Product Flammability Information

The attached ASTM E-84 is for 3M™ Diffuser Film 3635-70. Due to similar film construction, we expect 3M™ Diffuser Film 3635-30 to have comparable results to 3M™ Diffuser Film 3635-70.

After a material is subjected to the ASTM E-84 test, it is given a rating based on its performance during the test. Materials are classified into one of three groups based on their tested flame spread characteristics. These groups and their flame spread indexes are listed below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Flame Spread Index</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>(A) 0-25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>(B) 26-75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>III</td>
<td>(C) 76-200</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Class I or (A) rating means it is the most fire resistant category that NFPA recognizes as necessary for interior wall and ceiling finish materials. It will be acceptable in any building in any locality that models its building code after NFPA 101 for wall or ceiling materials.

NFPA 101 is a code that provides minimum requirements for the design, operation and maintenance of building and structures for safety to life from fire and similar emergencies. The requirements differ depending on the type of building.

Many building codes require a smoke developed rating of 450 or less for building materials. 3M™ Diffuser Film 3635-70 meets the requirements of Class I(A) and the smoke developed rating of less than or equal to 450.

If you have any questions about the features or performance of this 3M product, please call Commercial Graphics Division Technical Service at 1-800-328-3908.

Sincerely,
3M Commercial Graphics Product Responsibility
Standard Method of Test for
Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials
ASTM E 84–11a

3M™ Diffuser Film 3635–70

Report Number 11–12037
Test Number 4234–4316
December 8, 2011

3M Commercial Graphics
St. Paul, Minnesota

This report is provided for the exclusive use of the client to whom it is addressed. It may be used in its entirety to gain product acceptance from duly constituted authorities. The test results presented in this report apply only to the samples tested and are not necessarily indicative of apparent identical or similar materials. Sample selection and identification were provided by the client. A sampling plan, if described in the referenced test procedure, was not necessarily followed. This report, or the name of Commercial Testing Company, shall not be used under any circumstance in advertising to the general public.

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Since 1974
INTRODUCTION

This report is a presentation of results of a surface flammability test on a material submitted by 3M Commercial Graphics, St. Paul, Minnesota.

The test was conducted in accordance with the ASTM International fire test response standard E 84-11a, "Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials," sometimes referred to as the Steiner tunnel test. This test is applicable to exposed surfaces such as walls and ceilings. The test is conducted with the specimen in the ceiling position with the surface to be evaluated exposed face down to the ignition source. The ASTM E 84 test method is the technical equivalent of NFPA No. 255 and UL No. 723.

This standard is used to measure and describe the response of materials, products, or assemblies to heat and flame under control conditions, but does not by itself incorporate all factors required for fire-hazard or fire-risk assessment of materials, products, or assemblies under actual fire conditions.

PURPOSE

The purpose of the test is to provide only the comparative measurements of surface flame spread and smoke development of materials with that of select grade red oak and fiber-reinforced cement board, Grade II, under specific fire exposure conditions. The test exposes a nominal 24-foot long by 20-inch wide test specimen to a controlled air flow and flaming fire adjusted to spread the flame along the entire length of a red oak specimen in 5.50 minutes. During the 10-minute test duration, flamespread over the specimen surface and density of the resulting smoke are measured and recorded. Test results are calculated relative to red oak, which has an arbitrary rating of 100, and fiber-reinforced cement board, Grade II, which has a rating of 0.

The test results are expressed as Flame Spread Index and Smoke Developed Index. The Flame Spread Index is defined in ASTM E176 as "a number or classification indicating a comparative measure derived from observations made during the progress of the boundary of a zone of flame under defined test conditions." The Smoke Developed Index, a term specific to ASTM E 84, is defined as "a number or classification indicating a comparative measure derived from smoke obscuration data collected during the test for surface burning characteristics." There is not necessarily a relationship between the two measurements.

The method does not provide for measurement of heat transmission through the surface tested, the effect of aggravated flame spread behavior of an assembly resulting from the proximity of combustible walls and ceilings, or classifying a material as noncombustible solely by means of a Flame Spread Index.

The zero reference and other parameters critical to furnace operation are verified on the day of the test by conducting a 10-minute test using 1/4-inch fiber-reinforced cement board, Grade II. Periodic tests using NOPMA certified 23/32-inch select grade red oak flooring provide data for the 100 reference.

TEST SAMPLE

The test sample, selected by the client, was identified as 3M™ Diffuser Film 3635–70, an opaque self-adhering film having a thickness of 0.003 inch. Three test panels, each measuring two feet wide by eight feet in length, were prepared by adhering the material to 1/4-inch thick fiber-reinforced cement board, Grade II, using the self-adhering properties of the film. The film was applied to the smooth side of the cement board and smoothed with a brush and roller. After drying–stacking overnight, the prepared panels were transferred to storage racks and conditioned to equilibrium in an atmosphere with the temperature maintained at 71 ± 2°F and the relative humidity at 50 ± 5 percent. For testing, the panels were placed end-to-end on the ledges of the tunnel furnace and tested with no auxiliary support mechanism.

TEST RESULTS

The test results, calculated on the basis of observed flame propagation and the integrated area under the recorded smoke density curve, are presented below. The Flame Spread Index obtained in E 84 is rounded to the nearest number divisible by five. Smoke Developed Indices are rounded to the nearest number
divisible by five unless the Index is greater than 200. In that case, the Smoke Developed Index is rounded to the nearest 50 points. The flame spread and smoke development data are presented graphically at the end of this report.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Specimen</th>
<th>Flame Spread Index</th>
<th>Smoke Developed Index</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fiber-Reinforced Cement Board, Grade</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red Oak Flooring</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3M™ Diffuser Film 3635–70</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Observations**

Specimen ignition over the burners occurred at 2.37 minutes. Surface flame spread was observed to a maximum distance of 1.85 feet beyond the zero point at 5.28 minutes. The maximum temperature recorded during the test was 541°F.

**Classification**

The Flame Spread Index and Smoke Developed Index values obtained by ASTM E 84 tests are frequently used by code officials and regulatory agencies in the acceptance of interior finish materials for various applications. The most widely accepted classification system is described in the National Fire Protection Association publication NFPA 101 *Life Safety Code*, where:

- **Class A** 0 – 25 Flame Spread Index 0 – 450 Smoke Developed Index
- **Class B** 26 – 75 Flame Spread Index 0 – 450 Smoke Developed Index
- **Class C** 76 – 200 Flame Spread Index 0 – 450 Smoke Developed Index

Class A, B, and C correspond to Type I, II, and III respectively in other codes. They do not preclude a material being otherwise classified by the authority of jurisdiction.
ASTM E 84 TEST DATA

Client: 3M Commercial Graphics
Test Number: 4234-4316
Material Tested: 3M™ Diffuser Film 3635-70
Date: December 8, 2011

Test Results:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Time to Ignition</td>
<td>02.37 minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Flamespread Distance</td>
<td>01.85 feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time to Maximum Spread</td>
<td>05.28 minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flame Spread Index</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smoke Developed Index</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

![Graph 1](image1)

![Graph 2](image2)