Factors affecting ECG trace quality

Monitor

- Skin
- CMRR (Common Mode Rejection Ratio) used to separate ECG from other signals
- Filters
- Bandwidth (frequency response)
- Amplifier noise
- Ground loops
- Saturation distortion (e.g. defibrillation recovery)
- Input impedance
- Differential input (required to generate ECG tracing)

- Impedance
- Diaphoresis
- Dryness
- Oiliness
- EMG, respiration and other biopotentials (physiological electrical signals)
- Skin preparation techniques
- Obesity
- Skin stretch
- Motion artifact

Electrode

- Adhesion
- Conductor
- ► Gel
- Backing
- Size
- Design
- Motion
- Shelf life
- Application technique
- Electrical/mechanical properties
- Location on the body

Environment

- Electrical field (60 Hz)
- Humidity
- Temperature
- Static electricity
- Magnetic field
- Radiofrequency
- Vicinity of other machines (nebulizers, fans, power cords, etc.)

Cables & lead wires

- Mechanical/electrical properties of materials
- Shielded cable and shielded lead wires
- Open lead wires (avoid loops)
- Triboelectric effect (generated by cable movement)



3M United Kingdom PLC Charnwood Campus 10 Bakewell Road Loughborough LE11 5RB 01509 611611 3M.cc.uk/RedDot 3M Ireland Limited The Iveagh Building The Park, Carrickmines D18 X015 Ireland +353 (0)1 280 3555 3M.ie/RedDot



3 Red Dot[®] Electrodes

ECG electrode placement



5-Lead Placement **Monitoring Electrodes**

RA: Second intercostal space lateral right side

LA: Second intercostal space lateral left side

LL: Lower left lateral chest or left leg RL: Lower right lateral chest or right leg V2: Fourth intercostal space to the left of the sternum



RA: Second intercostal space lateral right side LA: Second intercostal space lateral left side **LL:** Lower left lateral chest or left leg RL: Lower right lateral V5: Fifth intercostal cnest or right leg space between V4 V1: Fourth intercostal and V6 space to the right of space to the right of the sternum

V2: Fourth intercostal space to the left of the V3: Between V2 and

V4 V4: Fifth intercostal

space along the mid-clavicular line

V6: Fifth intercostal space along the mid-axillary line

Troubleshooting ECG traces

Troubleshoot each artifact in order, starting with 1

Artifacts	Skin Impedance	Muscle Movement	Electrical Continuity	Electrodes	Cabling	Interference	Equipment
No Base Line			Check all connections/ perform continuity check	4 Check for dry-out	3 Check for proper cable		Check lead switch and ECG machine set-up
Base Line Wander	3 Abrade skin	1 Stop patient movement	2 Check ground connections	4 Use same type of electrode at all sites	6 Check for proper cable	5 Check for static build-up	
AC Noise	3 Abrade skin	6 May be untreatable involuntary muscle tremor	Check ground connections	5 Check for dry-out	May need fully shielded cable and lead wires	2 Keep cable away from AC cord	4 Turn off fluorescent lights and/or other equipment
Intermittent Signal			Check for loose connections	2 Check for loose electrode or dry-out	4 Perform continuity check	3 Check for static build-up	
	2 Abrade skin	Move electrodes off muscle mass	3 Check for loose connections	4 Check for loose electrode or dry-out	Perform continuity check	5 Turn off fluorescent lights and/or other equipment	6 Check for proper EKG machine set-up
Low Amplitude	3 Abrade skin		Check all connections	4 Check for dry-out		5 Turn off radio, TV and/or other equipment	2 Check gain settings