

Tapes that can take it.

Heat. Chemicals. Pressure. Abrasion.

The reality is, a lot of masking tapes just can't cut it in harsh environments when you really need them to perform.

That's where 3M Extreme Masking Solutions come in. Each tape is specifically designed and tested to perform in the harshest conditions required for each application. From anodizing to electroplating and composite bonding to heat deflection, we have the tapes to get the job done.

3M Extreme Masking Solutions

Reliability • Performance • Productivity



What is anodizing?

As defined by the Aluminum Anodizers Council, anodizing is an electrochemical process that converts a metal surface into a decorative, durable, corrosion-resistant, anodic oxide finish.

Aluminum is ideally suited to anodizing, although magnesium and titanium also can be anodized. Anodizing can be used as a final finish or as a durable primer layer.



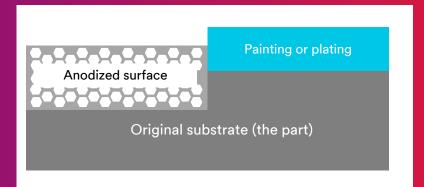


Bare aluminum

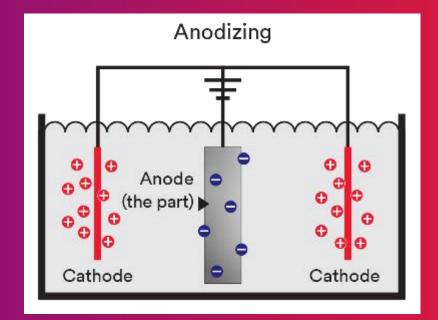
Anodized aluminum

Benefits

- ▶ Hard, abrasion resistant surface that will not peel or chip
- ▶ Electrically insulates
- ▶ Avoids thickness of painting and plating process
- ▶ Color can be embedded for decorative purposes



Anodizing vs.
other treatments
Unlike other
surface treatments,
anodization
converts the
surface rather than
bonding to the top.



After being cleaned and prepared, parts are dipped into an acid bath where current is applied, converting the surface into an oxide finish.

There are three common types of anodization processes.

3M has products for all three processes.

Type I — Chromic	Type II — "Regular"	Type III — "Hardcoat"
Summary		
 Chromic acid at 95°F ramping from ~5V up to 40V at 5 to 7V/min Very thin coating of 0.05 to 0.2 mils Minimal impact on fatigue strength of components Excellent corrosion resistance 	 Sulfuric acid at room temperature, 10 to 20 Volts Coating of 0.1 to 0.8 mils Harder finish than chromic Clear finish can be dyed Inexpensive 	 Sulfuric acid at 0°F to 32°F and up to 90V Coating of up to 2 mils Extreme corrosion resistance and durability Can repair worn surfaces
Typical Uses		
Metalworking components typically for aerospace industry	Optical components	Engine internal parts (e.g. cams, pistons)
Precision machine components	Hydraulic valve bodies	Sliding parts
Welded components/assemblies	Military weapons	Hinge mechanism
As a paint or primer base	Computer and electronic enclosures	Blast shields
	Mechanical hardware	



Note: Several other types of acids are used for anodizing such as oxalic, boric and phosphoric as well as special mixes of the acids together.

3M Extreme Masking Solutions by bath chemistry.

You may have areas on their parts that they don't want anodized. Tapes, liquids and plugs are typically used as masking solutions. Here are our lead tapes by bath.

Chemical Bath Type	Product		Color	Adhesive	Backing	Total Tape Thickness	Features
Boric Sulfuric Acid Phosphoric Acid, Sulfuric & Hardcoat Acid, Tartaric Sulfuric Acid	0	3M [™] Polyester Tape 8992/8992L	Translucent Green	Silicone	Polyester	Tape 8992: 3.2 mils (0.082 mm) Tape 8992L: linered version of 8992	Lead product choice: listed on multiple OEM specs
Boric Sulfuric Acid Phosphoric Acid, Sulfuric & Hardcoat Acid, Tartaric Sulfuric Acid	0	3M [™] Vinyl Tape 471/4712	Multiple Colors	Rubber	Vinyl	Tape 471: 5.2 mils (0.13 mm) Tape 4712: linered version of 471	Non-silicone; conformable
Boric Sulfuric Acid Phosphoric Acid, Sulfuric & Hardcoat Acid, Tartaric Sulfuric Acid		3M™ Lead Foil Tape 420/421	Dark Silver	Rubber	Lead Foil	Tape 420: linered version of 421 Tape 421: 6.3 mils (0.16 mm)	Non-silicone; conformable
Boric Sulfuric Acid Phosphoric Acid, Sulfuric & Hardcoat Acid, Tartaric Sulfuric Acid		3M [™] Aluminum Foil Tape 425/427	Shiny Silver	Acrylic	Dead Soft Aluminum	Tape 425: 4.6 mils (0.12 mm) Tape 427: linered version of 425	Non-silicone; conformable
Chromic Acid	0	3M [™] Anodizing Masking Tape 8985L	Translucent Purple	Rubber	Polyester	4.0 mils (0.10 mm) linered	Non-silicone

Type I Chromic Acid Anodizing

results in the thinnest anodic surface. While thin, when properly sealed, chromic acid affords equal corrosion protection to the thicker types.

CAA goes by several names:

- ▶ Type I anodization
- ▶ Chromic [acid] anodization
- ► Chromic [acid] conversion

Chromic acid is the harshest of anodization processes and anodizers have long had issues with masking tape performance as nearly all competitive masking tapes fail in chromic acid anodization.

- ▶ Leave adhesive residue
- Tape edge leakage
- ► Tape pulls away or falls off



Other anodizing masking tapes are prone to leakage in harsh chromic acid baths

For chromic acid anodization, masking liquids have met their match.

3M™ Anodizing Masking Tape 8985L

3M™ Anodizing Masking Tape 8985L features excellent masking lines, lean one-piece removal and no curing time.

Eliminate the pain of messy chemicals and unpleasant odors in your process with a masking tape that can take on extreme conditions and harsh environments.

- Designed to work with or without chemical film on a variety of aluminum alloys
- ► Transparent colored tape with printed backing is highly visible for fast positioning and removal
- ▶ Linered for easy die-cutting



Productivity | Mask and de-mask up to 5x faster¹ than liquids. Eliminate rework, extreme leakage or scrapped parts with excellent masking lines and clean, easy removal.

Reliability | Get consistency and peace of mind with a non-silicone tape that won't introduce residue or contamination in their bath or later in production.

Performance | Replace messy, labor-intensive liquids with a reliable tape solution that's built specifically for chemical resistance to chromic acid.

¹Up to 5x faster to apply and remove than liquid masking. 3M internal data.

Product	Color	Adhesive	Backing	Total Tape Thickness	Chemical Bath Type
8985L	Translucent Purple	Rubber	Polyester	4.0 mils (0.10 mm)	Chromic Acid

Size	3M Stock #	Previous 3M Stock #
2,54 cm x 65,8 m	7100207280	70007540340
5,08 cm x 65,8 m	7100207277	70007540365
30,48 cm x 65,8 m	7100207284	70007540373
60,96 cm x 65,8 m	7100211808	70007540381

Size		SAP	3M ID
121,92 cm x 65,8 m		7100207286	70007540399
Contact us for other sizes			
Sample sizes	2,54 cm x 2,7 m	7100206814	70007540019

Tape vs. competitive liquid masking.

Both tapes and liquids are used to mask parts during the anodizing process. Tape is more efficient and easier to use than liquids.

3M Extreme Masking Solutions

- ▶ Quick and easy to apply
- ▶ Eliminates cure time
- ▶ No need for premasking step
- ▶ One-piece removal
- ▶ No fumes or nasty odor
- No special equipment needed

Liquid masking

- ▶ Some liquid maskants are applied hot and can burn workers
- Solvent based
- Wait up to 24 hours to cure
- ▶ Needs premasking step to assist with liquid masking placement
- ▶ Doesn't remove in one piece
- Messy; nasty odor
- ▶ May need special equipment (expensive or needs ongoing maintenance)



Die-cutting tape:

Can reduce labor time and associated costs

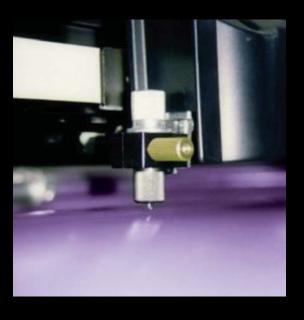
Reduces the number of masking steps

No messy chemicals or unpleasant odors

Eliminates curing time for masking

Reduces the need for solvents during removal

Most accounts you visit will have a plotter that they use to die-cut custom shapes for their jobs



3M Extreme Masking Solutions











	3M [™] Anodizing Masking Tape 8985L
Acid	Chromic acid
Features	 Engineered specifically for chemical resistance to chromic acid Minimizes leaking, reducing the need for part rework Designed to work with or without chemical film on a variety of aluminum alloys Transparent colored tape with printed backing is easy to see for fast, easy positioning and removal
Adhesives	Non-silicone formulation helps reduce post-process coating and bonding failures
Liner	Linered for easy die-cutting
Temp	Temperature use range from 4°C to 93°C (40°F to 200°F)

3M [™] Polyester Tape 8992/8992L	3M [™] Vinyl Tape 471/4712	3M [™] Aluminum Foil Tape 425/427	3M [™] Lead Foil Tape 420/421
Boric-sulfuri	c acid Phosphoric acid	Sulfuric & hardcoat acid Tartar	ic sulfuric acid
 ▶ 8992 offers excellent chemical resistance to a variety of bath chemistries ▶ Best performance in broadest conditions ▶ Ability to see through tape for positioning and placement ▶ Good initial tack & holding strength, with one-piece clean removal from many surfaces 	 ▶ Retains stretch without lifting to conform to uneven surfaces ▶ One-piece, clean removal from many surfaces ▶ Rubber adhesive provides holding strength on a variety of surfaces ▶ Consistent unwind throughout roll improves quality and efficiency of masking process 	 Dead soft aluminum foil backing conforms to curved and uneven surfaces Resistant to chemicals to protect surfaces during chemical masking operations Heat and light reflective tape protects surfaces and enhances lighting efficiency 	 ► Excellent conformability in a variety of application conditions ► Superior chemical resistance — resistant to caustic baths ► Rubber adhesive provides holding strength on a variety of surfaces ► Great line definition, clean removal from most surfaces
Silicone adhesive offers high heat resistance compared to many rubber and acrylic adhesives, reducing failure due to softening, oozing and adhesive transfer	Non-silicone adhesive minimizes the risk of silicone contamination in downstream processes such as paint	Highly engineered acrylic adhesive provides protection in harsh environment	Non-silicone adhesive minimizes the risk of silicone contamination in downstream processes such as paint
Available with liner (8992L) for diecutting applications	Available with liner (4712) for printing and die-cutting applications	Available with liner (427) for printing and die-cutting applications	Linered for easy die-cutting
Wide working temperature: -50°C (-60°F) to 204°C (400°F)	Temperature use range from 4°C to 77°C (40°F to 170°F)	Temperature use range from -54°C to 149°C (-65°F to 300°F)	Good thermal properties and will perform over a wide variety of temperature conditions (-54°C to 106°C or -60°F to 225°F)

Industry terms

Chem film	Chem film is a thin coating applied to a surface by spray, brush or immersion. It is commonly referred to as Alodine or Irridite. It enhances the corrosion resistance of a part, as well as acts like a primer for better adhesion for secondary coatings and masking performance.		
Build up	Height of anodization layer above the surface of the original substrate.		
	Build up Anodized layer Coating thickness Original substrate (the part)		

Coating thickness	Total thickness of anodization layer, above and below original surface
Conversion coat	A process by which a surface is chemically converted into a new surface, rather than a traditional coating, which is laid on top of the original surface.
Class 1	A sub-classification of Type I, II or III anodization indicating that no dye is to be applied. More chromic anodization is class 1.
Class 2	A sub-classification of Type I, II or III anodization indicating that a dye is to be applied. Usually, the color of the dye is specified after the class, e.g.: "MIL-A-SPEC 8625 Type II, Class 2, red"

Timeline of acids for anodizing processes

1923

1927

Chromic acid (CAA) first commercial process patented

Sulfuric acid (SAA)

1950s

Oxalic acid introduced by Japan, used today as an additional acid for hard coat anodizing

1970s

Phosphoric acid (PAA) process established has hydration resistant oxides 1990

Boric sulfuric acid (BSAA) developed by the Boeing Company for noncritical fatique parts

To learn more, visit 3M.com/ExtremeMasking



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