**Storage:**

Store locked up.

**Disposal:**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Epoxy Resin	25068-38-6	45 - 50 Trade Secret *
Talc	14807-96-6	25 - 30 Trade Secret *
Antimony Trioxide	1309-64-4	10 - 15 Trade Secret *
Epchlorohydrin-Glycol Reaction Product	41638-13-5	5 - 15 Trade Secret *
Chlorite (Mineral)	1318-59-8	<= 1 Trade Secret *
Dolomite	16389-88-1	<= 1 Trade Secret *
Magnesium Carbonate	546-93-0	<= 1 Trade Secret *
Arsenic	7440-38-2	< 0.1 Trade Secret *
Lead	7439-92-1	< 0.1 Trade Secret *

\*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**Inhalation:**

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

**Skin Contact:**

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

**Eye Contact:**

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

**If Swallowed:**

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No critical symptoms or effects. See Section 11.1, information on toxicological effects.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

### Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

**Substance**

Carbon monoxide  
Carbon dioxide  
Hydrogen Chloride  
Oxides of Antimony

**Condition**

During Combustion  
During Combustion  
During Combustion  
During Combustion

### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial/occupational use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed to prevent contamination with water or air. If contamination is suspected, do not reseal container. Store away from heat.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
Antimony Trioxide	1309-64-4	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):0.02 mg/m3	A2: Suspected human carcin.
Talc	14807-96-6	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):2 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin
Talc	14807-96-6	OSHA	TWA concentration(respirable):0.1 mg/m3(2.4 millions of particles/cu. ft.);TWA:20 millions of particles/cu. ft.	
Magnesium Carbonate	546-93-0	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3;TWA(respirable fraction):5 mg/m3	
Lead	7439-92-1	ACGIH	TWA(as Pb):0.05 mg/m3	A3: Confirmed animal carcin.
Lead	7439-92-1	OSHA	TWA:0.05 mg/m3	29 CFR 1910.1025
Arsenic	7440-38-2	ACGIH	TWA(as As):0.01 mg/m3	A1: Confirmed human carcin.
Arsenic	7440-38-2	OSHA	TWA:0.01 mg/m3	29 CFR 1910.1018

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

## 8.2. Exposure controls

### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Indirect Vented Goggles

#### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron - polymer laminate

#### Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

##### Physical state

Liquid

##### Color

Milky White

#### Specific Physical Form:

Resin

#### Odor

Pungent Odor

#### Odor threshold

No Data Available

#### pH

Not Applicable

#### Melting point

No Data Available

#### Boiling Point

>= 437 °F

#### Flash Point

>= 320 °F [Test Method:Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]

#### Evaporation rate

No Data Available

#### Flammability (solid, gas)

Not Applicable

#### Flammable Limits(LEL)

No Data Available

#### Flammable Limits(UEL)

No Data Available

#### Vapor Pressure

Negligible

#### Vapor Density

No Data Available

Density	1.53 g/ml
Specific Gravity	1.53 [Ref Std: WATER=1]
Solubility in Water	Negligible
Solubility- non-water	No Data Available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	No Data Available
Autoignition temperature	No Data Available
Decomposition temperature	No Data Available
Viscosity	12,000 centipoise - 22,000 centipoise
Average particle size	No Data Available
Bulk density	No Data Available
Hazardous Air Pollutants	No Data Available
Molecular weight	No Data Available
Volatile Organic Compounds	No Data Available
Percent volatile	Nil
Softening point	No Data Available
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	No Data Available

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Unstable.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization may occur.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Water

No Data Available

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
Aldehydes	Oxidative Degradation

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

### 11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

#### Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

**Inhalation:**

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

**Skin Contact:**

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

**Eye Contact:**

Moderate Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

**Ingestion:**

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

**Additional Health Effects:****Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:**

Dermal Effects: Signs/symptoms may include redness, itching, acne, or bumps on the skin.

**Carcinogenicity:**

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

<b><u>Ingredient</u></b>	<b><u>CAS No.</u></b>	<b><u>Class Description</u></b>	<b><u>Regulation</u></b>
Antimony trioxide	1309-64-4	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer
Arsenic and inorganic arsenic compounds	7440-38-2	Grp. 1: Carcinogenic to humans	International Agency for Research on Cancer
Arsenic and inorganic arsenic compounds	7440-38-2	Known human carcinogen	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens
ARSENIC, INORGANIC	7440-38-2	Cancer hazard	OSHA Carcinogens
Lead	7439-92-1	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer
LEAD	7439-92-1	Anticipated human carcinogen	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens

**Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Acute Toxicity**

<b><u>Name</u></b>	<b><u>Route</u></b>	<b><u>Species</u></b>	<b><u>Value</u></b>
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Epoxy Resin	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 1,600 mg/kg
Epoxy Resin	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 1,000 mg/kg
Talc	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Talc	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Antimony Trioxide	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 6,685 mg/kg
Antimony Trioxide	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 2.76 mg/l
Antimony Trioxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 34,600 mg/kg
Epchlorohydrin-Glycol Reaction Product	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Epchlorohydrin-Glycol Reaction Product	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Chlorite (Mineral)	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Chlorite (Mineral)	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Dolomite	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg

Magnesium Carbonate	Dermal	Professional judgement	LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Dolomite	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Magnesium Carbonate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Lead	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

#### Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Epoxy Resin	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Talc	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Antimony Trioxide	Human and animal	Minimal irritation
Epchlorohydrin-Glycol Reaction Product	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Chlorite (Mineral)	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Dolomite	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Magnesium Carbonate	In vitro data	No significant irritation
Lead	similar compounds	No significant irritation

#### Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Epoxy Resin	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Talc	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Antimony Trioxide	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Epchlorohydrin-Glycol Reaction Product	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Chlorite (Mineral)	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Dolomite	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Magnesium Carbonate	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Lead	similar compounds	Mild irritant

#### Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Epoxy Resin	Human and animal	Sensitizing
Antimony Trioxide	Human	Not classified
Epchlorohydrin-Glycol Reaction Product	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

#### Respiratory Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
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Epoxy Resin	Human	Not classified
Talc	Human	Not classified

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

Name	Route	Value
Epoxy Resin	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Epoxy Resin	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Talc	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Talc	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Antimony Trioxide	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Antimony Trioxide	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Epchlorohydrin-Glycol Reaction Product	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Lead	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

**Carcinogenicity**

Name	Route	Species	Value
Epoxy Resin	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Talc	Inhalation	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Antimony Trioxide	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Carcinogenic
Lead	Not Specified	official classification	Carcinogenic

**Reproductive Toxicity****Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects**

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Epoxy Resin	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Epoxy Resin	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Epoxy Resin	Dermal	Not classified for development	Rabbit	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
Epoxy Resin	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Talc	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg	during organogenesis
Antimony Trioxide	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	LOAEL 0.25 mg/l	premating & during gestation
Lead	Not Specified	Toxic to female reproduction	Human	LOAEL 10 ug/dl blood	
Lead	Not Specified	Toxic to male reproduction	Human	LOAEL 37 ug/dl blood	
Lead	Not Specified	Toxic to development	Human	NOAEL Not available	

**Target Organ(s)****Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure**

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure
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						Duration
Antimony Trioxide	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Epchlorohydrin-Glycol Reaction Product	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Rat	NOAEL not available	
Lead	Ingestion	nervous system	May cause damage to organs	Human	LOAEL 90 ug/dl blood	poisoning and/or abuse
Lead	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse

### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Epoxy Resin	Dermal	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
Epoxy Resin	Dermal	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Epoxy Resin	Ingestion	auditory system   heart   endocrine system   hematopoietic system   liver   eyes   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
Talc	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Talc	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis   respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 18 mg/m3	113 weeks
Antimony Trioxide	Dermal	skin	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Antimony Trioxide	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	NOAEL 0.002 mg/l	1 years
Antimony Trioxide	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.043 mg/l	1 years
Antimony Trioxide	Inhalation	blood	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.004 mg/l	not available
Antimony Trioxide	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Not classified	Human	LOAEL 0.01 mg/l	occupational exposure
Antimony Trioxide	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.02 mg/l	1 years
Antimony Trioxide	Ingestion	blood   liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 418 mg/kg/day	not available
Antimony Trioxide	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	not available
Lead	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	LOAEL 60 ug/dl blood	occupational exposure
Lead	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	LOAEL 50 ug/dl blood	occupational exposure
Lead	Inhalation	nervous system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	LOAEL 40 ug/dl blood	occupational exposure
Lead	Inhalation	gastrointestinal tract	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Lead	Inhalation	heart   endocrine system   immune system   vascular system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Lead	Ingestion	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 20 ug/dl blood	3 months

Lead	Ingestion	eyes	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 0.5 mg/kg/day	20 days
Lead	Ingestion	hematopoietic system   kidney and/or bladder	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	LOAEL 40 ug/dl blood	environmental exposure
Lead	Ingestion	nervous system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	LOAEL 11 ug/dl blood	environmental exposure
Lead	Ingestion	auditory system   heart   endocrine system   vascular system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	environmental exposure

**Aspiration Hazard**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information****Ecotoxicological information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

**Chemical fate information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations****13.1. Disposal methods**

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): D004 (Arsenic), D008 (Lead)

**SECTION 14: Transport Information**

For Transport Information, please visit <http://3M.com/Transportinfo> or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information****15.1. US Federal Regulations**

Contact 3M for more information.

**EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:****Physical Hazards**

Not applicable

**Health Hazards**

Carcinogenicity

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

**Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):****Ingredient**

Antimony Trioxide (ANTIMONY COMPOUNDS)

**C.A.S. No**

1309-64-4

**% by Wt**

Trade Secret 10 - 15

**This material contains a chemical which requires export notification under TSCA Section 12[b]:****15.2. State Regulations**

Contact 3M for more information.

**15.3. Chemical Inventories**

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Contact 3M for more information.

**15.4. International Regulations**

Contact 3M for more information.

**This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.****SECTION 16: Other information****NFPA Hazard Classification****Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None**

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

**HMIS Hazard Classification****Health: \*3 Flammability: 1 Physical Hazard: 0 Personal Protection: X - See PPE section.**

Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS® IV) hazard ratings are designed to inform employees of chemical hazards in the workplace. These ratings are based on the inherent properties of the material under expected conditions of normal use and are not intended for use in emergency situations. HMIS® IV ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® IV program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the American Coatings Association (ACA).

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