

Safety Data Sheet

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|-----------------|-----------|------------------|----------|
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SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3M[™] Dynamar[™] Rubber Curative RC 5115

Product Identification Numbers 98-0213-1589-4 7100148140

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use Curative

1.3. Supplier's details MANUFACTURER:

DIVISION: ADDRESS: Telephone: 3M Advanced Materials Division 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number 1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Hazard classification

Flammable Liquid: Category 2. Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 1. Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1B. Carcinogenicity: Category 2. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 1. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3.

2.2. Label elements Signal word Danger

Symbols

Flame | Corrosion | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

Pictograms



Hazard Statements Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes serious eye damage. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer.

Causes damage to organs: sensory organs

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response:

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Specific treatment (see Notes to Physician on this label).

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

Notes to Physician:

This product contains methanol. If there is a reasonable suspicion of methanol poisoning, intravenous (IV) administration with either fomepizole (preferred) or ethanol (if fomepizole is unavailable) should be considered as part of the medical management.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient | C.A.S. No. | % by Wt |
|------------------------|------------|------------------------|
| Bisphenol AF | 1478-61-1 | 45 - 55 Trade Secret * |
| Ethyl Alcohol | 64-17-5 | 40 - 50 Trade Secret * |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | 67-63-0 | 2 - 5 |
| Methyl Alcohol | 67-56-1 | 1 - 3 Trade Secret * |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | 108-10-1 | 0.1 - 1 Trade Secret * |

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

This product contains methanol. If there is a reasonable suspicion of methanol poisoning, intravenous (IV) administration with either fomepizole (preferred) or ethanol (if fomepizole is unavailable) should be considered as part of the medical management.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and

prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam designed for use on solvents, such as alcohols and acetone, that can dissolve in water. An AR - AFFF type foam is recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with detergent and water. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not breathe thermal decomposition products. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapor accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from acids. Store away from strong bases. Store away from oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

| Ingredient | C.A.S. No. | Agency | Limit type | Additional Comments |
|------------------------|------------|--------|------------------------|----------------------|
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | 108-10-1 | ACGIH | TWA:20 ppm;STEL:75 ppm | A3: Confirmed animal |
| | | | | carcin. |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | 108-10-1 | OSHA | TWA:410 mg/m3(100 ppm) | |

| Ethyl Alcohol | 64-17-5 | ACGIH | STEL:1000 ppm | A3: Confirmed animal |
|-------------------|---------|-------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | | | carcin. |
| Ethyl Alcohol | 64-17-5 | OSHA | TWA:1900 mg/m3(1000 ppm) | |
| Methyl Alcohol | 67-56-1 | ACGIH | TWA:200 ppm;STEL:250 ppm | SKIN |
| Methyl Alcohol | 67-56-1 | OSHA | TWA:260 mg/m3(200 ppm) | |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | 67-63-0 | ACGIH | TWA:200 ppm;STEL:400 ppm | A4: Not class. as human |
| | | | | carcin |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | 67-63-0 | OSHA | TWA:980 mg/m3(400 ppm) | |

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended: Full Face Shield

Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors

Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator

Organic vapor respirators may have short service life.

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Physical Form: Odor, Color, Grade: Liquid Yellow/Orange Transparent Liquid with Alcohol Odor

| Odor threshold pH Melting point Boiling Point Flash Point Evaporation rate | No Data Available Not Applicable Not Applicable 173 °F 55 °F [Test Method:Closed Cup] No Data Available |
|---|--|
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not Applicable |
| Flammable Limits(LEL) | 3.3% |
| Flammable Limits(UEL) | 19.0 % |
| Vapor Pressure | <=43 mmHg [@ 68 °F] |
| Vapor Density | 1.6 [<i>Ref Std</i> :AIR=1] |
| Density | 1.1 g/ml |
| Specific Gravity | 1.1 [<i>Ref Std</i> :WATER=1] |
| Solubility In Water | 50 % |
| Solubility- non-water | No Data Available |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water | No Data Available |
| Autoignition temperature | No Data Available |
| Decomposition temperature | No Data Available |
| Viscosity | 100 centipoise |
| Molecular weight | No Data Available |
| Volatile Organic Compounds | 650 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] |
| Percent volatile | 50 % |
| VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents | 650 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Sparks and/or flames

10.5. Incompatible materials Strong bases

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>

Formaldehyde Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide Hydrogen Fluoride Toxic Vapor, Gas, Particulate

Condition

At Elevated Temperatures At Elevated Temperatures At Elevated Temperatures At Elevated Temperatures At Elevated Temperatures

Extreme heat arising from situations such as misuse or equipment failure can generate hydrogen fluoride as a decomposition product.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:

May be harmful in contact with skin. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Eye Contact:

Corrosive (Eye Burns): Signs/symptoms may include cloudy appearance of the cornea, chemical burns, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, significantly impaired vision or complete loss of vision.

Ingestion:

May be harmful if swallowed.

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

May cause blindness.

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

| Ingredient | CAS No. | Class Description | Regulation |
|------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|---|
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | 108-10-1 | Grp. 2B: Possible human carc. | International Agency for Research on Cancer |

Additional Information:

This product contains ethanol. Alcoholic beverages and ethanol in alcoholic beverages have been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer as carcinogenic to humans. There are also data associating human consumption of alcoholic beverages with developmental toxicity and liver toxicity. Exposure to ethanol during the foreseeable use of this product is not expected to cause cancer, developmental toxicity, or liver toxicity.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|--|
| Overall product | Dermal | | No data available; calculated ATE2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg |
| Overall product | Inhalation- Vapor(4 hr) | | No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l |
| Overall product | Ingestion | | No data available; calculated ATE2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg |
| Ethyl Alcohol | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 15,800 mg/kg |
| Ethyl Alcohol | Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 124.7 mg/l |
| Ethyl Alcohol | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 17,800 mg/kg |
| Bisphenol AF | Dermal | Rat | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| Bisphenol AF | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 12,870 mg/kg |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 72.6 mg/l |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 4,710 mg/kg |
| Methyl Alcohol | Dermal | | LD50 estimated to be 1,000 - 2,000 mg/kg |
| Methyl Alcohol | Inhalation- Vapor | | LC50 estimated to be 10 - 20 mg/l |
| Methyl Alcohol | Ingestion | | LD50 estimated to be 50 - 300 mg/kg |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 16,000 mg/kg |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 >8.2,<16.4 mg/l |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 3,038 mg/kg |

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|------------------------|----------|---------------------------|
| | | |
| Ethyl Alcohol | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Bisphenol AF | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Multiple | No significant irritation |
| | animal | |
| | species | |
| Methyl Alcohol | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Rabbit | Mild irritant |

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|------------------------|---------|-------------------|
| | | |
| Ethyl Alcohol | Rabbit | Severe irritant |
| Bisphenol AF | Rabbit | Corrosive |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Rabbit | Severe irritant |
| Methyl Alcohol | Rabbit | Moderate irritant |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Rabbit | Mild irritant |

Skin Sensitization

| Name | Species | Value |
|-------------------|---------|----------------|
| Ethyl Alcohol | Human | Not classified |
| Bisphenol AF | Guinea | Not classified |
| | pig | |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Guinea | Not classified |
| | pig | |
| Methyl Alcohol | Guinea | Not classified |

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| | pig | |
|------------------------|--------|----------------|
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Guinea | Not classified |
| | pig | |

Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

| Name | Route | Value |
|------------------------|----------|--|
| | | |
| Ethyl Alcohol | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Ethyl Alcohol | In vivo | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Bisphenol AF | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Methyl Alcohol | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Methyl Alcohol | In vivo | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |

Carcinogenicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Ethyl Alcohol | Ingestion | Multiple animal species | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Inhalation | Rat | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Methyl Alcohol | Inhalation | Multiple animal species | Not carcinogenic |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Inhalation | Multiple animal species | Carcinogenic |

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

| Name | Route | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure Duration |
|-------------------|------------|--------------------------------------|---------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Ethyl Alcohol | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 38 mg/l | during gestation |
| Ethyl Alcohol | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 5,200 mg/kg/day | premating & during gestation |
| Bisphenol AF | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day | premating into lactation |
| Bisphenol AF | Ingestion | Toxic to female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 30 mg/kg/day | premating into lactation |
| Bisphenol AF | Ingestion | Toxic to male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 30 mg/kg/day | 55 days |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 400 mg/kg/day | during organogenesi s |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | LOAEL 9 mg/l | during gestation |
| Methyl Alcohol | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg/day | 21 days |
| Methyl Alcohol | Ingestion | Toxic to development | Mouse | LOAEL 4,000 mg/kg/day | during organogenesi s |

| Methyl Alcohol | Inhalation | Toxic to development | Mouse | NOAEL 1.3 mg/l | during organogenesi |
|------------------------|------------|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | | | - | s |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Inhalation | Not classified for female reproduction | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 8.2 mg/l | 2 generation |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Inhalation | Not classified for male reproduction | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 8.2 mg/l | 2 generation |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Mouse | NOAEL 12.3 mg/l | during organogenesi s |

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure Duration |
|------------------------|------------|--------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Ethyl Alcohol | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | LOAEL 2.6 mg/l | 30 minutes |
| Ethyl Alcohol | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human | LOAEL 9.4 mg/l | not available |
| Ethyl Alcohol | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Multiple animal species | NOAEL not available | |
| Ethyl Alcohol | Ingestion | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Dog | NOAEL 3,000 mg/kg | |
| Bisphenol AF | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | similar health hazards | NOAEL Not available | |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Inhalation | auditory system | Not classified | Guinea pig | NOAEL 13.4 mg/l | 24 hours |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | NOAEL Not available | poisoning and/or abuse |
| Methyl Alcohol | Inhalation | blindness | Causes damage to organs | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |
| Methyl Alcohol | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | NOAEL Not available | not available |
| Methyl Alcohol | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL Not available | 6 hours |
| Methyl Alcohol | Ingestion | blindness | Causes damage to organs | Human | NOAEL Not available | poisoning and/or abuse |
| Methyl Alcohol | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | NOAEL Not available | poisoning and/or abuse |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | LOAEL 0.1 mg/l | 2 hours |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | May cause respiratory irritation | Human | NOAEL 0.9 mg/l | 7 minutes |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Inhalation | vascular system | Not classified | Dog | NOAEL Not available | not available |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Rat | LOAEL 900 mg/kg | not applicable |

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure Duration |
|---------------|------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---------|-------------|----------------------|
| Ethyl Alcohol | Inhalation | liver | Some positive data exist, but the | Rabbit | LOAEL 124 | 365 days |

| | | | data are not sufficient for classification | | mg/l | |
|------------------------|------------|--|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| Ethyl Alcohol | Inhalation | hematopoietic system immune system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 25 mg/l | 14 days |
| Ethyl Alcohol | Ingestion | liver | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | LOAEL 8,000 mg/kg/day | 4 months |
| Ethyl Alcohol | Ingestion | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Dog | NOAEL 3,000 mg/kg/day | 7 days |
| Bisphenol AF | Ingestion | heart endocrine system gastrointestinal tract hematopoietic system liver nervous system kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day | 28 days |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 12.3 mg/l | 24 months |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Inhalation | nervous system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 12 mg/l | 13 weeks |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Ingestion | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 400 mg/kg/day | 12 weeks |
| Methyl Alcohol | Inhalation | liver | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 6.55 mg/l | 4 weeks |
| Methyl Alcohol | Inhalation | respiratory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 13.1 mg/l | 6 weeks |
| Methyl Alcohol | Ingestion | liver nervous system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Inhalation | liver | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 0.41 mg/l | 13 weeks |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Inhalation | heart | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 0.8 mg/l | 2 weeks |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 0.4 mg/l | 90 days |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Inhalation | respiratory system | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 4.1 mg/l | 14 weeks |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Inhalation | endocrine system hematopoietic system | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 0.41 mg/l | 90 days |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Inhalation | nervous system | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 0.41 mg/l | 13 weeks |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Ingestion | endocrine system hematopoietic system liver kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Ingestion | heart immune system muscles nervous system respiratory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 1,040 mg/kg/day | 120 days |

Aspiration Hazard

| Name | Value |
|------------------------|---|
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for |
| | classification |

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Combustion products will include HF. Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): D001 (Ignitable)

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:

| Physical Hazards | |
|---|--|
| Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids) | |
| | |
| Health Hazards | |
| Coroinogoniaity | |

Carcinogenicity

Reproductive toxicity

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

Ingredient Methyl Alcohol <u>C.A.S. No</u> 67-56-1 <u>% by Wt</u> Trade Secret 1 - 3

15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Australia National Industrial Chemical Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS). Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information.

The components of this product are in compliance with the new substance notification requirements of CEPA.

The components of this material are in compliance with the China "Measures on Environmental Management of New Chemical Substance". Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information.

The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of the Korean Toxic Chemical Control Law. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information.

The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Japan Chemical Substance Control Law. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information.

The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Philippines RA 6969 requirements. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information.

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 3 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

HMIS Hazard ClassificationHealth: *4Flammability: 3Physical Hazard: 0Personal Protection: X - See PPE section.

Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS® IV) hazard ratings are designed to inform employees of chemical hazards in the workplace. These ratings are based on the inherent properties of the material under expected conditions of normal use and are not intended for use in emergency situations. HMIS® IV ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® IV program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the American Coatings Association (ACA).

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