Respiratory Protection for Wildfire Smoke Inhalation

The California Department of Industrial Relations’ Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board (Cal/OSHA) has adopted an emergency rule requiring employers to provide respiratory protection to all employees working outside for longer than one hour when the air quality index (AQI) reaches 151 or greater. The emergency regulation, “Protection from Wildfire Smoke,” went into effect on July 29, 2019.

Where can I find AQI information?
The United States AirNow system contains current AQI data, which includes a clickable map for area-specific AQIs. Local resources, such as the California Air Resources Board, local air pollution control district websites, or local air quality management district website may also be helpful. A direct-reading particulate monitor that meets all requirements of Appendix A of the new California Code of Regulation Title 8 section 5141.1 may also be used to determine the AQI.

What does it mean for you?

When the AQI reaches levels between 151 and 500:
According to the new rule, which is enforced by the California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA), employers shall provide respirators approved by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), such as the NIOSH-approved 3M™ Particulate Respirator 8210 N95 filtering facepiece, for voluntary use in accordance with Section 5144 to help protect the worker from inhalation of PM$_{2.5}$. Employers are required to provide training that covers the information contained in Appendix B of Section 5141.1, which includes training on proper donning, use, storage, and maintenance of respirators. If the respirators provided are filtering facepiece respirators (such as the NIOSH-approved 3M model listed above), then fit testing and medical evaluations are not required under the new rule.

When the AQI reaches levels between 501 and above:
Respirator use is required in accordance with Section 5144. The employer shall provide respirators, and employee use is mandatory. The employer shall maintain a fully compliant respiratory protection program—including medical evaluation, fit testing, training, and record keeping for all employees and all types of respirators. Specifically, the employer shall provide respirators with an appropriate assigned protection factor (APF), as listed in Section 5144, such that the PM$_{2.5}$ levels inside the respirator correspond to an AQI less than 151.

What is PM$_{2.5}$?
PM$_{2.5}$ means particulate matter measuring 2.5 microns or less across. A micron is a very small unit of measure—one millionth of a meter.
- These particles are so small that they cannot be seen by the human eye.
- Particles this small can be easily inhaled and travel deep into the respiratory tract and have been associated with a variety of short-term and long-term health conditions.

Source: United States Environmental Protection Agency

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Air Quality Index</th>
<th>Level of Health Concern</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 to 50</td>
<td>Good</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51 to 100</td>
<td>Moderate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>101 to 150</td>
<td>Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>151 to 200</td>
<td>Unhealthy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>201 to 300</td>
<td>Very Unhealthy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>301 to 500</td>
<td>Hazardous</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: State of California Department of Industrial Relations

### New California Respiratory Protection Requirements for PM$_{2.5}$ levels

- **AQI ≤ 150**: No employer requirement, No employee requirement
- **AQI 151 - 500**: Employer shall provide respirators, Employee use voluntary
- **AQI ≥ 501**: Employer shall provide respirators, Employee use mandatory

Source: State of California Department of Industrial Relations

Respirators help protect against certain airborne contaminants. Before use, the wearer must read and understand the User Instructions provided as a part of the product packaging. Follow all local regulations. In the U.S., a written respiratory protection program must be implemented meeting all the requirements of OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 including training, fit testing, and medical evaluation. Misuse may result in sickness or death. For correct use, consult supervisor and User Instructions, or call 3M Personal Safety Division Technical Service at 1-800-243-4630.
**Why is this important? What risks are associated with inhaling wildfire smoke?**

Although there can be many hazardous chemicals and other constituents in wildfire smoke, one of the most significant pollutants for people who are not very close to the fire is “particulate matter,” the tiny particles suspended in the air. According to the United States Environmental Protection Agency, PM$_{2.5}$ can be easily, and often unknowingly, inhaled—and due to the small particle size, it can travel deep into the respiratory tract, potentially irritating the lungs and being accompanied by persistent coughing, wheezing, or difficulty breathing. These small particles can also enter the bloodstream from the lungs and have been associated with more serious long-term health problems such as reduced lung function, bronchitis, worsening of asthma, heart failure, and early death.

**What about employees in states other than California?**

Although this regulation applies to California, employers in other states may choose to use this standard as a “best practice” and decide to help protect their employees similarly. Employers should follow the United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Respiratory Protection Standard 29 CFR 1910.134, or the Respiratory Protection standard in their state.

**How 3M can help?**

3M provides a variety of NIOSH-approved N95 filtering facepieces that can be used to help comply with this new regulation.

| 3M™ Particulate Respirator 8200 | Designed to help provide reliable worker respiratory protection against certain non oil based particles. | 3M ID 7000052787
|                                 | UPC 50051131070238 |
| 3M™ Particulate Respirator 8577 | Helps provide respiratory protection against certain oil and non oil based particles. | 3M ID 7000002062
|                                 | UPC 50051138543711 |
| 3M™ Particulate Respirator 8511 | Premium protection with comfort and protection combined. Manufactured with 3M™ Cool Flow™ Exhalation Valve to help reduce heat buildup inside the respirator. | 3M ID 7000002056
|                                 | UPC 50051138543438 |
| 3M™ Aura™ Particulate Respirator 9205+ | Three-panel, flat-fold disposable respirator designed to help provide comfortable, reliable worker protection against non-oil based particles. | 3M ID 7100232940
|                                 | UPC 638060430613 |

**Other 3M Resources**

**Center for Respiratory Protection Program**

If you are implementing a respiratory protection program for the first time, or would like more information on programs, consider visiting 3M’s Center for Respiratory Protection for a step-by-step guide.

**Medical Evaluations**

The 3M™ Online Respirator Medical Evaluation provides immediate medical evaluation of respirator wearers for compliance with OSHA’s Respiratory Protection Standard 29 CFR 1910.134. It can be used for all brands of respirators and is available in English and Spanish.

**Fit Testing**

3M™ Qualitative Fit Test kits are designed to help your organization meet respirator fit testing requirements. The kits can be used to check face-to-respirator seal on any particulate respirator or gas/vapor respirator with a particulate prefilter. A free instructional video on Qualitative Fit Testing using saccharin and Bitrex™ can be found on our YouTube channel.

| 3M™ Qualitative Fit Test Apparatus, Sweet FT-10 | Uses a test solution of sodium saccharin that produces a sweet-tasting aerosol. | 3M ID 70-0701-2151-5
|                                               | UPC 00051138163587 |
| 3M™ Qualitative Fit Test Apparatus, Bitter FT-30 | Uses a test solution of denatonium benzoate to produce a very bitter taste. | 3M ID 70-0707-0964-0
|                                               | UPC 00051138542030 |

For more information, please consult the 3M Personal Safety Division’s wildfire resource webpage.