

3M™ Liqui-Cel™ Membrane Contactors Can Help Meet Pure Steam Requirements in Pharmaceutical Industry

Pure Steam

Pure steam is used in sterilization chambers as a common method to sterilize pharmaceutical products, such as equipment parts, instruments, containers and materials for sterile environments. Although regional Pharmacopeias in Europe, Canada, Japan, India and China have minor differences in limits and measurement techniques, they each have similar specifications on pure steam sterilization and Water for Injection (WFI).

The US Pharmacopeia (USP) defines pure steam as steam that meets the criteria for WFI when condensed. The European and British Pharmacopeias have similar standards with additional specifications for dryness and the noncondensable gas content allowance. The UK National Health document HTM 2010 and the European Standard EN 285 set limits for noncondensable gases at 3.5% v/v and moisture content <5.0%.

The USP does not include a requirement for noncondensable gases but does state, “The level of steam saturation or dryness, and the amount of noncondensable gases are to be determined by the pure steam application.” This places the responsibility of producing the proper quality of steam for a particular application on the user. In many cases pure steam generators adopt the European and British pharmacopeia requirements for noncondensable gases and dryness to assure the steam meets or exceeds the required quality.

Noncondensible Gas

Whenever water and gas come into contact, gas has the tendency to dissolve into the water. The amount of gas that dissolves into the water is governed by Henry’s Law, which dictates that the amount of gas dissolved into a liquid is proportional to the partial pressure of the gas. The partial pressure value of the gas

is dependent on temperature and atmospheric pressure. Henry’s Law shows us that noncondensable gases, such as nitrogen, oxygen and carbon dioxide, will be present in water that comes into contact with the atmosphere.

Any noncondensable gases present in water that is used to produce steam will carryover with the steam when the water is boiled. These noncondensable gases mixed into the steam decreases the steam temperature at a given pressure. This reduces the sterilizer’s ability to properly transfer the required heat to sterilize its contents, so the removal of dissolved gases is a necessary step in the steam generation process.

Conductivity

The conductivity specification for WFI water is 1.1 µS/cm. Dissolved carbon dioxide can contribute to the conductivity of water. Carbon dioxide will freely pass through an RO membrane and dissociate in the permeate water to increase the conductivity.

Meeting the Specification

In order to remove the dissolved gas, many steam generators will preheat the feed water. Heating lowers the solubility of dissolved gases in the water, thereby lowering any noncondensable gas carried

Specification	Pure Steam	HTM 2010/EDN 285
pH	5-7	5-7
TOC	<500 ppb	<500 ppb
Total Bacteria	≤10 CFU/100 ml, pathogen free	≤10 CFU/100 ml, pathogen free
Endotoxin	≤0.5 EU/ml	≤0.5 EU/ml
Conductivity (20°C)	1.1 µS/cm	1.1 µS/cm
Noncondesible Gas	To be determined by application	3.5%
Moisture	To be determined by application	<5.0%

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over into the steam. However, this process requires that the hot water be stored to allow time for the gas to be released. This process is energy intensive.

Carbon dioxide removal is often done using a double pass RO with pH adjustment. This requires a higher initial investment and operating cost.

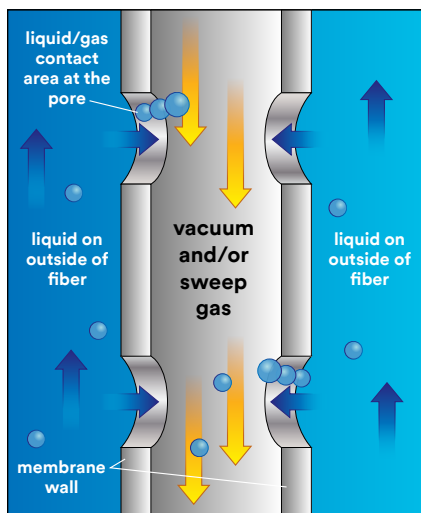


Figure 1. Dissolved gas is removed from water using a 3M™ Liqui-Cel™ Membrane Contactor

3M™ Liqui-Cel™ Membrane Contactors offer a reliable, in-line solution that is far more economical for removing dissolved gas. The feedwater enters the membrane contactor on the outside (shellside) of the microporous hollow fiber. Since the hollow fiber is a hydrophobic membrane, water cannot pass through the small pores in the membrane wall. However, the dissolved gases will pass through the pores to the inside (lumenside) of the hollow fiber and exit the lumenside port.

A vacuum is applied to the lumenside of the hollow fiber. By lowering the gas pressure in contact with water a driving force is generated to remove the dissolved gas from the water. (See Figure 1.)

For more information and system sizing, please contact your 3M representative or visit 3M.com/Liqui-Cel.

Feature	Benefit
In-line	No need for storage tank to allow time for gas to be removed from hot water
Operates under vacuum only	No need to preheat the water - energy savings
Compact	Can fit on existing racks
FDA listed materials	Easily validated



Figure 2. Operating System by Pharmatec GmbH, a Bosch Packaging Technology Company

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