



## Safety Data Sheet

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### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M(TM) Scotchlite(TM) Transparent Screen Printing Ink 2906 Orange

#### Product Identification Numbers

75-0300-8791-2, 75-0300-8811-8  
7000055522, 7100034929

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

##### Recommended use

Screen Printing Ink

#### 1.3. Supplier's details

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| <b>MANUFACTURER:</b> | 3M                                      |
| <b>DIVISION:</b>     | Commercial Solutions Division           |
| <b>ADDRESS:</b>      | 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA |
| <b>Telephone:</b>    | 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)         |

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

### SECTION 2: Hazard identification

#### 2.1. Hazard classification

Flammable Liquid: Category 3.  
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A.  
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2.  
Skin Sensitizer: Category 1A.  
Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1B.  
Carcinogenicity: Category 1A.  
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3.

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### Signal word

Danger

##### Symbols

Flame | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

**Pictograms****Hazard Statements**

Flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

May cause cancer.

**Precautionary Statements****Prevention:**

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Keep container tightly closed.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

**Response:**

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

**Storage:**

Keep container tightly closed.

Keep cool.

Store locked up in a well-ventilated place.

**Disposal:**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

6% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute oral toxicity.

6% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

11% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient  | C.A.S. No.    | % by Wt                |
|---|---------------|------------------------|
| Cyclohexanone   | 108-94-1      | 25 - 35 Trade Secret * |
| 1-METHOXY-2-PROPYL ACETATE  | 108-65-6      | 10 - 20 Trade Secret * |
| VINYL ACETATE-VINYL ALCOHOL-VINYL CHLORIDE POLYMER  | Trade Secret* | 10 - 20 Trade Secret * |
| ETHYL 3-ETHOXYPROPIONATE  | 763-69-9      | 5 - 15 Trade Secret *  |
| ACRYLIC POLYMER   | Trade Secret* | 1 - 10 Trade Secret *  |
| POLYMERIC PLASTICIZER   | Trade Secret* | 3 - 7 Trade Secret *   |
| EPOXIDIZED SOYBEAN OIL  | 8013-07-8     | 1 - 5 Trade Secret *   |
| NICKEL, 5,5'-AZOBIS-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-PYRIMIDINETRIONE COMPLEXES  | 68511-62-6    | 1 - 5 Trade Secret *   |
| ORGANIC PIGMENT (NEW JERSEY TRADE SECRET REGISTRY #04499600-5836P)  | Trade Secret* | 1 - 5 Trade Secret *   |
| 2-Methoxy-1-propylacetate   | 70657-70-4    | < 1 Trade Secret *     |
| DIBUTYL TIN DILAURATE   | 77-58-7       | < 1 Trade Secret *     |
| HEAVY AROMATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)  | 64742-94-5    | < 1 Trade Secret *     |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxopropyl]-.omega.-hydroxy- | 104810-48-2   | < 1 Trade Secret *     |
| Polymeric Benzotriazole   | 104810-47-1   | < 1 Trade Secret *     |
| Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidiny) sebacate  | 41556-26-7    | < .5 Trade Secret *    |
| ISODECYL DIPHENYL PHOSPHITE   | 26544-23-0    | < 0.5 Trade Secret *   |
| Naphthalene   | 91-20-3       | < 0.1 Trade Secret *   |

\*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

##### Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

##### Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

##### Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

##### If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable.

## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

#### Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

| <u>Substance</u>   | <u>Condition</u>  |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| Hydrocarbons       | During Combustion |
| Carbon monoxide    | During Combustion |
| Carbon dioxide     | During Combustion |
| Hydrogen Chloride  | During Combustion |
| Oxides of Nitrogen | During Combustion |

### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire extinguishing foam that is resistant to polar solvents. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with detergent and water. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial/occupational use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapor accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

| Ingredient                  | C.A.S. No. | Agency | Limit type                                 | Additional Comments  |
|-----------------------------|------------|--------|--|--|
| 1-METHOXY-2-PROPYL ACETATE  | 108-65-6   | AIHA   | TWA:50 ppm                                 |  |
| Cyclohexanone               | 108-94-1   | ACGIH  | TWA:20 ppm;STEL:50 ppm                     | A3: Confirmed animal carcin., Danger of cutaneous absorption   |
| Cyclohexanone               | 108-94-1   | OSHA   | TWA:200 mg/m3(50 ppm)                      |  |
| NICKEL, INSOLUBLE COMPOUNDS | 68511-62-6 | OSHA   | TWA(as Ni):1 mg/m3                         |  |
| TIN, ORGANIC COMPOUNDS      | 77-58-7    | ACGIH  | TWA(as Sn):0.1 mg/m3;STEL(as Sn):0.2 mg/m3 | A4: Not class. as human carcin, Danger of cutaneous absorption |
| TIN, ORGANIC COMPOUNDS      | 77-58-7    | OSHA   | TWA(as Sn):0.1 mg/m3                       |  |
| Naphthalene                 | 91-20-3    | ACGIH  | TWA:10 ppm                                 | A3: Confirmed animal carcin., Danger of cutaneous absorption   |
| Naphthalene                 | 91-20-3    | OSHA   | TWA:50 mg/m3(10 ppm)                       |  |

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

##### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Indirect Vented Goggles

#### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron - polymer laminate

#### Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

##### Physical state

Liquid

##### Color

Orange

#### Specific Physical Form:

Liquid

#### Odor

Solvent

#### Odor threshold

No Data Available

#### pH

Not Applicable

#### Melting point

Not Applicable

#### Boiling Point

>=284 °F

#### Flash Point

108 °F [Test Method: Closed Cup]

#### Evaporation rate

No Data Available

#### Flammability (solid, gas)

Not Applicable

#### Flammable Limits(LEL)

1 %

#### Flammable Limits(UEL)

8.7 %

#### Vapor Pressure

<=3.7 mmHg [@ 20 °C]

#### Vapor Density

> 1 [Ref Std: AIR=1]

#### Density

1.07 g/ml

#### Specific Gravity

1.07 [Ref Std: WATER=1]

#### Solubility in Water

Moderate

#### Solubility- non-water

No Data Available

#### Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water

No Data Available

#### Autoignition temperature

> 670 °F

#### Decomposition temperature

No Data Available

#### Viscosity

No Data Available

#### Volatile Organic Compounds

717 g/l [Details: As manufactured]

#### Volatile Organic Compounds

798 g/l [Details: After maximum thinning]

**Percent volatile**

60 - 70 %

**VOC Less H<sub>2</sub>O & Exempt Solvents**717 g/l [*Details:*As manufactured]**VOC Less H<sub>2</sub>O & Exempt Solvents**798 g/l [*Details:*After maximum thinning]**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity****10.1. Reactivity**

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

**10.2. Chemical stability**

Stable.

**10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**10.4. Conditions to avoid**

Heat

Sparks and/or flames

**10.5. Incompatible materials**

Strong oxidizing agents

**10.6. Hazardous decomposition products****Substance****Condition**

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

**11.1. Information on Toxicological effects****Signs and Symptoms of Exposure**

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

**Inhalation:**

May be harmful if inhaled.

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

**Skin Contact:**

May be harmful in contact with skin.

Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking, blistering, and pain.  
Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### Eye Contact:

Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

#### Ingestion:

May be harmful if swallowed.

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### Additional Health Effects:

##### Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

#### Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

#### Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

| Ingredient  | CAS No. | Class Description             | Regulation                                  |
|-------------|---------|-------------------------------|---|
| Naphthalene | 91-20-3 | Grp. 2B: Possible human carc. | International Agency for Research on Cancer |
| Naphthalene | 91-20-3 | Anticipated human carcinogen  | National Toxicology Program Carcinogens     |

#### Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

#### Acute Toxicity

| Name   | Route                      | Species | Value  |
|--|----------------------------|---------|--|
| Overall product  | Dermal                     |         | No data available; calculated ATE2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg |
| Overall product  | Inhalation-Vapor(4 hr)     |         | No data available; calculated ATE20 - 50 mg/l        |
| Overall product  | Ingestion                  |         | No data available; calculated ATE2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg |
| Cyclohexanone  | Dermal                     | Rabbit  | LD50 >794, <3160 mg/kg                               |
| Cyclohexanone  | Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours) | Rat     | LC50 > 6.2 mg/l                                      |
| Cyclohexanone  | Ingestion                  | Rat     | LD50 1,296 mg/kg                                     |
| 1-METHOXY-2-PROPYL ACETATE   | Dermal                     | Rabbit  | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg                                   |
| 1-METHOXY-2-PROPYL ACETATE   | Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours) | Rat     | LC50 > 28.8 mg/l                                     |
| 1-METHOXY-2-PROPYL ACETATE   | Ingestion                  | Rat     | LD50 8,532 mg/kg                                     |
| VINYL ACETATE-VINYL ALCOHOL-VINYL CHLORIDE POLYMER                 | Dermal                     | Rabbit  | LD50 > 8,000 mg/kg                                   |
| VINYL ACETATE-VINYL ALCOHOL-VINYL CHLORIDE POLYMER                 | Ingestion                  | Rat     | LD50 > 8,000 mg/kg                                   |
| ETHYL 3-ETHOXYPROPIONATE   | Dermal                     | Rabbit  | LD50 4,080 mg/kg                                     |
| ETHYL 3-ETHOXYPROPIONATE   | Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours) | Rat     | LC50 > 14.4 mg/l                                     |
| ETHYL 3-ETHOXYPROPIONATE   | Ingestion                  | Rat     | LD50 3,200 mg/kg                                     |
| ORGANIC PIGMENT (NEW JERSEY TRADE SECRET REGISTRY #04499600-5836P) | Dermal                     | Rat     | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg                                   |
| ORGANIC PIGMENT (NEW JERSEY TRADE SECRET                           | Ingestion                  | Rat     | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg                                   |



|   |                                |                        |  |
|---|--------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| REGISTRY #04499600-5836P)   |                                |                        |  |
| NICKEL, 5,5'-AZOBIS-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-PYRIMIDINETRIONE COMPLEXES  | Dermal                         | Professional judgement | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg       |
| NICKEL, 5,5'-AZOBIS-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-PYRIMIDINETRIONE COMPLEXES  | Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours) | Rat                    | LC50 > 5.222 mg/l                        |
| NICKEL, 5,5'-AZOBIS-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-PYRIMIDINETRIONE COMPLEXES  | Ingestion                      | Rat                    | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg                       |
| EPOXIDIZED SOYBEAN OIL  | Dermal                         | Rabbit                 | LD50 > 20,000 mg/kg                      |
| EPOXIDIZED SOYBEAN OIL  | Ingestion                      | Rat                    | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg                       |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxopropyl]-.omega.-hydroxy- | Dermal                         | Rat                    | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg                       |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxopropyl]-.omega.-hydroxy- | Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours) | Rat                    | LC50 > 5.8 mg/l                          |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxopropyl]-.omega.-hydroxy- | Ingestion                      | Rat                    | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg                       |
| Polymeric Benzotriazole   | Dermal                         | Rat                    | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg                       |
| Polymeric Benzotriazole   | Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours) | Rat                    | LC50 > 5.8 mg/l                          |
| Polymeric Benzotriazole   | Ingestion                      | Rat                    | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg                       |
| DIBUTYLTIN DILAURATE  | Dermal                         | Rat                    | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg                       |
| DIBUTYLTIN DILAURATE  | Ingestion                      | Rat                    | LD50 1,290 mg/kg                         |
| HEAVY AROMATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)  | Inhalation-Vapor               |                        | LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l        |
| HEAVY AROMATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)  | Dermal                         | Rabbit                 | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg                       |
| HEAVY AROMATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)  | Ingestion                      | Rat                    | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg                       |
| ISODECYL DIPHENYL PHOSPHITE   | Dermal                         | Rabbit                 | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg                       |
| ISODECYL DIPHENYL PHOSPHITE   | Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours) | Rat                    | LC50 > 2.1 mg/l                          |
| ISODECYL DIPHENYL PHOSPHITE   | Ingestion                      | Rat                    | LD50 3,840 mg/kg                         |
| Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidiny)l) sebacate  | Dermal                         |                        | LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg |
| Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidiny)l) sebacate  | Ingestion                      | Rat                    | LD50 3,125 mg/kg                         |
| 2-Methoxy-1-propylacetate   | Dermal                         | Rabbit                 | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg                       |
| 2-Methoxy-1-propylacetate   | Ingestion                      | Rat                    | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg                       |
| Naphthalene   | Dermal                         | Human                  | LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg |
| Naphthalene   | Inhalation-Vapor               | Human                  | LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l        |
| Naphthalene   | Ingestion                      | Human                  | LD50 estimated to be 300 - 2,000 mg/kg   |

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

**Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

| Name  | Species                | Value                     |
|---|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Cyclohexanone   | Rabbit                 | Irritant                  |
| 1-METHOXY-2-PROPYL ACETATE  | Rabbit                 | No significant irritation |
| VINYL ACETATE-VINYL ALCOHOL-VINYL CHLORIDE POLYMER  | Professional judgement | No significant irritation |
| ETHYL 3-ETHOXYPROPIONATE  | Rabbit                 | No significant irritation |
| ORGANIC PIGMENT (NEW JERSEY TRADE SECRET REGISTRY #04499600-5836P)  | Rabbit                 | No significant irritation |
| NICKEL, 5,5'-AZOBIS-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-PYRIMIDINETRIONE COMPLEXES  | Rabbit                 | No significant irritation |
| EPOXIDIZED SOYBEAN OIL  | Rabbit                 | No significant irritation |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxopropyl]-.omega.-hydroxy- | Rabbit                 | No significant irritation |
| Polymeric Benzotriazole   | Rabbit                 | No significant irritation |
| DIBUTYLTIN DILAURATE  | Rabbit                 | Corrosive                 |

|  |        |                           |
|--|--------|---------------------------|
| HEAVY AROMATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)       | Rabbit | Minimal irritation        |
| ISODECYL DIPHENYL PHOSPHITE                      | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidiny) sebacate | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| 2-Methoxy-1-propylacetate                        | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Naphthalene                                      | Rabbit | Minimal irritation        |

### Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

| Name  | Species                | Value                     |
|---|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Cyclohexanone   | Rabbit                 | Severe irritant           |
| 1-METHOXY-2-PROPYL ACETATE  | Rabbit                 | Mild irritant             |
| VINYL ACETATE-VINYL ALCOHOL-VINYL CHLORIDE POLYMER  | Professional judgement | No significant irritation |
| ETHYL 3-ETHOXYPROPIONATE  | Rabbit                 | Mild irritant             |
| ORGANIC PIGMENT (NEW JERSEY TRADE SECRET REGISTRY #04499600-5836P)  | Rabbit                 | No significant irritation |
| NICKEL, 5,5'-AZOBIS-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-PYRIMIDINETRIONE COMPLEXES  | Rabbit                 | No significant irritation |
| EPOXIDIZED SOYBEAN OIL  | Rabbit                 | No significant irritation |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxopropyl]-.omega.-hydroxy- | Rabbit                 | No significant irritation |
| Polymeric Benzotriazole   | Rabbit                 | No significant irritation |
| DIBUTYL TIN DILAUATE  | Rabbit                 | Corrosive                 |
| HEAVY AROMATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)  | Rabbit                 | Mild irritant             |
| ISODECYL DIPHENYL PHOSPHITE   | Rabbit                 | No significant irritation |
| Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidiny) sebacate  | Rabbit                 | No significant irritation |
| Naphthalene   | Rabbit                 | No significant irritation |

### Skin Sensitization

| Name  | Species           | Value          |
|---|-------------------|----------------|
| Cyclohexanone   | Guinea pig        | Not classified |
| 1-METHOXY-2-PROPYL ACETATE  | Guinea pig        | Not classified |
| ETHYL 3-ETHOXYPROPIONATE  | Guinea pig        | Not classified |
| ORGANIC PIGMENT (NEW JERSEY TRADE SECRET REGISTRY #04499600-5836P)  | Mouse             | Not classified |
| NICKEL, 5,5'-AZOBIS-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-PYRIMIDINETRIONE COMPLEXES  | similar compounds | Sensitizing    |
| EPOXIDIZED SOYBEAN OIL  | Guinea pig        | Not classified |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxopropyl]-.omega.-hydroxy- | Guinea pig        | Sensitizing    |
| Polymeric Benzotriazole   | Guinea pig        | Sensitizing    |
| DIBUTYL TIN DILAUATE  | Guinea pig        | Sensitizing    |
| HEAVY AROMATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)  | Guinea pig        | Not classified |
| ISODECYL DIPHENYL PHOSPHITE   | Mouse             | Sensitizing    |
| Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidiny) sebacate  | Guinea pig        | Sensitizing    |

### Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

### Germ Cell Mutagenicity

| Name          | Route   | Value         |
|---------------|---------|---------------|
| Cyclohexanone | In vivo | Not mutagenic |

|  |          |  |
|--|----------|--|
| Cyclohexanone  | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| 1-METHOXY-2-PROPYL ACETATE   | In Vitro | Not mutagenic  |
| ETHYL 3-ETHOXYPROPIONATE   | In Vitro | Not mutagenic  |
| ORGANIC PIGMENT (NEW JERSEY TRADE SECRET REGISTRY #04499600-5836P) | In Vitro | Not mutagenic  |
| NICKEL, 5,5'-AZOBIS-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-PYRIMIDINETRIONE COMPLEXES     | In Vitro | Not mutagenic  |
| EPOXIDIZED SOYBEAN OIL   | In Vitro | Not mutagenic  |
| DIBUTYL TIN DILAURATE  | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| DIBUTYL TIN DILAURATE  | In vivo  | Mutagenic  |
| HEAVY AROMATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)                         | In Vitro | Not mutagenic  |
| HEAVY AROMATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)                         | In vivo  | Not mutagenic  |
| ISODECYL DIPHENYL PHOSPHITE  | In Vitro | Not mutagenic  |
| ISODECYL DIPHENYL PHOSPHITE  | In vivo  | Not mutagenic  |
| Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidiny) sebacate                   | In Vitro | Not mutagenic  |

### Carcinogenicity

| Name   | Route         | Species                 | Value  |
|--|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| Cyclohexanone  | Ingestion     | Multiple animal species | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| NICKEL, 5,5'-AZOBIS-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-PYRIMIDINETRIONE COMPLEXES | Not Specified | similar compounds       | Carcinogenic   |
| EPOXIDIZED SOYBEAN OIL   | Ingestion     | Rat                     | Not carcinogenic   |
| HEAVY AROMATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)                     | Not Specified | Not applicable          | Carcinogenic   |
| Naphthalene  | Inhalation    | Multiple animal species | Carcinogenic   |

### Reproductive Toxicity

#### Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

| Name   | Route      | Value                                  | Species | Test Result           | Exposure Duration              |
|--|------------|--|---------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| Cyclohexanone  | Inhalation | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat     | NOAEL 4 mg/l          | 2 generation                   |
| Cyclohexanone  | Inhalation | Not classified for male reproduction   | Rat     | NOAEL 2 mg/l          | 2 generation                   |
| Cyclohexanone  | Ingestion  | Not classified for development         | Mouse   | LOAEL 1,100 mg/kg/day | during organogenesis           |
| Cyclohexanone  | Inhalation | Not classified for development         | Rat     | NOAEL 2 mg/l          | 2 generation                   |
| 1-METHOXY-2-PROPYL ACETATE   | Ingestion  | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat     | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | prematuring & during gestation |
| 1-METHOXY-2-PROPYL ACETATE   | Ingestion  | Not classified for male reproduction   | Rat     | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | prematuring & during gestation |
| 1-METHOXY-2-PROPYL ACETATE   | Ingestion  | Not classified for development         | Rat     | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | prematuring & during gestation |
| 1-METHOXY-2-PROPYL ACETATE   | Inhalation | Not classified for development         | Rat     | NOAEL 21.6 mg/l       | during organogenesis           |
| ORGANIC PIGMENT (NEW JERSEY TRADE SECRET REGISTRY #04499600-5836P) | Ingestion  | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat     | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | prematuring into lactation     |
| ORGANIC PIGMENT (NEW JERSEY TRADE SECRET REGISTRY #04499600-5836P) | Ingestion  | Not classified for male reproduction   | Rat     | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | 28 days                        |

|  |               |  |        |                       |                            |
|--|---------------|--|--------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| 5836P)   |               |  |        |                       |                            |
| ORGANIC PIGMENT (NEW JERSEY TRADE SECRET REGISTRY #04499600-5836P) | Ingestion     | Not classified for development         | Rat    | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | prematuring into lactation |
| NICKEL, 5,5'-AZOBIS-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-PYRIMIDINETRIONE COMPLEXES     | Ingestion     | Not classified for development         | Rat    | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | during gestation           |
| EPOXIDIZED SOYBEAN OIL   | Ingestion     | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat    | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | 1 generation               |
| EPOXIDIZED SOYBEAN OIL   | Ingestion     | Not classified for male reproduction   | Rat    | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | 1 generation               |
| EPOXIDIZED SOYBEAN OIL   | Ingestion     | Not classified for development         | Rat    | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | 1 generation               |
| DIBUTYL TIN DILAUATE   | Ingestion     | Toxic to female reproduction           | Rat    | NOAEL 2 mg/kg/day     | prematuring into lactation |
| DIBUTYL TIN DILAUATE   | Ingestion     | Toxic to development                   | Rat    | NOAEL 2.5 mg/kg/day   | during gestation           |
| HEAVY AROMATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)                         | Not Specified | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat    | NOAEL Not available   | 2 generation               |
| HEAVY AROMATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)                         | Not Specified | Not classified for male reproduction   | Rat    | NOAEL Not available   | 2 generation               |
| HEAVY AROMATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)                         | Not Specified | Not classified for development         | Rat    | NOAEL Not available   | 2 generation               |
| 2-Methoxy-1-propylacetate  | Dermal        | Not classified for development         | Rabbit | NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day | during organogenesis       |
| 2-Methoxy-1-propylacetate  | Inhalation    | Toxic to development                   | Rabbit | NOAEL 0.8 mg/l        | during organogenesis       |

### Target Organ(s)

#### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

| Name                                       | Route      | Target Organ(s)                   | Value  | Species                 | Test Result         | Exposure Duration      |
|--|------------|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| Cyclohexanone                              | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness  | Guinea pig              | LOAEL 16.1 mg/l     | 6 hours                |
| Cyclohexanone                              | Inhalation | respiratory irritation            | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human                   | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Cyclohexanone                              | Ingestion  | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness  | Professional judgement  | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| 1-METHOXY-2-PROPYL ACETATE                 | Inhalation | respiratory irritation            | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |                         | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| DIBUTYL TIN DILAUATE                       | Ingestion  | immune system                     | Causes damage to organs  | Rat                     | LOAEL 5 mg/kg       |                        |
| HEAVY AROMATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness  | Human and animal        | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| 2-Methoxy-1-propylacetate                  | Inhalation | respiratory irritation            | May cause respiratory irritation   | official classification | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| 2-Methoxy-1-propylacetate                  | Ingestion  | central nervous system depression | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat                     | LOAEL 5,000 mg/kg   | not applicable         |
| Naphthalene                                | Ingestion  | blood                             | Causes damage to organs  | Human                   | NOAEL Not available | poisoning and/or abuse |

#### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

| Name          | Route      | Target Organ(s)               | Value          | Species | Test Result     | Exposure Duration |
|---------------|------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---------|-----------------|-------------------|
| Cyclohexanone | Inhalation | liver   kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rabbit  | NOAEL 0.76 mg/l | 50 days           |
| Cyclohexanone | Ingestion  | liver                         | Not classified | Mouse   | NOAEL           | 90 days           |

|   |            |   |  |                               |                             |                           |
|---|------------|---|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
|   |            |   |  |                               | 4,800<br>mg/kg/day          |                           |
| 1-METHOXY-2-PROPYL<br>ACETATE   | Inhalation | kidney and/or<br>bladder  | Not classified   | Rat                           | NOAEL 16.2<br>mg/l          | 9 days                    |
| 1-METHOXY-2-PROPYL<br>ACETATE   | Inhalation | olfactory system  | Not classified   | Mouse                         | LOAEL 1.62<br>mg/l          | 9 days                    |
| 1-METHOXY-2-PROPYL<br>ACETATE   | Inhalation | blood   | Not classified   | Multiple<br>animal<br>species | NOAEL 16.2<br>mg/l          | 9 days                    |
| 1-METHOXY-2-PROPYL<br>ACETATE   | Ingestion  | endocrine system  | Not classified   | Rat                           | NOAEL<br>1,000<br>mg/kg/day | 44 days                   |
| ETHYL 3-<br>ETHOXYPROPIONATE  | Inhalation | hematopoietic<br>system   | Not classified   | Rat                           | NOAEL 6<br>mg/l             | 90 days                   |
| ETHYL 3-<br>ETHOXYPROPIONATE  | Inhalation | nervous system  <br>heart   liver  <br>immune system  <br>kidney and/or<br>bladder  | Not classified   | Rat                           | NOAEL 6<br>mg/l             | 17 days                   |
| ETHYL 3-<br>ETHOXYPROPIONATE  | Ingestion  | liver   | Not classified   | Rat                           | NOAEL<br>1,000<br>mg/kg/day | 17 days                   |
| ETHYL 3-<br>ETHOXYPROPIONATE  | Ingestion  | hematopoietic<br>system   | Not classified   | Rat                           | NOAEL<br>1,000<br>mg/kg/day | 28 days                   |
| ETHYL 3-<br>ETHOXYPROPIONATE  | Ingestion  | kidney and/or<br>bladder   respiratory<br>system  | Not classified   | Rat                           | NOAEL<br>1,000<br>mg/kg/day | 17 days                   |
| ORGANIC PIGMENT<br>(NEW JERSEY TRADE<br>SECRET REGISTRY<br>#04499600-5836P) | Ingestion  | heart   endocrine<br>system  <br>gastrointestinal tract<br>  hematopoietic<br>system   liver  <br>immune system  <br>nervous system  <br>kidney and/or<br>bladder   respiratory<br>system | Not classified   | Rat                           | NOAEL<br>1,000<br>mg/kg/day | 28 days                   |
| NICKEL, 5,5'-AZOBIS-<br>2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-<br>PYRIMIDINETRIONE<br>COMPLEXES   | Ingestion  | hematopoietic<br>system   | Not classified   | Rat                           | NOAEL<br>1,000<br>mg/kg/day | 28 days                   |
| EPOXIDIZED SOYBEAN<br>OIL   | Ingestion  | liver   kidney and/or<br>bladder  | Not classified   | Rat                           | NOAEL<br>1,250<br>mg/kg/day | 2 years                   |
| DIBUTYL TIN<br>DILAUATE   | Ingestion  | liver   | Causes damage to organs through<br>prolonged or repeated exposure      | Rat                           | NOAEL 2<br>mg/kg/day        | 2 weeks                   |
| DIBUTYL TIN<br>DILAUATE   | Ingestion  | immune system   | Causes damage to organs through<br>prolonged or repeated exposure      | Rat                           | NOAEL 0.3<br>mg/kg/day      | 28 days                   |
| ISODECYL DIPHENYL<br>PHOSPHITE  | Ingestion  | nervous system  | May cause damage to organs<br>though prolonged or repeated<br>exposure | Rat                           | NOAEL 15<br>mg/kg/day       | 28 days                   |
| 2-Methoxy-1-propylacetate   | Inhalation | immune system  <br>bone marrow  | Not classified   | Rat                           | NOAEL 15.4<br>mg/l          | 28 days                   |
| 2-Methoxy-1-propylacetate   | Ingestion  | hematopoietic<br>system   | Not classified   | Rat                           | NOAEL<br>2,600<br>mg/kg/day | 2 weeks                   |
| Naphthalene   | Dermal     | blood   | Causes damage to organs through<br>prolonged or repeated exposure      | Human                         | NOAEL Not<br>available      | poisoning<br>and/or abuse |
| Naphthalene   | Dermal     | eyes  | Not classified   | Human                         | NOAEL Not<br>available      | occupational<br>exposure  |
| Naphthalene   | Inhalation | respiratory system  | Causes damage to organs through<br>prolonged or repeated exposure      | Rat                           | LOAEL 0.01<br>mg/l          | 13 weeks                  |
| Naphthalene   | Inhalation | blood   | Causes damage to organs through<br>prolonged or repeated exposure      | Human                         | NOAEL Not<br>available      | poisoning<br>and/or abuse |
| Naphthalene   | Inhalation | eyes  | Not classified   | Human                         | NOAEL Not<br>available      | occupational<br>exposure  |

|             |           |       |  |        |                     |                        |
|-------------|-----------|-------|--|--------|---------------------|------------------------|
| Naphthalene | Ingestion | blood | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure   | Human  | NOAEL Not available | poisoning and/or abuse |
| Naphthalene | Ingestion | eyes  | May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure | Rabbit | LOAEL 500 mg/kg/day | 15 days                |

**Aspiration Hazard**

| Name                                       | Value             |
|--|-------------------|
| HEAVY AROMATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) | Aspiration hazard |

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information****Ecotoxicological information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

**Chemical fate information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations****13.1. Disposal methods**

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

**EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA):** D001 (Ignitable), D005 (Barium), D006 (Cadmium), D009 (Mercury), D018 (Benzene), D043 (Vinyl chloride)

**SECTION 14: Transport Information**

For Transport Information, please visit <http://3M.com/Transportinfo> or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information****15.1. US Federal Regulations**

Contact 3M for more information.

**EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:****Physical Hazards**

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

**Health Hazards**

Carcinogenicity

|  |
|--|
| Reproductive toxicity  |
| Respiratory or Skin Sensitization                            |
| Serious eye damage or eye irritation                         |
| Skin Corrosion or Irritation                                 |
| Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) |

## 15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

## 15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Contact 3M for more information.

## 15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

**This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.**

## SECTION 16: Other information

### NFPA Hazard Classification

**Health:** 2 **Flammability:** 2 **Instability:** 0 **Special Hazards:** None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

|                        |           |                         |          |
|------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|----------|
| <b>Document Group:</b> | 16-1240-7 | <b>Version Number:</b>  | 17.00    |
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