

Employing Microporous Membrane Filtration to Help Control Microorganisms in Bottled Spring Water Production

Introduction

Over the last decade, the popularity of bottled water has surged in many countries. Consumers are drawn to the convenience, taste, and health attributes that bottled water provides. To meet these customer expectations, many bottled water companies employ a number of filtration steps in spring water production. These steps are designed to maintain the high quality of the product water during the bottling operation and to ensure an attractive appearance and taste for the customer.



Common initial filtration steps involve reducing the number of visible particulate that may be present in the water as it flows from the spring as well as any particles generated by other activities during the bottling process. Unwanted particles can be generated in tanker trucks or piping used to transport the water to the bottling plant, in the holding silos used to store the water, or in carbon, sand or multimedia beds used to process the incoming water.

Increasingly, spring water bottlers are installing additional operations at the final bottling stage to help control microorganisms that are naturally present in the water. However, some common strategies, such as ultraviolet light (UV) or ozonation, can have certain limitations. For instance, the efficiency of a UV lamp can be impacted by the strength of the light source over time, the cleanliness of the contact chamber, and by the presence of particles in the water that can “shadow” microorganisms, thereby shielding them from the UV light. Ozone, while a powerful oxidizer of microorganisms, can also lead to increased maintenance costs of downstream materials such as seals and gaskets, precipitation of manganese and iron oxides in the water, and the conversion of bromide (if present in the source water) to bromate in concentrations above allowable limits.

Another alternative, the use of microporous membrane filters designed to reduce microorganism content in the water, is explored in this Application Brief. Microporous membrane filters, along with a rigorous plant hygiene plan, can either be used alone or supplemented with additional methods of microorganism control such as UV or ozonation, as part of a “multi-barrier approach” to water quality.

Microporous membrane filters:

- Are fixed barriers against microorganisms, with a defined retention rating.
- Leave the taste and appearance of the water unchanged.
- Provide additional turbidity control in the process.
- Have low energy consumption compared to alternative methods of microorganism control.
- Are easy to use and have a low, fraction of a cent-per-gallon running cost.
- Are integrity testable by the user to ensure they are installed and operating correctly.

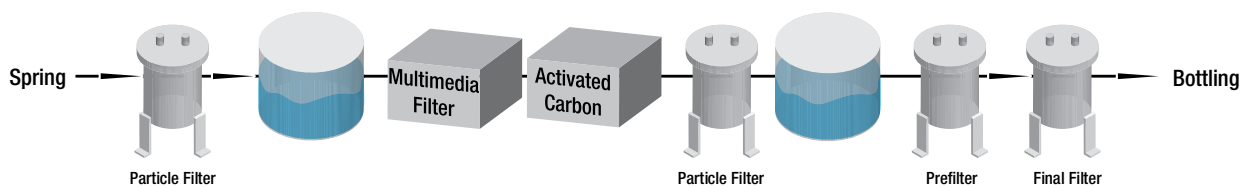


Figure 1 — Typical Spring Water Process¹

¹ Schematic is intended as a guide only. Water treatment options and filter positions can vary by company and the nature of the water.

The Problem



Most natural spring water sources contain modest levels of bacteria generally categorized as Heterotrophic Plate Count bacteria, or HPC bacteria. These organisms are benign, cause no known adverse health affects, and their levels are within most local standards for potable water – in fact, they are just as commonly found in tap water.

However, some bottled water companies have concluded that the presence of any bacteria in their final product is not compatible with their brand image. Additionally, it is believed that the presence of bacteria in the water can partially be attributed to biofilm growth on surfaces in the processing plant. Biofilm consists of complex associations of microorganisms held together in an extra-cellular matrix of excreted materials that attach to surfaces like stainless steel piping via an adhesive-like material. Proper cleaning and sanitation protocols go a long way to help reduce the formation of these biofilms. However, the sheer amount of surface area available to them, as well as the ability of microorganisms to adapt and propagate in micro-crevices and other hard to reach areas of the process (such as behind gaskets, valve seats, threads, etc.), usually results in a continued presence of bacteria in the product water.

Greatly reducing these bacteria through a rigorous cleaning and sanitation plan, coupled with 0.2 micron absolute rated microporous membrane filtration, is considered indicative of robust plant hygiene. While not all bottled water companies employ 0.2 micron rated final membrane filters, their popularity is increasing around the globe.

The Solution

The LifeASSURE™ BDA020 series microporous membrane filter helps bottled water and other beverage processors meet the highest standards for microorganism control. The LifeASSURE BDA020 series filter combines three 3M Purification technologies, resulting in a robust filter optimized for both long service life and fast flowing applications that provides 0.2 µm absolute rated filtration for sterilizing grade performance.

Advanced Technologies

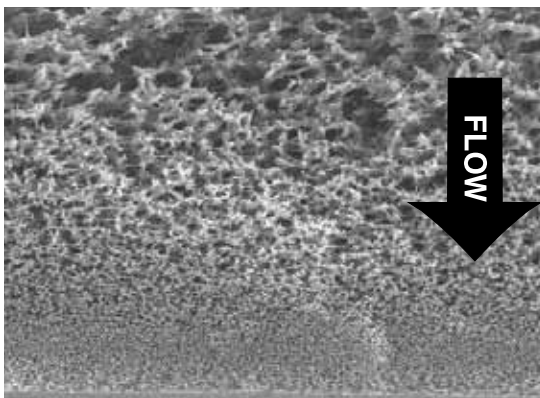


Figure 2 — SEM Photograph Showing LifeASSURE™ BNA and BDA series Membrane Cross-Section

The first technology is a double layer of highly asymmetric Polyether Sulfone membrane (refer to Figure 2). When viewed in cross-section, the membrane contains larger pores on the upstream surface that gradually taper to smaller pores toward the downstream surface. Compared to

conventional membranes with symmetric pore structures, this structure provides greater contaminant capacity, since it presents greater open spaces (void volume) in which to retain these contaminants. This increase in capacity leads directly to longer service life. In addition, the asymmetric structure provides less resistance to flow, resulting in a lower pressure drop

when compared at a constant flow rate to competitive filters, allowing a user to employ fewer LifeASSURE BDA020 series filters for any given flow rate.

The second technology is the Advanced Pleat Technology (APT). This design technology maximizes the *useful* surface area of the filter while maintaining open flow paths between the media pleats (refer to Figure 3). By employing the APT design, the LifeASSURE BDA020 series filter provides lower pressure drops, longer service life, and lower overall operational costs.



Lastly, LifeASSURE™ BDA020 series filters employ a design that results in higher beverage flow versus pressure drop compared to competitive filters. This unique 3M Purification development combines the high flowing LifeASSURE™ BDA020 series membrane with special support layers upstream and downstream of the membrane. When combined with the previously mentioned Advanced Pleat Technology, this feature greatly increases flow per cartridge and results in lower overall operational costs.

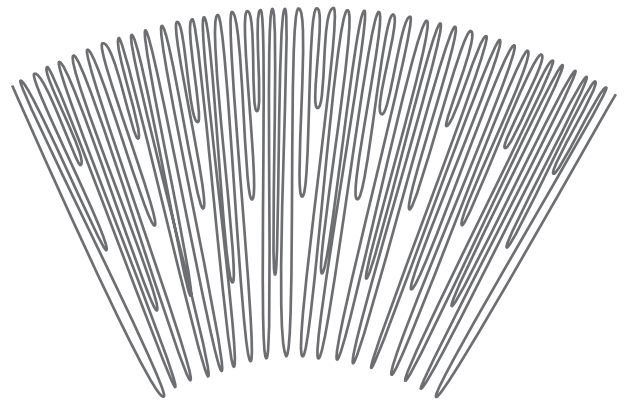


Figure 3 — Advanced Pleat Technology Design

Process Benefits

There are a number of benefits that result from these technologies.

First and foremost is bacteria retention. LifeASSURE BDA 020 series 0.2 micron rated filters provide superior retention of common microorganisms, even at challenge concentrations that far exceed those experienced by most beverage producers. LifeASSURE BDA020 membrane has demonstrated complete retention of *Brevundimonas diminuta* (ATCC 19146) and *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* (ATCC 14502) at a concentration of 10^7 CFU/cm² or greater.

Microorganism	Average Microorganisms Entering Filter	Average Microorganisms Exiting the Filter
<i>Brevundimonas diminuta</i>	10^7 CFU/cm ²	0
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>	10^7 CFU/cm ²	0

The three key technologies in the LifeASSURE BDA020 series filter also result in superior filter cartridge flow rates versus differential pressure drop characteristics when compared to similarly rated filters. This can be beneficial in two ways:

For existing systems with fixed flow rates (for instance, limited by the speed of the existing filling machine), the LifeASSURE BDA020 series filter will exhibit a lower initial pressure drop. Since microporous membrane filters are typically changed based on achieving a preset terminal differential pressure drop (usually between 25 psid and 35 psid), filters with lower initial pressure drops usually will last longer and process more water before change-out.

For new systems, the fast flow properties of the LifeASSURE BDA020 series filter allows for smaller filter vessels containing fewer filter cartridges, resulting in lower installation costs.

Prefiltration Options

Many bottling applications employ a prefilter and final filter in series to achieve maximum performance and economy. Prefilters are used to help protect and extend the life of the more expensive final filters. 3M Purification offers two premium prefilter choices: Betafine™ XL series pleated polypropylene filter cartridges and Betapure™ NT-T depth polypropylene filter cartridges. Betafine XL series filter cartridges² feature our Advanced Pleat Technology maximizing the accessible filter area and supplying exceptionally high flow rates and excellent downstream microporous membrane filter protection. Those preferring depth-style filters can select from the Betapure NT-T prefilter family³ which employs an advanced media design that enhances flow while extending service life.

Filter Recommendations (Please refer to Figure 1)

Application	Filter Recommendation	Micron Rating
Spring load-out particle filter	3M™ High Flow, or Micro-Klean™ RT	1 – 5 µm
Post-carbon particle filter	3M™ High Flow, Micro-Klean RT™, or Betapure™ NT-T	1 – 5 µm
Prefilter	Betafine™ XL, or Betapure™ NT-T	0.5 – 2 µm
Final Filter	LifeASSURE™ BDA	0.2 µm

Conclusion

The popularity of bottled water continues to rise around the globe. As part of a rigorous plant hygiene plan, and consistent with tightening quality specifications, many spring water bottlers are installing additional operations at the final bottling stage to help control microorganisms that are naturally present in the water. Some common strategies when used alone, such as ultraviolet light (UV) or ozonation, can have certain limitations. Microporous membrane filters, such as the LifeASSURE BDA020 series filter, have been shown to be an effective means to help bottlers control microorganisms in the product water. LifeASSURE BDA020 filters provide consistent, high levels of microorganism retention, while minimizing running costs.

2 For more information, refer to Betafine XL Data Sheet (Literature Identification 70-0201-8686-5)

3 For more information, refer to Betapure NT-T Data Sheet (Literature Identification 70-0201-8720-2)

Product Use:

Many factors beyond 3M Purification Inc.'s (3M's) control and uniquely within user's knowledge and control can affect the use and performance of a 3M product in a particular application. User is solely responsible for evaluating the 3M product and determining whether it is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of application.

Warranty, Limited Remedy, and Disclaimer:

Unless an additional warranty is specifically stated on the applicable 3M product packaging or product literature, 3M warrants that each 3M product meets the applicable 3M product specification at the time 3M ships the product. **3M MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OR CONDITION OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OR CONDITION ARISING OUT OF A COURSE OF DEALING, CUSTOM OR USAGE OF TRADE.**

If the 3M product does not conform to this warranty, then the sole and exclusive remedy is, at 3M's option, replacement of the 3M product or refund of the purchase price.

Limitation of Liability:

Except where prohibited by law, 3M will not be liable for any loss or damage arising from the 3M product, whether direct, indirect, special, incidental or consequential, regardless of the legal theory asserted, including warranty, contract, negligence or strict liability.



3M Purification Inc.
400 Research Parkway
Meriden, CT 06450
U.S.A.
Phone (800) 243-6894
(203) 237-5541
Fax (203) 630-4530
www.3Mpurification.com

Please recycle. Printed in U.S.A.
3M, Betafine, Betapure, Micro-Klean, and LifeASSURE
are trademarks of 3M Company.
© 2014 3M Company. All rights reserved.
70020207380 REV 0714pb